NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXI No. 23224. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1939 Registered at the C.P.O. (Postage: China and Japan 1 cent: abroad 30 cents.) TWENTY CENTS

G. R.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that at the expiration of three months from the date hereof the name of the Messrs. Burkhardt, Buchan & Company (1934) Limited will, unless cause is shewn to the contrary be struck off the Register and the Company will be dissolved.

HERBERT PHILLIPS,
H. B. M. Consul-General and Registrar of Companies, at Shanghai.

Dated at the Office of the British Registrar of Companies, Shanghai, this second day of October, 1939.

11676

O Consul Geral de Portugal e Senhora Ribeiro de Melo teem o prazer de convidar a colonia Portuguesa de Shanghai para um GARDEN PARTY que terá logar no dia 5, das 18 ás 21 horas, para se celebrar o 29° aniversario da proclamaçao da Republica Portuguêsa.

CONSULADO GERAL DE PORTUGAL,
15 Route Francis Garnier.

11666

HARBOUR NOTIFICATION
No. 9 of 1939

Customs Mooring Buoys:
Introduction of temporary surcharge on fees for the use of:

With reference to Harbour Notification No. 20 of 1936, notifying the authorised fees for the use of the Customs owned mooring buoys in the harbour, Notice is hereby given that in view of the great increase in the cost of labour and metal, which affects replacement and renewals of the mooring gear a temporary surcharge of 100 per cent on the existing scale of fees for the use of mooring buoys in the harbour will become effective as from October 26, 1939.

P. I. TIRBAK,
Acting Harbour Master.

Harbour Master's Office,
Shanghai, October 3, 1939.

Approved:
L. H. LAWFORD,
Commissioner of Customs.

11676

NOTICE

We have the honour to announce that Mr. WILLIAM JAMESON has been appointed as the Business Manager of this organization.

By Order,
RAYTONE ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES
Operating Station "XHHR"
Shanghai, October 1, 1939.

-5079

NOTICE

As from to-day I, WILLIAM JAMESON have resigned from the International Steel Industries. Any affairs in future kindly communicate to THE RAYTONE ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES, at No. 1 Rte. Voyron, Tel. 81411. or THE RAYTONE BROADCASTING CO. Station "XHHR", at 15 Love Lane, Tel. 37437.

WILLIAM JAMESON.
Shanghai, October 1, 1939.

-5079

NOTICE

PHILIPS CHINA COMPANY
133 Szechuen Road

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that as from October 1, 1939, the above offices will be transferred to Messrs. Thomson & Co., Chartered Accountants, who will be in charge of our financial interests as from that date.

-4769

WARNING

is hereby given to the effect that the DENTAL OFFICE and LABORATORY EQUIPMENT, furniture and other objects as per Inventory stored at Apt. 31, Denis Apartments, 788 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, are the exclusive property of Mrs. Elizabeth Schenk and may be disposed of **only** with her consent. A lawsuit involving the property aforesaid is now pending in the Kiangsu High Court, 2nd Branch.

By Order.
DR. A. GROSSMANN,
Attorney for Mrs. E. Schenk

11679

Just Arrived!

GARDEN BULBS AND SEEDS

YOKOHAMA NURSERY CO.
982 Bubbling Well Road

11662

EWO GIN
Distilled in England
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

11630

To-day's Events

OCTOBER

4 Scouters' meeting, Headquarters, 5.30
4 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
4 *Canton-Kowloon Railway opened (1911)*

Coming Events

OCTOBER

5 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
5 S.W.A. Meeting, C.S.F., 4.
6 B.W.A. Home & G'den. sect. 695 Haig,10
7 K.D.S. Tag Day
7 Lester Chinese Hospital, Bazaar and Fun Fair, Cathedral Girls' School, 2.30
7 Dinner Dance, Floorshow, C.S.F., 8.30
7 A.D.C. Club Evening. Lyc. 9.15. p.m.
7 Betar Autumn Dance, A.W.C.
10 A.W.C., Miss Shipper on 'Charm', 4.45
11 S'hai. Tenants Association General Meeting, Union Church Hall, 5.30
12 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
12 'Eva' by Franz Lehar, Russian Light Opera, Lyceum, 9
12 Limbless Fund, R. Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30
14 'Eva' by F. Lehar, L. Op., Lyc., 9
15 'Eva' by F. Lehar, L. Op., Lyc., 9
16 Engineering Society meeting, 5.45
17 A.W.C., Mrs. Sherriff reviews 'San Kuo,' 4.45
17 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15
18 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15 in aid of B.W.A. War Work Fund
19 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15
20 Foreign Y Bridge-Mahjongg in aid of Polish War Relief Work, 2-7
20 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15
21 A.D.C. 'Laughter in Court', Lyc. 9.15
23 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, For. Y. 3
24 A.W.C., Bridge and mahjongg, 3

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

CULTY DAIRY
The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT

11622

SHANGHAI RUGBY UNION FOOTBALL CLUB

Members are reminded that the thirty-third Annual General Meeting will be held at the Shanghai Race Club, Room No. B1, Third floor, Grand Stand at 5.30 p.m. to-day.

It is hoped that as many members as possible will attend, as there are several matters of importance on the Agenda to be discussed.

J. W. M. MARTIN,
Hon. Secretary.

11280

SHANGHAI LAWN BOWLS CLUB

The Official Closing Day will be held on Sunday, October 8, commencing at 9.45 a.m. There will be a competition for ladies at 2. p.m. It is hoped that there will be a large turn out of members and their ladies.

J. HENRY.
Hon. Secretary.

11680

HUNGJAO LADIES GOLF CLUB

ANNUAL MEETING
At 1736 Avenue Joffre.
FRIDAY, October 13, 1939.
at 10.30 a.m.

11677

EXCHANGE TABLES
(Revised edition)
$4 per copy

Sh$-£. £-Sh$. From 1d to 1/3d.
US$-Sh$. From $1 to $36.
Rising by 32nds.

Published by:
THE SHANGHAI ECONOMICAL RESEARCH ASSOCIATION

On sale at:
EVANS BOOK CO., LTD.
KELLY & WALSH LTD.
CHINESE AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO.

-5052

DENTAL SURGEON
Dr. M. YAGATA
Artificial Porcelain Teeth
(Jacket Crown)
50 Kiukiang Road, Mitsui Bank Building, 1st Floor
Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Telephone 14273.

11671

Dr. NORBERT CASSEL, M.D.
Specialist for
DERMATOLOGY AND UROLOGY
119 Jinkee Road, corner Szechuen Rd.
3rd floor, Room 66
Consulting hours: 10-12 noon, 4-6 p.m.

-4559

VACANT LAND

WANTED 2 to 3 mow vacant ground for storage space. Must be in International Settlement. Long or short lease. Address Box 2720, NCDN.

11574

BLUE RIBBON
Grade "A" (T.T.)
MILK
145 Tunsin Road, Tels. 20407, 21980

11644

"AND HOW'S THE GOLF going, old chap?" "Oh, topping, old man, simply topping." Much anxiety may be eliminated when travelling by holding a BAGGAGE POLICY.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best

NORGE
for refrigeration

1939 MODELS
NOW ON DISPLAY

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865

11595

For MILK
Richest in CREAM
Grade "A" (T.T.)

apply to
Lucerne Dairy Farms
381 Great Western Road. Tel. 20470

11584

KENSINGTON STUDIO
THE
Studio for Art Portraits.
SASSOON ARCADE TELEPHONE 10526

11408

Order Your Fall Suits At
AUGAN'S
Men's Tailor Specialist
Prices not raised
Because of sufficient reserve stock
300 KIANGSE ROAD
(near Nanking Road)

-4792

METALWARE MANUFACTURING

ELECTRO-PLATING
SPRAY-VARNISHING
METAL-COLOURING
GALVANIZING ETC.

Quality Guaranteed
DUNCAN METAL WORKS COMPANY
113 Great Western Road
Telephone 21265, 23665

11258

FOR SALE

High-class dressmaking establishment, best locality, includes stocks, furniture, fittings. Reasonable price. Address Box 2817, NCDN.

-4976

Model Dairy
for
Model Milk
"As standard as sterling on silver"
Licensed to sell Grade "A"
Dairy Products
8 TIFENG ROAD, TELEPHONE 21997

11621

LANE, CRAWFORD'S COFFEE
At all compradores and
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
866 BUBBLING WELL ROAD—Tel. 36218

11583

THE ANGLO-FRENCH LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend for the year ending February 29, 1940, at the rate of Two Dollars Local Currency, per share to be paid to Members on record on Thursday, October 12, 1939.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from October 7 to October 12, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.,
Agents.

Shanghai, September 23, 1939.

11473

Educational

Teachers and pupils of music, languages, business studies, radio, general schools, motor driving and many other subjects may meet each other to their mutual advantage through our Classified Columns.

CALDBECK'S

"GOLD LABEL" BRANDY

A Fine French Brandy of Exceptional Quality

Obtainable from all Compradore Stores

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

THE YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
transacts
MARINE, FIRE, MOTOR CAR, ACCIDENT INSURANCE
Telephone 12981 26 The Bund

STRUCTURAL STEEL

Beams—Channels—Angles—Plates
Flats—Rivet Bars—Rivets

STOCKS CARRIED
Prices on Request

ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO.,
21 YUEN MING YUEN ROAD, SHANGHAI
TELEPHONE 12590—STRUCTURAL DEPARTMENT

11673

The China Hong List
1940 EDITION

Important Notice to Outport Firms

FIRMS in the Outports and Interior Cities whose names are listed in the current issue of the China Hong List are asked please to return their corrections for the 1940 edition as early as possible.

Firms whose names do not appear in the current issue are invited to send in their particulars without delay.

Information for the new edition should reach the Publishers not later than October 20.

THE PUBLISHERS
CHINA HONG LIST
P. O. Box 707, Shanghai

BRITISH WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION WAR WORK FUND
The Gala Performance of
"LAUGHTER IN COURT"
(By the courtesy of the A.D.C.)
under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency Sir Archibald Clark-Kerr,
will be presented at the
LYCEUM THEATRE
on October 18, 1939, at 9.15 p.m.
PRICES: $4, $3, $2
Booking at Moutrie's opens on October 7

EUROPEAN WAR
LARGE MAP FOR REFERENCE
Size 22½ in. by 22½ in.

This is a large, clear map showing the frontiers, principal cities, towns and ports of Europe and Great Britain. It is published by the North China Daily News for those interested in following the present conflict in Europe.

PRICE $3
MOUNTED ON CARDBOARD
Obtainable from the Offices of the
NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS
17 The Bund
and most booksellers

FORD V-8
EXCELS IN THE THINGS THAT COUNT

SAFETY Ford hydraulic brakes are the biggest of any car near its prices. Large drums and lining area mean fast stops and long life. All-steel body, safety glass, torque-tube drive, radius rods, transverse springs, and additional safety factors.

Some things are basic in a motor car. Some are not. Ford gives you the big things—the important things—in greater abundance.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
915 Ave. Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

FOR SALE, Lanchester 10, drop-head coupe, with special body and coach work (which originally cost £100 extra). 1935 model, owner-driven, and has only done 11,500 miles. Serviced since arrival by Fraser Motors, Ltd. where the car can be inspected. Price $200. A. P. Nazer, 31 Peking Road or 47 Tunsin Road. 11672

ATTRACTIVE 6-roomed house, tennis court, near American School. Furniture to be taken over at US$1,500. Reasonable rent. Box 2835, NCDN. -5012

WANTED by responsible party now or November 1, a flat of five or six rooms possibly furnished. Furnished house in quiet location will also be considered. If required, rental can be paid in foreign currency. Telpehone 22978 or write Box 2873, NCDN. 11681

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12

EWO CLUB
WHISKY
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

11625

PHOTOGRAPHS

Interport Lawn Bowls Dinner
Tennis Finals
Soccer: Seaforths vs. Lido
K.D.S. Fun Fair
B.W.A. War Work Meeting
Chestnut Season Returns
Local Sports
Local Weddings

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" and Sunday PICTORIAL SECTION are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

The "North-China Daily News" will be glad to send its photographer to public and private parties and events without obligation. Requests should be addressed to Photograph Department, "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS."

COST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

4 x 6 enlargements	$1.50 each
5 x 7 enlargements	$2.50 each
6 x 8 enlargements	$3.00 each
8 x 10 enlargements	$4.00 each

Obtainable from Watson's

華僑銀行有限公司
OVERSEA-CHINESE BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in the Straits Settlements)
120 Kiukiang Road

CAPITAL:
AUTHORIZED Sts. Currency $40,000,000
PAID-UP Sts. Currency $10,000,000

Successors to
The Ho Hong Bank, Ltd.
The Chinese Commercial Bank, Ltd.
The Oversea-Chinese Bank, Ltd.

Head Office—SINGAPORE
Branches and Correspondents At Principal Cities of the World

Every description of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business transacted.

C. L. TAN, *Manager*

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED
(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y139,650,000
Head Offices: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 23 THE BUND

Branches

Alexandria	Kobe	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	London	Samarang
Batavia	Los Angeles	San-Francisco
Berlin	Manila	Seattle
Bombay	Moji	Shanghai
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Canton	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dairen	Nagoya	Sydney
Hamburg	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Otaru	Tokyo (Maruouchi)
Hongkong	Paris	Tsingtao
Honolulu	Peking	Yingkow
Hsinking	Rangoon	
Karachi		

G. KISHINAMI, *Manager*

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.
(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)

Capital: Frs. 30,000,000
Reserves: Frs. 3,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS
Branches:
SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, HONGKONG
Correspondents in all parts of the world.

WEAR THE SIMPSON IODOLOK
NEXT YOUR SKIN AND
LAUGH AT 'FLU, COLDS and RHEUMATISM
(Impregnated with Seaweed Iodine—Lasts 12 months)
PRICE IN ENGLAND 1/9—OUR PRICE $4.95

OTHER SIMPSON IODINE PREPARATIONS—
Foam Bath, Bath Cubes, Toilet and Shaving Soaps, Smelling Salts, Throat Lozenges, Blood Cleanser, Ointment, Seaweed Tablets, Toilet Paper.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
Sole Distributors.

Motoring on Leave costs less with a
PONTIAC

It will pay you to see us before you sail, and hear of the advantages offered by our overseas delivery service.

Wherever you go—Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Canada or America—we can have a PONTIAC waiting for you.

CONTINENTAL SALES COMPANY
863 Avenue Foch Shanghai Telephone 74500

11661

TRY
OSOFORM

A cheap efficient, Antiseptic Cleansing Gargle and Mouth Wash.

It has a stimulating and hardening influence in tonsilitis and relaxed throat, and is invaluable in throat affections.

Diluted with 3 to 5 parts of water it forms an excellent gargle and mouth wash.

It is composed of Boric Acid, ~~Benzoic Acid,~~ Thymol, Eucalyptol, Peppermint, Wintergreen and Thyme.

Note the price:—
12 oz. $2.50 22 oz. $3.50

Prepared by:—
A. S. WATSON & CO.
(The Shanghai Pharmacy, Ltd.)

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
BULLETINS
are issued daily
(Sundays excepted)
between 11.30 a.m. and noon
GRATIS
For further particulars regarding distribution please telephone 11055, extension 14.

TO-DAY'S NEWS

North-China Daily News
English Radio Broadcast over
Station XMHD, Shanghai
three times daily
12.45 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 9 p.m.
(Sundays: 12.45 and 9 p.m. only)

The "North-China Daily News" is now supplementing its service of daily news broadcasts by the addition of two broadcasts in Chinese. These will be given over Station XMHD at 1.30 p.m., and 9.15 p.m. daily.

敬啟者敝館現除每日仍按時以英語廣播新聞外另加每日華語新聞廣播(電台呼號XMHD週波七百六十)時間下午一時半及九時一刻卽希注意爲荷
字林西報謹啟
九月二十九日

760 kilocycles 395 metres

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor"

Religious Broadcast:

Canon Law and Heretics

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Two allegations are made by your correspondent VERITAS VINCIT (Friday, September 29) both of which I am forced to qualify as objective misstatements of fact, without of course questioning the personal good faith of their sponsor:

(1) A concilliar Canon, still unrepealed, "sentences to death everyone rejecting the hegemony of the Church of Rome."

(2) Certain unexpunged passages of "R. C. Canon Law claim that the Roman Catholic Church has the right of the sword over heretics."

These are serious accusations; and your tolerant, fair-minded readers can readily appreciate how offensive and cruel they sound to the Catholic mind against which they are so glibly, so categorically, set forth in a public forum. Let us see how much worth there is in them.

As for the first charge, the writer no doubt intends by the word "hegemony" nothing more than what the more careful historian and theologians call the Church's "spiritual jurisdiction." The Church also had political rights—part of its "hegemony." Nor will I take advantage of the rash opening he leaves one by his comprehensive "everyone." The Jews, for instance, have no part in the Canon whatever. What he most likely means is that the Council condemns heretics to death. Now, a heretic was one who formally and publicly denied certain doctrines taught by the Church as belonging to the divine Christian revelation. This precision simplifies the question considerably.

Mention is made of Canon Three of the Second Lateran Council (Innocent II, 1139). Inaccurately, however, for it was not the Second but the Fourth Lateran Council (Innocent III, 1215) that promulgated the decree against the various heretical sects of the time. I take it that the "famous Bull Ad Exstirpanda" (Innocent IV 1252) is meant to be ranged under the same category.

It so happens that I have at my disposal the massive and voluminous collertanea of papal and conciliar decrees and bulls—the authentic, original sources of mediaeval Church history. Now, in neither of the documents alleged do I find a single word about condemning heretics to death or attributing to the ecclesiastical authorities the power of capital punishment over those condemned for heresy. They are severe enough, it is true; but your correspondent is reading into his text more than is found in the original. The Lateran Canon pronounces excommunication (a spiritual penalty) against all heretics; and those condemned as such after a juridical process are to be handed over to the secular rulers to be punished by the State in accordance with its own penal code. More directly still, the Bull of Innocent IV is addressed to the civil magistrates and regulates in detail (38 rules) the procedure they are to follow in the arrest and trial of heretics, while the sanctions are those prescribed by the common penal system of the respective governments concerned. Of ecclesiastical power to impose death or any other form of physical coercion . . . absolutely nothing!

In a general way, the rôle of the Church in the repression of heresy was precisely that: namely, by a board of competent theologians, to determine the orthodoxy or heterodoxy of these against whom accusation was brought before its tribunal. Having done this, its own proper jurisdiction ceased, and it then belonged to the State to apply the sanctions of the common law. Not altogether unlike a board of medical specialists appointed to examine into the sanity of one accused of manslaughter and turning over its findings to the court, which alone exercise coercive right in the matter. Leaving aside the speculative question of its right to do so, the Church de facto has never assumed to itself the power of capital punishment over those rejecting its spiritual "hegemony." I should be pleased to have your correspondent point out a single authentic, original document to the contrary—original, say, and not the interpretation of someone with a preconceived thesis to prove.

In this connection, the critical historian is careful not to overlook two or three important considerations.

(a) The State of the Middle Ages was essentially Christian and Catholic, animated by a principle of religious unity and incorporating into its jurisprudence the concepts of Christian law and morality. In this close inter-penetration of the spiritual and civil jurisprudence, certain crimes against religion — formal heresy, for example—constituted eo ipso crimina publica, punishable by the civil penal code. However out of date this conception of government may seem to us, we are bound to judge it in the light of the social, religious and political temper of the times, and not by twentieth-century forms of procedure.

(b) The heretical sects whose proscription the Mediaeval Church decreed were not only anti-Christian, but anti-social and anti-human as well—in a word, social revolutionists. No modern civilized State would tolerate for a day the anarchy and moral excesses of some of these groups. Even H. C. Lea, who is certainly no friend of the Church, insists forcibly on this point in his History of the Inquisition:—In the circumstances, he says, the cause of Orthodoxy (the Church) was the cause of civilisation and progress itself; for if this belief (that of the Albigenses against whom the above-named Lateran Canon was directed) had succeeded in rallying a majority of the faithful, it would have reduced Europe to the savagery of primitive times.

(c) The repressive measures of the Mediaeval Church were disciplinary and dictated by special, concrete conditions then existing in the body politic. By what incredible acrobatics does one jump from specific, provisory statutes of five or six centuries back to the Canon Law which is the jurisprudence of the modern Church? To speak of "repeal" is meaningless. Quite as reasonably, one might ask the present French and English governments to "repeal" certain statutes these States made in the mid-fourteenth century as measures of quarantine against the Black Death.

The second accusation is even less tenable. It would have been a gracious act of justice had your writer verified his documentation beforehand. The official Codex Juris Canonici can be borrowed for the asking, I am sure, from any Priest in the neighbourhood and from most well-stocked public libraries. Now, there is not a single clause in the Jus Canonicum which even so much as hints at the "right of the sword" over heretics. The only Canon dealing specifically with heretics lays down this prescription: Incurrunt (haeretici et schismatici) ipso facto excommunicationem. (Canon 2314). Excommunication . . . a purely spiritual sanction! Of V.V.'s bugaboo about the "right of the sword"—absolutely nothing.

HISTORIA.

Shanghai, Oct. 2.

Some Early History

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The unity of the five original Patriarchates was essentially the oneness of their dogmas and teachings, notwithstanding differences in outward forms of worship. The dogmas and teachings of the present-day Orthodox Catholic Church are the same as they were at the end of the first millennium. If therefore the Orthodox Church is not the Catholic Church now, it was not the Catholic Church then. Neither was the Church of Rome, in such case, for her dogmas and teachings were at the time the same as those of the rest of the Orthodox Church. And the inevitable conclusion following from the whole would be that no Catholic Church ever existed.

The IV Œcumenical Council had declared the creed of Nicea perfect, adding that under pain of deposition and anathema, it was not lawful for anybody to propose, compile, hold or teach any other faith. The decree had been recited word for word and reaffirmed with equal solemnity in the V and VI Councils. Most explicit on this head was the oath taken by the Popes of Rome themselves, who swore at their election to preserve unmutilated the decrees of the first six Councils. We find for the first time an alteration in the pontificial oath in the XIth century only. And we look in vain for any general council authorizing the insertion of the Filioque. Patriarch Photius rightly declares, therefore, in his Encyclical of 867, that the Church of Rome has erred in altering creed and introducing a new dogma. On the authority of the Church, he pronounces the Church of Rome excommunicated. Rome eventually repents, and in 897 (Council of Constantinople) is re-admitted to the fold. At the last session of that Council, the Pope's (John VIII) Epistle is read, in which he solemnly condemns those who add the Filioque to the creed: "*quasi Divini Verbi transgressores, theologiae Christi Domini eversores.*" This "voice of God" (?) must have remained in later-times Rome "the voice of one crying in the wilderness," for in 1054 mutual and definite excommunication followed between the East and the West. The Church of Rome thence became a separate body, inasmuch as her teachings had already begun deviating from the right course thereto followed by the whole Church, and thereafter followed by the remaining four Patriarchates, with their ramifications, to the present day.

The whole controversy between the Catholic Church and the Church of Rome is really the question: are the bishops of the "presiding" Church (which was originally, as we know from the Acts, the Church of Jerusalem, and later on that of Rome) the absolute masters and dictators of the Church, whom she must blindly obey? Or are they merely the Church's *testes fidei* (*"quibus nefas esset procurationem sibi creditam tantillum excedere"*)? The Orthodox Church has always maintained the latter. The Church of Rome always stood for the former, but did not proclaim it openly until 1870: although Innocent III clearly teaches that the Church may depose a Pope of Rome for heresy (*"potest dimittere Pontificem Romanum propter . . infidelitate errorem).*

As to putting people "back on the right track," your correspondent R. C. may be interested to hear that Jesus Christ alone is the Head and Foundation of His Church; that when He said (Mat. xvi, 17) "thou art Peter, and upon this rock . ." He meant that He himself was that Peter, that Rock. Apparently R. C. is not aware of the fact that verse 23 of the same chapter does not support his understanding of verse 17, that I Cor. iii, 4 positively contradicts it, that the explanations of verse 17 as given, for instance, by St. Augustin, by Chrysostom may be better ones than his own (they are certainly less rudimentary). And if R. C.'s understanding of the text's meaning be nevertheless maintained, then the claims that are made in favour of Rome had better be referred to Antioch, inasmuch as St. Peter was the first bishop of that Church, and the present-day Orthodox Patriarchs of Antioch are St. Peter's direct successors. (All efforts of Rome to prove that St. Peter was also the first bishop of Rome have, so far, defeated their purpose.)

With all due respect to other people's religious feelings and beliefs, I must nevertheless frankly admit that MAMBA's statement is preposterous: he can hardly be serious when he claims before "144 millions, of Orthodox Catholics (mostly Russians) and 217 millions of Protestants" (some of the latter, as I said in my previous letter, are almost indistinguishable from us in their teachings) that "The Roman Catholic Church is the only Church that has dared, with any rightful justification, to claim to be the universal church, i.e. The Catholic Church"!

ORTHODOX CATHOLIC.

Shanghai, Sept. 30.

BY SAPAJOU

The Forbidden Zone

A Final Argument

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I remarked in my first letter that I did not desire to commence a religious discussion, therefore this will be my last letter on the subject.

Interested parties will no doubt remember that in the original announcement of the resumption of Catholic Broadcasts in this city (with which incidentally I have no connection of any kind) it was stated that a regular feature would be answers to questions submitted by interested listeners, and I would like to suggest that this source be used for future information.

I would however crave your permission to make a few brief comments on today's letter.

1. For information about Luther I know of no better source than his own letters.

2. Henry the VIII also had another reason for his aspostasy—he and his courtiers were out of funds at the time and spoilation of church property and the estates of the Catholic nobles who did not agree with his actions was a very welcome windfall.

2. I have always understood that it was King Henry the VIII who broke away from Rome and established the church of England by proclaiming himself Head of the Church, and not the English people, most of whom did not desire any change, and who had to perforce agree with the King's decrees, or be branded as traitors guilty of high treason and suffer all the penalties that such an accusation was rewarded with in those old days.

Lastly, E. OF E. speaks of throwing mud at those who have helped to lay the foundations of another Christian church. This I understand to remind me that the Protestant Churches were founded by the various Reformers round about the time of the Reformation. But since the Christian Church must of necessity have been founded by Christ himself it seems somewhat difficult to admit the logic of the stand of the Protestant churches, seeing that they suddenly appeared in the midst of a Christendom which up to that time had been wholly Catholic, and, therefore, if they have a claim to divine foundation, it must be claimed through the Catholic Church which they now refute.

MAMBA.

Shanghai, Oct. 2.

***This correspondence is now closed. —ED.

Future Peace:

Old Mistakes Unwanted

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your paper of today you publish the outlines of a future peace, after a deciding victory of the Allies. Mr. Wickham Steed is the author, doubtless one of the most honest and most reputable British journalists. Mr. Steed means, the foundation of such a peace must be to put Germany back to its borders of 1919.

The war is just beginning. We "other" Germans have heard, and believe by heart, that the Allies are not the enemies of the German people but of an unjust and dangerous régime whose enemies we all are too. Perhaps the beginning of a war is not quite the time for reflecting on the finish. But if a real gentleman like Mr. Steed makes a statement as quoted, no moment is too early for warning.

I will not quote here Mr. Steed against Mr. Steed. The sage and meritorious old editor of "The Times" was one of the first English journalists who recognized that the peace of Versailles was a bad and peaceless peace. He cannot be earnest in his wish to restore the fundamental faults he condemned himself.

There cannot be among us any difference in our opinions on Hitler and the Nazi régime. Favoured by the circumstances, a handful of unhesitating adventurers succeeded in terrorizing my fatherland and the world. They prepared the war in an unjustifiable manner. I do not deny their successes; I deny and always have denied their probity, and their punishment is a deep desire of all honest people. But if this punishment shall consist in a restitution of old faults which made possible this error, I call that not a punishment but a stupidity.

The German people is a very large and, in its heart, peaceful mass needing work and supportable conditions of life. No justified feelings against a régime will be permitted to hold back the Allies from a peace not forgetting this fundamental human justice to the people. Not to restore but to correct the heavy faults of the treaty of Versailles—so I see in my mind the Allies as the real friends of the Germans.

Not one of us is able to prophesy the finish of this terrible war. Sometimes I fear it will leave Europe in two halves: a democratic half and a Bolshevist half including Germany. Sometimes I hope the coming peace —what a happy word!—may bring the accomplishment of the secret ideal of us all: the United States of Europe. But it is impossible to separate Germans from the realization of this ideal. And in any case, the beginning of the war is not the right moment for propagating the restitution of the treaty of Versailles.

LOTHAR BRIEGER.

Shanghai, Oct. 2.

"Approach to Italy":

An Other Reader Agrees

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Your correspondent NOT SO EASY is a super-optimist. Fortunately he bases his optimism on facts which are not accurate.

It may be true that the Alpine chain is formidable obstacle. But if so, it is as formidable on one side as on the other and if your correspondent believes that the French have been asleep, regarding the defences on the French side of the Alps, he is cruelly mistaken.

It also may be true that there is not, possibly, a Hannibal or a Napoleon to repeat the feats of days gone bye. But there is no proof that, on the other side, there is any Julius Cæsar! So that's that.

NOT SO EASY must have had one too many when he speaks of 8 million men under arms in Italy. It takes quite a lot of money, my friend, to maintain 8 million soldiers with her equipment and what not! I have returned recently from Italy and have many Italian friends and can say that NOT SO EASY's contention is absurd. Italy is a charming country inhabited by charming people who abhor the idea of a war with France and Great Britain, with the exception of a few hot heads who are most embarrasing for the Italian Government. Economical conditions have been very bad for quite a long time and war would be a terrific disaster for the land of Dante. Furthermore, there is not one sane Italian who does not realize that his beautiful country is exposed, in case of war, infinitely more than Germany which is protected on every side from any immediate attack. In fact there is not one Italian city who is not practically under the range of big navy guns. Of course Ethiopia, Lybia and Erythrea, would be swallowed in a few days.

Finally and regarding the feelings of the Italian towards their German "friends" . . . well the least said, the better!

Those are facts, NOT SO EASY which are known to everybody who has visited Italy recently and which are perfectly well realised by the Duce and the Royal Family, as well as by practically the whole of the Italian population.

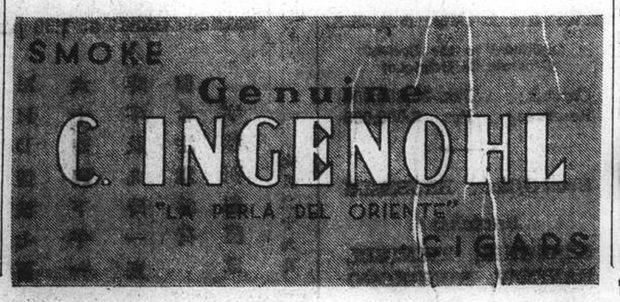
MONTE TOMBA.

Shanghai, Oct. 2.

BAKERITE BISCUITS
Variety No. 12.
GRAHAM CRACKER

HE *USED* to steer clear of her—
But she uses Odo-ro-no now!
How many charming, pretty, witty girls are keeping 'Mr. Right' away by being careless! If only they would *realize*—as every civilized woman does now—that checking underarm perspiration should be just as essential a part of one's regular toilet routine as cleaning one's teeth. Women with self-respect *use Odo-ro-no regularly.*
Odo-ro-no guards freshness and saves clothes.
It is a safe, dependable preparation.

There are 2 kinds:
1. INSTANT (or "clear") Odo-ro-no gives protection for two or three days.
2. REGULAR (or "red") Odo-ro-no—one application lasts a week.
ODO-RO-NO



"La Revue Nationale Chinoise"

In its issue dated September 30 "La Revue Nationale Chinoise" gives the full speech of the French Ambassador at his reception to the French community a few days after the declaration of war, together with a photograph of His Excellency taken as he delivered his speech. An article headed "Bilan" gives the balance-sheet of the efforts for and against war, and at the end the question is asked: "La Guerre—A qui la faute?" Other articles are "Un Paradoxe au Pacifique," "Les Livres" and "La Situation Politique," while information regarding Frenchwomen's war work and the French Red Cross naturally have place in this number. The permanent features are interesting as usual and the photographs topical. A map of the French front is included at the end of the review.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF OCTOBER 4, 1869

A correspondent writes from Kiukiang:—Water keeps much about the same level, that is, there is a road all along the Bund, but one half is still under water, and we have had nothing but bad weather for the last fortnight. Monseigneur Baldus, the Roman Catholic Bishop of Kiangsi, died last night. His health had been far from good for some time past, and he was repeatedly urged to try a change; but no arguments could induce him to desert his post. Over 30 years, some 20 of which were passed in Honan, of missionary labours were brought to peaceful close at 9 o'clock last evening, and Monseigneur Baldus has gone to his reward.

Treat Stomach Ailments Nature's Way!

Stomach complains, gastric troubles, flatulence, lost appetite, furred tongue, bad breath, pains in the stomach, feeling of over-fulness, may be corrected with

GOLDEN GRIFFIN STOMACH TEA

the herbal remedy which is economical to use and thoroughly efficacious.

Obtainable in two sizes, $1.00 and $3.00, from pharmacies and department stores, or direct from

GOLDEN GRIFFIN MEDICINAL TEAS

451 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

WANTED TO PURCHASE AND FOR SALE

We purchase all kinds of Blackwood highclass furniture, carpets, pianos, typewriters, radios, household effects, damaged metals, and godown stock at a fair price. **We also sell the abovementioned goods at the lowest prices.** (Only a little profit is added on the cost of what we purchased.) Apply to the Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 36334.

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & Co., LTD.

Established in Shanghai 1874 *Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances*

FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS

STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION *Branch Office:* TOPLIS & HARDING

88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

Auctioneers, Appraisers and Adjusters

Will sell by Public Auction, under instructions from the concerned

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)

On Friday, October 6, 1939, at 9.30 a.m.

Superior Household and Office Furniture, Carpets, Electric "Victor" Victrola, Clothing, etc., also

10 Cases Printing Machinery, 1 Case Straw Hats
1 Large Electric Ice Chest with Fittings, 5 Cases 3 Plywood

NOW ON VIEW

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)

On Friday, October 6, 1939, at 2.30 p.m.

12 Bales Raw Silk

(White Steam Filature) Water Damaged
Ex Fire at Mackenzie's Godown 17/9/39.

NOW ON VIEW

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

THE LOONG-FEI AUCTION TO-DAY
Wednesday, October 4, 1939, at 5 p.m.
AT 233 MOHAWK ROAD

Lot No.
1 BLUE DUN DONKEY
2 SMALL WHITE PONY
3 SMALL BAY PONY
4 SMALL IRON GREY PONY Very strong.
5 SMALL BLACK PONY
6 SMALL BLACK PONY
7 VICKYLIGHT Grey 13-1, G/10, S.R.C. 1936 Sub-griffin, winner and placed.
8 BACULOT Chestnut 13-2, G/299, Has been hunted and played polo. Believed sound.
9 CHESTNUT PONY L/430, 13-1, "Y" Class, Good hack.
10 CHESTNUT MARE HK.K./40, 14-0, aged, "Z" Class.
11 DON RAMEREZ Iron Grey 13-0, A/239, Griffin of 1939. Started.
12 HUNTLEY LENS Grey 12-3, A/157, S.R.C. 1939 Sub-griffin. Placed once.
13 ANCHORS AWEIGH Chestnut 13-2, A/121, aged, "Y" Class, Unstarted griffin. Quiet, strong and should make good country pony.
14 MARTINIQUE Chestnut 13-0, A/276, "Y" Class, young, unstarted griffin. Imported by Russian Dealer.
15 THIRTEEN BLACK Black 13-2, N/13, S.R.C. 1938 Griffin, winner and place.
16 GOLD CUP Grey Polo Pony 13-1, P/53, "Y" Class, Very good jumper.
17 BROWN PONY
18 GREY PONY F/588, 13-0,

ALSO TO BE SOLD.

SADDLES, BRIDLES, RAIN COVER, And SUNDRIES, Etc., Etc.

The sale is conducted under the Rules Exhibited on the Rostrum.

11674

WAKAMOTO, LTD.

regret to announce that, due to the greatly increased cost of the pharmaceutical supplies necessary to the manufacture of

WAKAMOTO
YEAST TABLETS

they have been obliged to increase the prices of these popular products as from October 1, 1939, as follows:—

Bottle of 200 tablets	$1.60
Bottle of 300 tablets	$2.35
Bottle of 1,000 tablets . . .	$7.30
Bottle of 90 grammes . . .	$2.35
Bottle of 270 grammes . . .	$6.50

二百粒瓶裝每瓶函購一元六角
三百粒瓶裝每瓶函購二元三角半
一千粒瓶裝每瓶函購七元三角
九十格雷姆瓶裝每瓶函購二元三角半
二百七十格雷姆瓶裝每瓶函購六元五角

君如爲胃腸病所困，請每日於餐後，服用若素四片至八片，定能使君飲食舒適，一切之煩燥苦痛盡消，如獲新生，此乃屢試不爽者，望君勿用遲疑，速購服之。

Wars & Epidemic Affect Dairen

Peanut Monopoly Planned For Manchoukuo; Freight Through Siberia Uncertain

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Dairen, Sept. 30.

Events for the last week or so in this city have largely had their genesis in the sluggish Far Eastern struggle, the sharp conflict in Europe and epidemics. Another happening of minor note was the intended control of the lowly peanut by the Changchun Government.

Local exporters are practically throwing their staples into the air for joy since they now know that there will be bags to put them in though how they will eventually reach their destinations is not yet a matter of certainty. They will at least be able to sack their beans, as the 12,000 bales of jute from Calcutta will arrive here early in October. They were ordered before the British Government banned the export of this commodity.

A telegram, from Germany to the Nisshin Oil Co., has advised the routing of soya beans through Siberia, transport by land being preferable to that by water. Local foreigners however see snags in this as they believe the beans might either get lost altogether or germinate in obscure railway stations in some part or other of Soviet Russia. Dairen statistics say that 110,000 tons of beans left here for Europe via Russia in 1931 but a silence envelops the question as to what quantity of them arrived where they should have done.

Dairen Girls Emulate Males

Japanese girls in Dairen refuse to be outdone by their progressive sisters in their homeland as they are rapidly appearing in all kinds of occupations formerly run by men, where they can be of any use. They are seen most prominently on the trams and buses where they make the right sounds at stopping places and starting points, clip and hand out tickets and collect them when passengers get off.

Girls are also well to the fore in offices, bending industriously over typewriters, furiously combing what corresponds to filing cabinets in Japan for elusive cards and smiling winningly as they carry out a salesman's work. They are also a marked advance in the colour scheme on business premises.

Conversely there is one type of employment that is left in sad solitude here by the women of Japan. That is domestic service. There are no seekers after such humble jobs and the employment agencies in this port are at a loss over what to do with the increasing number of querulous inquiries as to why servants are not forthcoming.

"Little drops of water" might have been the idea behind the novel manner in which a Dairen Japanese garnered Y.38.42 for the Japanese defence fund. At his house he has a fine well of ice-cold water and when the water famine laid its hand on the port, he allowed everyone who came to fill their buckets, kettles and pitchers, to assist their extremely limited supply. But, being a good businessman he saw where he could gain a little something for his country and so levied a tax of 1 sen on every occasion water was taken away.

When water came on in an eight-hour rush he had collected his fee 3,842 times. The amount was gratefully accepted by the local representatives for the defence fund donations.

Epidemics and Effects

The taipan section of Dairen which feels definitely illhoused except in bungalows at Hoshigaura has now had the dubious pleasure of the Yamato Hotel annex there turned into an isolation hospital. Typhoid, dysentery and cholera are comman among residents and although numerous buildings have been turned into temporary hospitals patients rose to such an extent that the Kwantung Government had to ask the Yamato Hotel to aid. This it did willingly and the annex is full to overflowing at the moment.

The Dairen Kisen Kaisha vessels now are taking a day longer to arrive here from Shanghai owing to the necessity for sharp examinations for cholera at Tsingtao. Arrivals and departures at this port however have been unchanged. No less than six cholera patients and suspects have been found on one ship at this city.

Wholesale vaccination and inoculation of all connected with work at the docks, such as coolies, officials and fishermen, are being carried out to halt the epidemic, which is believed to be reaching its close with the cooler weather which is now slowly seeping into Dairen.

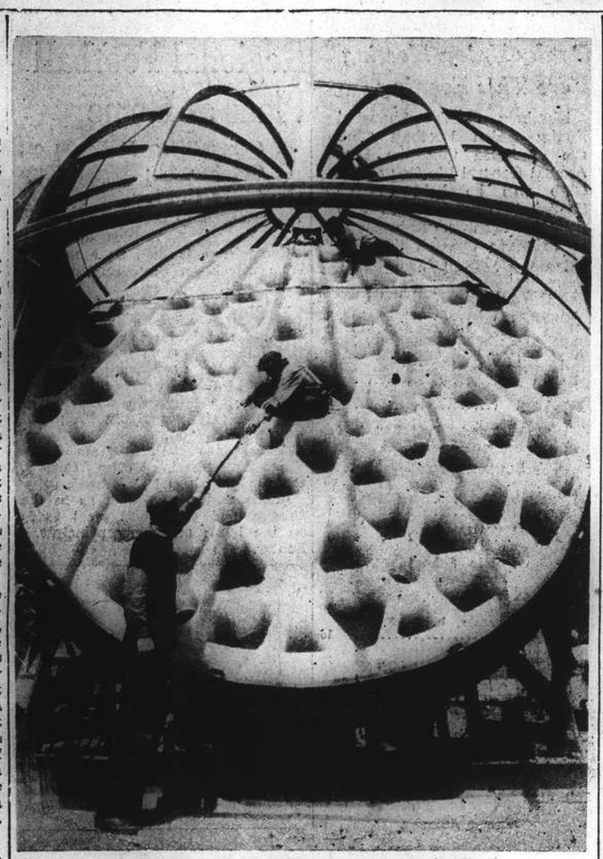
Peanuts to Knuckle Under

To salt, coal, iron and matches, all controlled by the voracious Changchun regime its acolyte the Kwantung Territory this time ahead, is now to add the unpretentious peanut, the output of which has been on the upward trend of late. These have been coming to take the place of the more aristocratic increase in the last season or so. As much of the peanuts shipped from here go through Dairen the edict will also affect this product brought forth in Manchoukuo—the tail now wagging the dog.

The ancient method of ejecting goods for ships from the back entrance of the godowns and trundling them round to the front to go aboard at the wharves here has been abandoned for straightout delivery through the front or hitherto spurned doors. Apparently there must be a dicerent way of counting goods that leave by the guest instead of the tradesmen's exit as it is noted by the South Manchuria Railway's Pier Office that tallymen have already been trained to do the work.

Fifty German Jewish refugee children from Shanghai have completed the best time they have had in their lives, according to themselves, and are by now back in the Whangpoo metropolis. It is the Jews of Manchoukuo to whom they owe their delightful holiday as these were the people from Dairen to Harbin who made all arrangements and put up the money.

They spent this summer vacation at a camp on the outskirts of this port and had bathing, hiking, outdoor sports and grand food. How excellent this was may be judged by the fact that each child gained from ten to twelve pounds during the stay here. Before leaving they each received a new pair of shoes, a new suit or dress and an overcoat for the winter. They had their teacher and a physician accompanying them to see that everything went as planned.



World's Largest Telescope Enters New Home

The steel-ribbed dome framework for the 200-inch telescope, the largest in the world, is nearing completion at Corning, New York. The huge disk was poured in 1934 and is seen entering its new home in California, after an hazardous trip across America.

Australian Letter

Australia Calm in Crisis

Wheat Surplus Creates Problem; Tasman Flight Forges Another Link In Empire Air Routes

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Melbourne, Aug. 31.

IN these last fateful days of August, with the peace of the world hanging precariously in the balance, the Australian people are going about their customary affairs with an amazing calm. It was vastly different last September.

On the eve of Munich, bewilderment and indignation combined to create a sense of helplessness, and the late Prime Minister's plaintive appeals for spiritual salvation reconciled no one to the fear that Australia had failed to keep her powder dry.

All that is changed today. The hasty yet thorough strengthening of the nation's defences in the past year has enabled all necessary precautions to be taken with a minimum of disturbance. The nation's policy is also clear. The Prime Minister's declaration that Australia stood four-square with Britain was no mere political gesture, but expressed the resolute conviction of the man in the street. From that stand no section of the community shows any disposition to withdraw.

The third, and important factor in consolidating the morale of the Australian people has been the attitude of the Prime Minister himself. From the first Mr. Menzies has eschewed any form of emotionalism. The daily statements with which he has kept the public informed of important developments in the international situation have been objective and rational, and free of that diplomatic ambiguity so anathema to the Australian temperament.

In a nation-wide broadcast recently Mr. Menzies outlined he Government's policy towards events. His statement was a model of simplicity and conciseness. He gave an assurance that no step to prepare for the worst would be neglected, and appealed to all to disregard rumours of a sensational kind, and to carry on with business as usual in the interests of economic stability. There is abundant evidence of the public's ready response to that appeal.

In thus rising to a very critical occasion Mr. Menzies has greatly strengthened his somewhat tenuous hold on the Prime Ministership, and infused a new vitality into a political career that threatened, a few months ago, to pass into eclipse.

Wheat Industry Crisis

The Australian wheat industry is facing a serious crisis. The causes of this are partly internal and partly international. Good seasons in the major wheat-producing countries have caused a glut on world markets, and Australian growers anticipate a bountiful harvest. Farmers consequently fear that they will have to sell at prices far below the cost of production, with disastrous results to individual producers and to the country's second largest primary industry.

Australia has always opposed schemes for the international restriction of production, maintaining that restriction, when millions of people throughout the world are suffering from malnutrition, is both a human and an economic tragedy. Unless however, the world returns to peace and saner economic policies, restriction of production seems the only alternative to suicidal competition for a limited market, and the Government and representatives of the wheat industry are considering various international proposals.

Meanwhile, the disposal of the coming harvest is an urgent problem. Because of the size of the anticipated surplus, a guaranteed price covering cost of production, plus a sufficient margin to maintain the solvency of the growers, is expected to cost the tax-payers about £12,000,000.

The Commonwealth Government considers that it should not be required to shoulder the whole of this burden in addition to its present heavy defence commitments. At a Premiers' Conference the Commonwealth offered to finance approximately two-thirds of the bounty, the State Governments sharing the remaining third. Victoria and Tasmania rejected this proposal. A second Conference now in session has also failed to reach agreement, and its deliberations have been held up pending clarification of the international situation.

The Victorian Government's opposition to the proposal is not entirely due to the fact that participation would impose a disproportionate burden on that State. A constitutional issue is involved. The Victorian Premier, Mr. Dunstan, insists that the Commonwealth is constitutionally responsible for all trade matters, and that the acceptance by the States of responsibility for paying a bounty on wheat would create a precedent of limitless and dangerous possibilities. Mr. Dunstan has even challenged the constitutional legality of the Commonwealth proposal.

The growers themselves are unable to agree what course should be adopted, but they are united in asserting that something must be done, and done promptly, if the financial stability of the industry is to be maintained.

Tasman Record

Plans to complete the Empire Air Mail service by extending the present London-Sydney service across the Tasman Sea to New Zealand are now far advanced. Last year the flying-boat Centaurus demonstrated that the crossing of the stormy Tasman presented no insuperable difficulty to modern aircraft, but it was found that larger flying-boats would have to be used in this service to carry a profitable pay-load. The inauguration of the Tasman link was consequently postponed.

Meanwhile, work has been proceeding with ground organization and the installation of radio directional equipment, and last week the first of the new large flying-boats, the Aotearoa, completed its first pioneer flight.

The Aotearoa made the flight from England to Australia in nine days. It completed its journey from Sydney to New Zealand in the record time of less than eight hours, and has been joined by an American flying-boat similarly engaged in the complementary service across the Pacific to New Zealand from the United States.

No date has yet been fixed for the inauguration of the regular Tasman service, but its success is assured. Not only will the rapid exchange of mail meet an urgent demand in both Dominions, but travellers will appreciate an alternative service to the sea crossing that is only too often uncomfortably rough.

News and Notes from Hongkong

Wealthy Emigres Return; Higher Cost of Living

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Hongkong, Sept. 30.

Now that Hongkong is no longer under the shadow of Japanese invasion, rich people who went to Manila, Haiphong, Macao and elsewhere are coming back to the Colony, most of them being the wives of taipans and rich Chinese officials. On the contrary, many Chinese residents are leaving for the interior. This is due to the high cost of living following the outbreak of the European war. Imports are increased from 20 to 40 per cent. Edibles such as vegetables, fresh water fish and fruits are more expensive owing to the blockade of the Kwangtung coast and the Japanese invasion of the Chungshan area.

Cantonese are returning, as they have their houses there. The population in that city is said to be about 600,000, almost one half of the normal figure. Like Shanghai and Hongkong, the cost of living in Canton has gone up considerably, but here it is worse as its currency is three and a half times the value of the National dollar.

The Hongkong Government is trying to check profiteering, but so far efforts were not successful. Merchants point out that commodity prices rose sharply during the last Great War owing to the difficulty in shipping goods to the Far East.

The European war has held up 24 Boxer students from going to England and they are waiting for further instructions. It is learned that most universities in the United Kingdom are functioning as usual, hence their sailing may not be delayed much. On the other hand, the number of students in local schools has increased enormously. This is due to the fact that several schools and so-called universities in Canton moved to Hongkong following the Japanese occupation.

Hurried Building Of U.S. Planes

Exports Greater Than in Last Record-Breaking Year; Germany Second

The American aircraft industry is well into the second half of a record-breaking year in production, export, and profit.

It was only thirty years ago that the infant industry in man-made wings sold its first fighting craft to the United States army and 28 years ago that it sent its first plane to a purchaser abroad.

This year production is expected to reach a value of nearly $200,000,000 with exports for the first six months totalling more than $50,000,000. The production figure represents a 41 per cent. gain over 1938, a commentary on the speed with which the United States, like the rest of the world, has prepared for war in the air.

Wheels turning more speedily in aeroplane plants have their obligato in the sweetly-singing counting room, where mounting profits more than adequately reflect the industry's dizzy forward progress. In the first half of 1939 the ten leading aircraft companies showed a combined profit of $11,632,317, an increase of 54 per cent. over the previous semester and of 41 per cent. over the corresponding last year.

That the record-breaking pace will extend well into next year is indicated by the fact that unfilled orders still awaiting action amount to some $350,000,000, including U. S. and foreign orders, although not including orders yet to be filed under the U. S. Navy's $45,000,000 annual procurement programme. All of these orders are due for fulfilment before June 30, 1941.

Huge Production This Year

Total production for 1939 is expected to reach $184,000,000, as compared to $130,000,000 in 1938, also a record year. Production for the six-month period ended June 30 was $81,000,000 with estimated production for the second half-year $103,000,000.

If this latter total is reached, it will represent an 80 per cent. increase over the figure of $57,000,000 recorded for the second half of 1938.

There is not as yet sufficient data to reveal whether American planes will have moved ahead in the export market of the position it occupied last year. According to figures recently issued by the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce of America, the United States led the world in its aviation exports—valued at $68,209,050—but was nevertheless outsold by Germany and Italy in no fewer than 18 countries, including six countries in Latin America.

The absolute leadership of American planes remained unchallenged by an extremely wide margin. Germany was second in the world order, with $27,183,501 in plane exports, surpassing for the first time Great Britain, which was third with $26,501,340. Italy was fourth with $8,821,493 and France fifth with $3,752,208. In Latin America alone American plane manufacturers sold $12,518,232 in planes and parts in 20 countries, or about 18.3 per cent. of the U. S. export total. Germany sold to 14 countries to the extent of $4,320,815 or 15.9 per cent. of her export total and Italy sold to three countries a total of $3,047,644 or 34.5 per cent. of her total.

Alderman Who Stepped On His Beard

Rare Exhibit of Facial Ornament Preserved

The latest acquisition of the local museum of Braunau, in Upper Austria, is a beard which measures 8 ft. 9 in., and is said to be the longest ever recorded.

Four hundred years ago it belonged to the alderman of Braunau, Hans Steininger, who was so proud of his facial ornament that he would not allow his barber to shorten it.

One day in 1567 Steininger had the misfortune to step on his beard. He fell down the stairs of his house and broke his neck.

Before his burial the family cut off the beard and preserved it. In the course of the centuries it changed owners several times, until it was finally handed over to the museum, where it is now exhibited under a glass cover.

Verification of the story can be found in the parish church of Braunau. There one sees a life-size picture of Alderman Steininger chiselled on his tombstone. The beard is carefully parted in the middle.

Tibet Journey Costly But Good For Feet

Bandits Add to Hardships Encountered During Trip

"If you're a peaceful fellow, with a strong heart, take a trip to Tibet. It may be hard on the pocketbook and the physique, but it's good for itchy feet.

"Furthermore, the white man is barred from Tibet not by the regulations of these mysterious people but by his own pugnaciousness."

So says Gene Lamb, Tibetan explorer, who is en route to America.

"Anyone can go to Tibet," he said, "provided you have enough money, can take care of the bandits who will accost you, are healthy enough to stand the rigorous trip across desert and mountains, and can win the peoples' confidence."

Mr. Lamb spent many years in the Orient before he attempted the expedition. And that background it developed saved his life.

On the return to China, after many months of steady trekking, he found himself in the icy vastness of the Nan Shan mountains without a guide. Two of his men including the caravan leader froze to death.

For seven months the exhausted party toiled through the mountains before reaching its headquarters in Tangar, on the Sino-Tibetan border. After a rest, the tedious journey across China began. Five days before they reached the railway station, the caravan was captured by bandits.

Intent on Robbing

The bandits intent on robbing the party, entered into a long and nerve-wracking discussion with Lamb. Finally he won them over convincing them he was more worthy of their support and friendship than enmity. The result was the brigands closely surrounded the caravan and led it to safety.

In Tibet Mr. Lamb met the living Buddha of Tansilumpo. "He would be a good risk for an insurance company" said the explorer, "because the Buddha of Tibet never dies.

When the exalted one's life is at end, so the Tibetans believe, his spirit enters into another body and so perpetuates the life of the Buddha. Just recently high priests found a five year old boy in China who was born simultaneously with the passing away of the former Buddha. The youth will be enthroned soon.

No successor for the Panchen Llama Man Taute, the supreme ruler has been located. His death was reported two years ago.

"The country is ruled not by a civil government, but solely through religious leaders," said Mr. Lamb.

"The reason Tibetians suspect the white man, is because they consider him a possible troublemaker. This can be overcome by a peaceful approach."

"It's a fascinating country," he added, but after trekking thousands of kilometers across China before you reach the Tibetian border your wanderlust is curbed, for a time, at least."

Mrs. Lamb who is with him has accompanied her husband on many of his expeditions. When they return to New York, in a few weeks, she intends to open an Oriental Cooking School. She has written a book on Chinese Cooking and intends to write another on Japanese culinary affairs.

Both say they hope to return to the Orient as soon as possible for a more extended visit.

Nine Wedding Guests Trapped in Lift

But Reception Continues One Floor Above

Nine wedding guests were trapped for an hour in a lift at the Bernard Baron Settlement, Stepney, London, E., while the reception continued on the floor above them, relates the "Daily Herald."

The guests—one man, six women and two children—were travelling between the second and third floors when the lift stopped. Women screamed as they thought it would crash to the basement.

Neither the bridegroom, Mr. Michael Pulverness, of Finsbury Park-road, N., nor the bride, Miss Rita Silverstone, of Lordship Park, Stoke Newington, knew of the mishap until the reception was nearly over.

Then the trapped guests were released by engineers and joined the party.

Mr. A. Lermer, the only man in the lift, said, "We had come from the synagogue, and were going up to the reception when the lift stopped suddenly.

"We shouted to attract attention, and some of the women became hysterical. The atmosphere became so close that the two children nearly collapsed."

King's Character And Strength

Exemplified by Photograph; Resemblance to Beloved Father; No Food Worries

BY O. M. GREEN

(Editor "North-China Daily News," 1911-1930)

London, Aug. 31.

Everyone commented on the photograph of the King—a close-up of head and shoulders—as he drove from Euston to the palace on his return and character which have replaced the diffident, uncertain look of the man who came to the throne nearly three years ago.

No less retiring was George V when he first became King. There is a story that when he, as Prince of Wales, was asked by his father, Edward VII, to be in attendance to see some foreign dignitaries, he replied "I don't want to see the brutes and I don't suppose they want to see me." The likeness of the present King specially in the upper part of the face, to his father is becoming very noticeable. And as the personality of the one developed, so does that of the other.

Food Least of Worries

Most of us have laid in some extra tinned foods against the first fortnight of the war when the confusion will be at its worst. But the food question is the least of our worries. Large stocks have been laid in. During the seven months ended on July 31, 70,841,000 swt. of wheat had been delivered from abroad, which is 14,000,000 more than a year ago. Our own harvest should yield 30,000,000 cwt. a much larger quantity than at the outbreak of war in 1914. Holdings of wheat flour are also 40 per cent. larger than at this time last year, and very big stocks of frozen meat have been accumulated.

It is also confidently stated that all the machinery for distributing food throughout Greater London—which means a population of between eight and nine millions—is in absolute order.

Certainly Nature has been extraordinarily bountiful. For a small example; I started digging our potatoes today. We usually grow enough for the whole year. This time we ought to have a large surplus to give away or sell. Opportunities for war profiteering float alluringly before our eyes.

All the chief treasures of Westminster Abbey the British and other museums, the Wallace Collection, National Gallery etc., are being put underground. The stained glass in Canterbury Cathedral has been taken down and stored. Jewels in the possession of private dealers the total value of which in Bond Street alone is said to be £10,000,000, would be spread about the country. Christie's have built a private dugout for their best treasures. The Record Office, Mansion House, Guildhall and private firms are hurriedly getting their most valuable books and papers into safe places.

Cardsharpers Tricked

One other event of last week that must be mentioned is the sudden death of Horace Goldin, president of the Magicians Club, and one of the kindliest men as he was one of the best conjurors in half. He was by birth a Polish Jew, but became a British subject. His best known illusion, was "Sawing a girl in two," in the latest editions of which he used a crcular saw. Not only did he perform this trick all over the world, but at one time he had fourteen understudies "on the road" performing it.

Once when crossing the Atlantic, he watched a couple of cardsharpers fleecing two young men at poker. He asked permission to join in the game, dealt himself all the cards he wanted or palmed them when shuffling and cleaned the sharpers out. He gave the victim back their money, returned the rest to the sharpers, and, to bring down the curtain, produced two Kings, a Queen and a Knave from the air.

One drop on ACHING CORNS relieves pain in three seconds! Apply Gets-It two or three times and the corn will peel right off. Millions, all over the world, use this faithful friend of corn-sufferers—

GETS-IT

7-10-E

NOW is the time to buy your COAL before prices are raised!

Order your coal, for all purposes direct from

KAMINSKY BROS. COAL CORP.

75 RUE PERE ROBERT

TELS. 75779, 77080

KAMINSKY BROS. COAL CORP. ESTABLISHED 1935

TAXI SERVICE

From any part of Settlement to Hongkew or vice versa

SHANGHAI EXPRESS CO.

150 Boone Road Tels. 43010, 43011

-1430

Two Quick Tricks

1 Rub 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic plentifully into the scalp before your next, and every shampoo. There's no better way to loosen tight scalp muscles..to cleanse..to wake up those lazy glands upon which the nourishment of the hair depends.

2 Brush a few drops of 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic into the hair every morning to keep it well-groomed...if yours is dry or inclined to dandruff, a little bit rubbed directly into the scalp will replenish the natural oils and prevent 'shedding'.

EVEN GOOD-LOOKING HAIR takes on added good looks after a 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic treatment. Why don't you try it? Full directions with every bottle.

Distributors:
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
27 The Bund, Shanghai

Vaseline HAIR TONIC

K2

BAKERITE BISCUITS

Variety No. 12.

GRAHAM CRACKER

CASTILLON BRANDY COGNAC AT ITS VERY BEST

BEFORE YOU INSURE — CONSULT

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

HEAD OFFICE TORONTO

51 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI

TELEPHONE 17222

11659

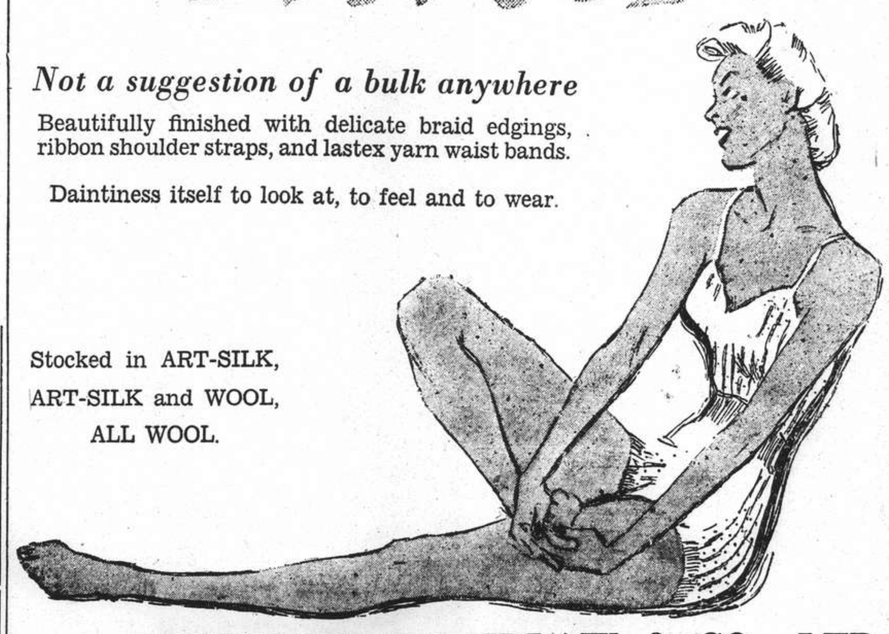
Another Wolsey Winner

Brevets

Not a suggestion of a bulk anywhere

Beautifully finished with delicate braid edgings, ribbon shoulder straps, and lastex yarn waist bands.

Daintiness itself to look at, to feel and to wear.



Stocked in ART-SILK, ART-SILK and WOOL, ALL WOOL.

Call at WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

98 NANKING ROAD (Ground Floor)

THE SPORTS PAGE

Garcia Flattens Apostoli With His "Bolo" Punch

Seventh Round Technical Knockout Raises Filipino Boxing Feats to New Heights as Crowd Roars

New York, Oct. 2.

DEFERINO Garcia, tough Filipino battler, mowed down Freddie Apostoli, world middleweight champion in the eyes of the New York Boxing Commission, with his famed "bolo" uppercut 2 minutes 7 seconds after the start of the seventh round tonight to gain the right to meet Al Hostak for the world title. The hard-hitting Filipino became the first fighter of his race ever to reach the world middleweight champion stage.

This was the second record created by the Filipino. When he fought Henry Armstrong for the welterweight title, and lost, he became the first Filipino to battle for the 147-pound crown. He also became the first Filipino to gain partial recognition as world middleweight champion.

Ten thousand spectators watched the thundering Filipino "bolo" puncher floor Apostoli trice in the seventh before winning on a technical knockout. Floored 30 seconds after the start of the seventh round, Apostoli rose only to stagger backward under a bombardment of right uppercuts. He fell but rose again only to be sent sprawling to the canvas for the third time for a count of nine.

Rising weakly and with blood streaming from his nose and mouth, Apostoli ran into another "bolo" uppercut and crashed down in a neutral corner. The referee here halted the bout and awarded a T.K.O. win to the Filipino.

George Parnassus, manager of the Filipino, declared that Garcia "will fight Hostak any place and at any time to decide the possession of the undisputed title."

Garcia is now champion in New York State but Hostak remains the titleholder in practially all the other states which are controlled by the National Boxing Association.

Battered and bleeding, Apostoli suffered the worst beating of his career and only the timely intervention by Referee Billy Cavanagh prevented him from complete slaughter.

The referee halted the bout 2 minutes and 7 seconds after the opening of the seventh round of the bout set for fifteen rounds

Cavanagh halted Garcia's furious onslaught when Apostoli lay on the canvas in a neutral corner, bruised and dazed from Garcia's terrific "bolo" punch.

Garcia Underdog

A 2-to-1 underdog in the betting, Garcia surprised his most ardent supporters with a burst of power that swept Apostoli off his feet. Not only did Garcia outhit his clever and fast-moving opponent but he actually outboxed him, winning four of the six rounds prior to the seventh.

Garcia, weighing 153¾ pounds, didn't give Apostoli a chance, rushing the former San Francisco bell-hop off his feet. Apostoli came in at 160 pounds, looking fit and confident.

The Filipino, known for his furious hitting was conceded a chance of scoring a victory by landing several blows squarely. And he did just that. He cut through Apostoli's guard and crashed his terrible right to the Italian-American's jaw with terrific force 30 seconds after the start of the seventh round.

Excitement Rises

Ten thousand spectators screamed encouragement as Apostoli dropped to the canvas. Apostoli rose shakily only to crash to the canvas again as the Filipino tore in savagely and caught him with a terrible right uppercut.

There was no doubt as to who would be winner after that terrible uppercut. Apostoli rose gamely after the referee had tolled off nine. But he was in no shape to stave off Garcia's attacks. The Filipino lunged in and let loose with his favourite and deadly "bolo" punch and Apostoli was sent flying to a neutral corner.

Referee Cavanagh decided that there was no sense in prolonging the fight since Apostoli was out on his feet and he halted the bout, awarding the fight to Garcia on a technical knockout.

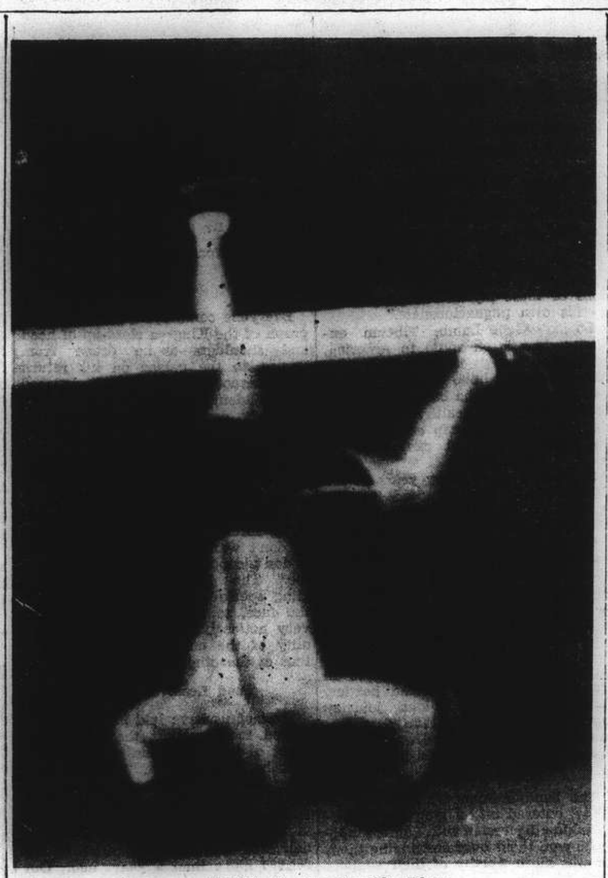
Deciding Blow

Garcia's "bolo" punch, so named because it resembles the sweep used by Filipinos handling the bolo, a big knife for reed cutting, was delivered with perfect timing for victory.

The win makes Garcia champion in New York State and the leading contender in the eyes of the National Boxing Association, which insists that Al Hostak is the world champion.

The victory, however, gave Garcia the right to meet Hostak for the title and the National Boxing Association will recognize such a bout as a world championship fight.

No date has yet been fixed for the Hostak-Garcia fight.—United Press.



Result of One Terrific Blow

The alert photographer snapped this picture just as Nick Maxis, unattached, landed on his head after being knocked right across the ring by the power of one blow from Leonard Levine during an amateur card in New York. But the best part of the story is that Maxis recovered from this nose dive and knocked out Levine to win the contest.

Seaforths Defeat Area Details

Hard, Fast Play Seen in Friendly Football Match At Canidrome

Goals by Duncan and Wilson enabled the Seaforth Highlanders' reserve team to dispose of Area Details, one of the strongest teams in the Second Division of the forthcoming S.F.A. League, by a score of three-one at the Canidrome yesterday afternoon in the first practice game played between local service sides.

Seaforths:—Cameron. Stewart, Bryson, L/C McDonald, Inness, McDonald, Wilson, Quinn, Peachy, Duncan, Smith.

Area Details:—Evans, Anderson, Hawton, Hawes, Hockett, McBrue, Mackenzie, Weir, Sgt. Saddler, Phimister, Roberts.

Stolid Defence

Area Details' defence was a stolid one. The backs and halves were big and husky and possessed powerful kicks. The right-back, Anderson, was perhaps the best man for he played an important part while the opponents were making bombardments.

The Seaforths certainly had Cameron, the goalkeeper, to thank for keeping the score down. He made numerous saves, although his style was unorthodox. The first thirty minutes in the second period saw Area Details attacking practically all the time. Phimister, Saddler and Weir all had shots but the custodian managed to get away with the loss of only one goal which was tallied by Saddler.

Area Details started off with a rush and were very promising. Cameron was called upon to effect several saves and the defenders had a busy time. On the opposite end, the Seaforths were only able to make sporadic raids. Peachy, Duncan and Wilson had a few tries.

Scoring Shot

Play became extremely even in the middle of the period, with the ball going up and down the field at a fast pace. Breaking away in the 33rd minute Peachy put Wilson through on the right flank. The winger drove a hard shot to the right-hand side of Evans, the goalkeeper, and scored.

Having located the goal, the Highlanders immediately became more energetic. In the next minute Duncan drove over the crossbar. Shortly afterwards, Quinn took a shot which was intercepted in the nick of time by Anderson.

However, the Seaforths' were not to be discouraged and Duncan drove a beautiful shot from twenty yards out in the 40th minute. The ball had the goalkeeper beaten all the way, entering the top corner of the net.

Second Half

After the rest period, the losers enjoyed more of the play. The ball was continually kept in the Seaforths' territory. In the 9th minute the winners broke away for the first time. Aberdeen sped along on the left side. The winger crossed over and the shot beat the backs for Duncan to put on the finishing touch.

From the resultant kick-off, Area Details exerted pressure. In the 37th minute Saddler beat Cameron with a fast shot during a short scramble from twelve yards out.

The Seaforths woke to life. Aberdeen became active again. He crossed over to see Quinn's shot nicely blocked by Hawton, the left-back. Later on, Quinn missed a big chance to score a fourth goal for his team as he ballooned the ball from point blank. Duncan followed suit shortly before the conclusion of the match.

Predictions Vary on World Series

Reds Arrive in New York To Meet Yankees

New York, Oct. 2.

Sports writers of the United Press made varying predictions today on how the Cincinnati-New York Yankees World Series would turnout, but agreed that the contest probably would not run the full seven-game limit.

George Kirksey, United Press baseball expert, said the Yanks would win within six games.

Harry Ferguson, United Press sports editor, said the Reds would win within six games.

Henry McLemore, star columnist, said the New Yorkers would win within five games. He also predicted that the 21-year-old right-hander, Eugene Thompson, would be the only winning pitcher of Cincinnati.

The Reds arrived in New York today. They rested in preparation for a light workout tomorrow.

Bill McKechnie, the Reds' pilot, announced that Paul Derringer, who won 25 and lost seven games this season, would open the series.

He said Bucky Walter, who won 27 and lost 11 games, would pitch in the second game.

Joseph McCarthy, manager of the defending World Champions, indicated that he would use the veteran Red Ruffing, who won 21 and lost seven games this season, despite the fact Ruffing is just recovering from a sore arm.

The Reds will be playing in the World Series for the first time in 20 years.—United Press.

Bromwich Gathering Cups in U.S.

Beats Puncec in Final; Riggs Trounced

Los Angeles, Oct. 2.

John Bromwich, youthful Australian champion and hero of the Davis Cup series, today added the Pacific Southwest tennis title to his list of honours when he beat Franjo Puncec of Yugoslavia, 4-6, 6-0, 6-2, 6-4. He entered the final yesterday by outclassing Bobby Riggs, Wimbledon and U.S. national champion.

Puncec took the opening set as Bromwich appeared to be warming up. Once the Australian hit his stride, the Yugoslavian crumbled. Puncec, after the first set, never threatened the Australian champion once. Bromwich scored as he pleased in the three final sets.—United Press.

More Good Cricket Matches Arranged

Married Men Meet Single On Saturday; Club Faces Rest of Shanghai Soon

Despite the lateness of the season there still remain some interesting cricket matches to be played and during the coming week-end and Double Tenth Holiday Festival, no less than four needle encounters are down to be played off.

On Saturday on the S.C.C. ground, starting at 1.15 p.m. an S.C.C. Married XI will engage an S.C.C. Single side. This match has for years been one of the highlights of the season and while neither team is at full strength, the calibre of both elevens is such as to produce some very keen play. P. V. Simpson, who is captaining the Married XI should be able to gain the day, but G. B. Elliot, leading the opposition, has some good bats and useful attackers.

At 1 p.m. the same afternoon in the Recs' enclosure, two sides from the Recreation Club, known as the President's and Vice-President's teams, will struggle for supremacy. Here again, the XIs are likely to be fairly evenly balanced.

On Sunday, a Recs' XI will entertain the Seaforth Highlanders in an all-day game, play to begin at 10.30 a.m. This game was originally arranged to take place three weeks ago but was rained out.

Next Tuesday in what promises to be the match of the season—provided the teams as selected are able to turn out—the pick of the Shanghai Cricket Club will meet the Rest of Shanghai on the S.C.C. ground, at 10 a.m. The Club team is as powerful as any XI that has represented any Shanghai side in recent years and with the attack strengthened by the inclusion of T.C.G. Knight, the Rest are going to have their hands full. The Club's batting requires no comment—the team as a whole being worth at least 300 runs on paper. But if chances are given, as they have been given in recent "big" games and if they are snapped up then the S.C.C. side may find themselves up the proverbial gumtree.

The Rest is a good side. Of that there is no doubt. Six bowlers of repute have been included in the team and though the batting is not basically as sound as that of the Club's, there are a number of players—bright, stubborn and dour—forming a well balanced run-collecting unit.

Teams

Married:—P. V. Simpson (Capt.). E. H. Anstice, H. A. Crickmer, F. B. Elliott, A. Graham, P. J. Hart, L. T. Lawrance. C. H. Mellor, H. E. Orr, W. E. Tingle, T. H. Wood. Reserves:—L. Underwood, L. Heap, L. G. Day.

Single:—G. B. Elliot (Capt.), W. V. K. Chadwick, J. E. Fairbairn, J. Fletcher, I. M. Hutchison, J. R. Kale, J. W. Pote-Hunt, G. J. Read, W. R. Sim, A. P. T. Taylor-Gill, S. A. Tremlett. Reserves:—E. J. Sluis, G. J. Winney. Umpires:—A. Lingard and A. C. Sinclair. Scorer:—H. S. Bartley.

S.C.C.:——D. W. Leach (Capt.), R. Booth, G. S. Dunkley, E. R. Duckitt, J. C. Jenkins, T. G. C. Knight, F. Marshall, F. E. T. Marshall, A. G. Norman, A. C. Sinclair, L. F. Stokes. Reserve:—J. W. Pote-Hunt.

Rest of Shanghai:—T. W. R. Wilson (Capt.), Capt. J. R. Cole, M. J. Divecha, S. V. Gash, A. F. Gomes, Sgt. Hamlin, N. Hart-Baker, P. Madar, F. A Pitts, Sgt. Sadler, S. F. Shroff. Reserves:—Lieut. MacLagan, F. R. Kermani, A. Symonds. Umpire:—V. C. Olive, and P. J. Hart. Scorer:—L. T. Lawrance.

S.L.B.C. Closing Day On Sunday

The official Closing Day of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club will be held on Sunday, October 8, commencing at 9.45 a.m. There will be a competition for ladies at 2 p.m. It is hoped that there will be a large turnout of members and their ladies.

Jackie Cooper called at the Paramount mail room to get his fan mail and found that his box was so packed he couldn't carry all the letters. Jackie, now playing in "Seventeen," gets a lot of mail, but he had never seen such a stack in his box before. Reason: Gary Cooper's letters had been placed in Jackie's box by mistake and he had, not only all of his own mail, but all of Gary's.

Ambers-Armstrong Bout Set for December 1

Clash Will Decide Rubber; Fierce Affair Foreseen

New York, Oct. 2.

The date of the world welterweight championship bout between Henry Armstrong, the champion from Los Angeles, and Lou Ambers, the lightweight titleholder from Herkimer, N.Y., was changed here today from November to December 1.

The clash will mark the third battle between the two toughest little fighters in the prize ring today.

With each holding a victory over the other, the bout on December 1 should be the most furious of the series.

Armstrong won the lightweight title from Ambers last year to become the first triple champion in history, having earlier garnered the featherweight and welterweight crowns.

Bruising Bout

On that occasion, spectators were split as to the outcome since Ambers gave Armstrong plenty of opposition and landed such terrific blows that the negro was forced to enter a hospital and take seventeen stiches to patch his battered lips.

In their return bout recently, Ambers and Armstrong fought just as hard and the negro might have retained the title had he not lost five rounds through fouls. His constant low blows aroused the crowd and cost him points in five of the rounds.

The result of the fight resulted in his manager, Eddie Meade, making various demands and accusations which led to a New York Boxing Commission inquiry. The investigation decided that none of the officials had anything personal against Armstrong and that he lost because of his low blows.—United Press.

Nine Wickets for Fifteen Runs

Lawrance Brothers Lead W.D.P.S. to Fine Victory Over Cathedral School

The Western District Public School, in their annual cricket match with the Cathedral Schoolboys on the S.C.C. ground yesterday, proved their superiority once again by defeating their friendly rivals by the overwhelming margin of an innings and fifteen runs. The game, keenly fought was watched by a large and youthful crowd of supporters from the opposing schools. Conditions for play remained favourable throughout the day and the cold winds that have been making themselves felt the last few days were noticeable by their absence, the warm sunshine making for most enjoyable cricket.

The winning side all fared well, but mainly responsible for the huge victory were the brothers Lawrance. Leslie, who is fast developing into a most capable batsman with a splendid command of all strokes, scored a delightful 93, which included no less than twelve fours and one terrific hit for six off Fraser. He gave one difficult chance after he had passed his fifty, but played the attack with the confidence and aplomb of a Hutton. A bright future is predicted for this youngster.

His young brother, Raymond, created, what for these matches, must be a record. In the Cathedral School's initial knock he dismissed no less than nine batsmen for only fifteen runs and during the process hit the stumps seven times. An amazing piece of bowling. Not content with this, he again made his presence felt in the Cathedral's second knock and captured six wickets for 42. Fifteen wickets for 57! Not bad anywhere and in any grade of cricket!

Remarkable Bowling

The Cathedral batted first but were greeted with a series of shocks from R. Lawrance. This slim, fairheaded lad, spinning the ball from the off with all the dexterity of an old hand, sent back the first four bats in six balls for no runs! Of all the cricket feats this season in Shanghai, this is undoubtedly the finest. A run was scored off his seventh ball, but with the first ball of his second over, down went the stumps again, for his analysis to read.

1.1 overs, no maidens, one run, five wickets.

P. B. St. Louis, one of the opening bats, stuck to his job manfully and batted very well for his 25, but Lawrance, in his fifth over, produced another series of shocks and captured three more wickets for no runs, while his first delivery of the next over finished off the innings, which amounted to only 43.

The W.D.P.S. began quite confidently and though McEuen was out at 17, their opponents' score was passed before the fall of the next wicket. No less than seven players reached double figures with L. Lawrance showing up head and shoulders above the other members of the side. He scored his 93 all round the wicket in ninety minutes and when seemingly well set for his century was cleverly caught at deep square-leg by Middleton off Farmer.

Cathedral School

FIRST INNINGS

G. Jellonsky, b. R. Lawrance	0
P. B. St. Louis. c. and b. R. Lawrance	25
A. J. Harvey, l.b.w., b. R. Lawrance	0
D. R. Fraser, b. R. Lawrance	6
A. E. Middleton, b. R. Lawrance	0
J. D. Gilbert, b. R. Lawrance	2
H. Farmer, st. McEven, b. Quayle	8
A. J. Dodd, not out	7
L. Lawrance	3 0 15 0
P. Viccajee	2 0 12 0
A. S. St. Louis. b. R. Lawrance	0
T. H. G. Huxley, b. R. Lawrance	0
J. C. Greenfield, b. R. Lawrance	0
Extras	1
Total	43

Fall of Wickets:—1-0, 2-0, 3-0, 4-0, 5-6, 6-19, 7-43, 8-43, 9-43, 10-43.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
R. Lawrance	5.1	1	15	9
J. Quayle	2	0	10	1
R. Gates	2	0	13	0
A. Manley	1	0	4	0

Public School

FIRST INNINGS

L. Lawrance. c. Middleton, b. Farmer	93
M. McEuen, run out	12
R. Gates, c. Fraser, b. A. S. St. Louis	15
C. Butt, b. A. S. St. Louis	14
A. Manley, b. Farmer	11
J. Kamiloff, run out	0
E. Courtney, c. and b.. Harvey	0
R. Lawrance, not out	12
J. Quayle. b. Farmer	0
L. Willis, not out	10
P. Viccajee, did not bat	—
Extras	14
Total (for 8 wkts. decl.)	181

Fall of Wickets:—1-17, 2-63, 3-98, 4-125, 5-135, 6-155, 7-155, 8-155.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
A. J. Harvey	9	3	35	1
J. Greenfield	5	0	37	0
A. S. St. Louis	7	0	39	2
D. Fraser	5	0	22	0
H. Farmer	6	2	22	3
A. Middleton	1	0	2	0

Cathedral School

SECOND INNINGS

G. Jellonsky, c. McEuen, b. R. Lawrance	2
P. B. St. Louis, c. L. Lawrance, b. Quayle	3
A. J. Harvey, b. R. Lawrance	75
D. R. Fraser, b. R. Lawrance	0
A. E. Middleton, b. R. Lawrance	24
J. D. Gilbert, c. L. Lawrance, b. R. Lawrance	9
H. Farmer, c. R. Lawrance, b. Manley	1
A. J. Dodd, b. Manley	0
A. S. St. Louis, l.b.w., b. Manley	0
T. H. G. Huxley, not out	2
J. C. Greenfield, b. R. Lawrance	0
Extras	3
Total	123

Fall of Wickets:—Details not kept.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
R. Lawrance	10.3	0	42	6
J. Quayle	5	0	23	1
R. Gates	3	0	16	0
A. Manley	3	1	12	3

Rugby Union Meeting Here This Evening

Members of the Shanghai Rugby Union Football Club are reminded that the 33rd Annual General Meeting of the Club will be held at the Shanghai Race Club at 5.30 p.m. this evening. Entrance is to be made through the gate opposite Myburgh Road.

Regional Football Plans at Home

Competition to Begin on October 21; Eighty-Two Clubs to Play

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 3.

Competitive football on a regional basis will begin in England on October 21.

A total of 82 clubs will be divided among eight sections, into which England and Wales have been split, as follows: eleven in the north-east; twelve in the north-west; eleven in the east Midlands; twelve in the west; eight in the Midlands; eight in the south-west; ten in South "A"; and ten in South "B".

Clubs not participating are Aston Villa, Sunderland, Derby County, Exeter, Ipswich and Gateshead.

Points will be awarded as in the League, and clubs will meet twice on the home and away principle.—Reuter.

QUICK WAY TO BANISH MUSCULAR ACHES

Are you a victim of stiff, strained, sore muscles? If so, you will be glad to learn of Absorbine Jr., the reliable, double-acting liniment used for years by trainers of athletes. This cooling antiseptic liniment penetrates straight to the cause—breaks up congestion quickly, relieving the soreness.

Absorbine Jr. can be massaged. It will not burn the skin. Its essential oils penetrate deep down where the pain is, speed the blood through the muscles and wash away fatigue acids. Prompt relief follows. Aching muscles are soothed. Soon they are limber and supple. Rub Absorbine Jr. all over the sore area two or three times a day. A little goes far. Get a bottle today. Sold in all good stores.

ABSORBINE JR.

For years has relieved sore muscles, muscular aches, bruises, cuts, sprains, abrasions.

Sole Agents: Muller, Maclean & Co.
51 Canton Rd., Room 200, Tel. 15494

11660

CANIDROME
TO-DAY AT 5.30 P.M.

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223 HELD OVER!
TODAY ONLY! 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
A Delightful New Screen Character You're Going To Fall For—HARD!
SHE'S LOOKING FOR TROUBLE... AND, BOY, IS SHE GONNA FIND IT!
NANCY DREW Reporter
A NANCY DREW ADVENTURE
with BONITA GRANVILLE • John Litel • Frank Thomas, Jr. • Mary Lee
Directed by WILLIAM CLEMENS • Original Screen Play by Kenneth Gamet • Based on the Nancy Drew Stories by Carolyn Keene • A First National Picture • Presented by WARNER BROS.
ADDED! "There Goes The Bride" (Musical) and CARTOON in Technicolor
Downtown Booking at SAM LAZARO BROS!

PURE GRAIN "SHOF" Genuine Russian Vodka

ASTOR
Now Playing at 2, 4.30, 7, 9.15
MISS CHEN YUN SHANG
(Star of HWA MU-LAN)
in her greatest hit
"QUEEN for One NIGHT"
Directed by S. K. Chang
Stalls 60 cts., Balcony 80 cts., $1.10

HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY at 7.30 p.m.

Events 1-8;	*Events 9-16;*
1. ICHASO	1. TABOADA
2. JUANITO	2. GARATE
3. ECHARRI	3. ACHA
4. IBARRA	4. GUERNICA
5. RAFAEL	5. BARRUTI
6. CHITIVAR	6. OLASO

AFAYETTE CINEMA
323 R. Lafayette Tel. 81200
TO-DAY at 3, 5, 7 and 9 p.m.
GLORIOUS EPIC OF A BRAVE NEW STATE
"Heroes of the Alamo"
Admission 33 and 44 cts.

GRAND opens TO-MORROW!
—Limited Road Show Engagement—
HE sprang from the earth... savage, primitive... to lead his people in history's most amazing, exciting adventure!
SHE came from kings... proud, ambitious... to rule a strange land, to lose her happiness, to win a world's sympathy!
PAUL MUNI · BETTE DAVIS in JUAREZ (WAR-EZZ)
Presented by WARNER BROS. Directed by WILLIAM DIETERLE
with BRIAN AHERNE
CLAUDE RAINS · JOHN GARFIELD · DONALD CRISP
JOSEPH CALLEIA • GALE SONDERGAARD
GILBERT ROLAND • HENRY O'NEILL
Screen Play by John Huston, Aeneas MacKenzie and Wolfgang Reinhardt • Based on a Play by Franz Werfel and the Novel, "The Phantom Crown," by Bertita Harding • Music by Erich Wolfgang Korngold
Prices of Admission: $1.10, $1.60, $2.10 $1.10, $1.60, $2.10, $2.65
BOOK NOW! Telephone Reservations Can Only Be Accepted for Tickets To Be Taken Up at Latest The Day Before Available.

CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757
TO-DAY and TO-MORROW!
2 Days Only! at 3, 5.30 and 9 p.m.
Colorful Drama Whose Action Ranges All The Way from The Famous French Academy to Desert Wastes in Syria!
Trois de St Cyr
An Outstanding French Production
With JEAN TOUTAIN, JEAN MERCANTON, Jean CHEVRIER, Helen Perdriere With The Assistance of The French Army

OPENS FRIDAY!
That Great Lover... that Debonair Heart-crusher ...is back in his biggest hit!
JACK BENNY Radio's No. 1 comedian, funnier than ever!
DOROTHY LAMOUR thrillingly beautiful in her new streamlined sarong!
EDWARD ARNOLD as the girl's Husband, who gets Jack in a jam and sends Jack on the lam!
IN "MAN ABOUT TOWN"
with Binnie Barnes · Phil Harris · Betty Grable · "Rochester" · E. E. Clive · Matty Malneck and His Orchestra
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE · DIRECTED BY MARK SANDRICH
SONG HITS! "STRANGE ENCHANTMENT" "MAN ABOUT TOWN" "THAT SENTIMENTAL SANDWICH" "FIDGETY JOE"
Booking Open NOW!

FORD Taxis TELEPHONE 30189

Secret Air Field Bombed

Japanese Planes Raid Ipin In Fifth Successive Visit To Szechuen Province

A Japanese Naval Air Base, Oct. 3.

Five Japanese naval air squadrons returned here early today after a two-hour leisurely "visit" to a secret Chinese air base at Ipin, located at the junction of the Kinsha and Min rivers, 225 kilometres above Chungking.

The raid, which pilots described as "devastating" was executed after a Chinese combat 'plane had unwittingly invited the attention of Japanese pilots to Ipin by fleeing there after an engagement with Japanese bombers during an attack upon Chungking on August 1.

Taken by surprise, the Chinese abandoned several large aircraft on the field, Japanese pilots said, a total lack of anti-aircraft fire or aerial defence permitted the Japanese squadrons to circle over their objective for two hours picking out their targets at leisure, they added.

This was the fifth successive raid into Szechuen in as many nights, but the first ever carried out against Ipin.

Referring to the circumstances that led to the discovery of the Ipin aerodrome, a Japanese pilot said: "It would have been impolite not to call after having been invited!"—Domei.

Chengtu Also Bombed

Chengtu, Oct. 2.

The fourth Japanese air raid on Chengtu was made last night, Sunday being again chosen for the attack. After bombing the city, the raiders left at 1.10 a.m. this morning, but the "all-clear" was not sounded until 4.30 a.m., as it was feared that they might return.

All those who did not evacuate the city when the preliminary warnings were sounded spent most of the night in dug-outs.

The Japanese 'planes attacked in three relays, but the heaviest damage was done by the last relay which came when most people thought that the raid was over.

All bombs, however, were dropped 1½ miles outside the South Gate in empty fields and casualties were very slight.

Reuter's correspondent today visited the area outside the South Gate and found one or two demolished farms and several innocent victims, among them a dead mother and her baby.—Reuter.

American Gaoled for Carrying Weapon

Serious Attitude Taken By Judge in U.S. Court

Joseph Stephan Cassedy, 33 year-old American school teacher, pleaded guilty to a charge of carrying a concealed weapon before Judge Milton J. Helmick, Judge, in the United States Court for China, yesterday morning, and was sentenced to 60 days' imprisonment in Ward Road Gaol.

Cassedy, as will be recalled, was arrested by Mr. Gordon Campbell, U.S. Marshall, at an address at Kiaochow Road on Sunday after he had placed a .45 calibre pistol on the bar of the New Savoy Bar, Bubbling Well Road on Friday evening.

Although witnesses had been summoned, they were not called in view of the fact that the accused pleaded guilty. In addressing the court, Mr. Leighton Shields, District Attorney, said that the accused had told the police that he was working for the "New York Times" but that it was found that he had only approached Mr. Hallett Abend, China Correspondent of the New York newspaper and had applied for a position without results.

The accused, Mr. Shields continued, had also made a detailed statement to him saying that he had acquired the pistol in the United States in 1932, and had decided to keep it because he intended to join the Shanghai Volunteer Corps at the request of a friend.

"As far as I am aware", Mr. Shields added, "the S.V.C. supplies its own weapons."

In dealing with the pistol, the District Attorney said that it had been examined by experts of the S.M.P. and it was found that it was one of twenty pistols to have been imported into Shanghai in 1935 and had previously belonged to a Mr. Scarborough. Mr. Shields said that he was able to prove that the gun was stolen but that he was not going to do this as there was no charge of theft against the accused.

Mr. J. Davies, for the defence, told the court that Cassedy had been employed as a school teacher in the Catholic Mission School in Peiping in 1932 and that he remained in Shanghai until 1936 when he returned to the United States after he was married.

As a result of marital troubles, the attorney continued, Cassedy had returned to Shanghai. He also pointed out that Cassedy had not stolen the pistol as, when the gun was taken by the accused, a note was left for the owner, informing him that he had taken the gun. Mr. Davies recommended that the accused be given a suspended sentence as this was his first offence.

In passing judgment, Judge Helmick pointed out that the court was not harsh and did not wish to inflict a harsh punishment but that there was no excuse for this sort of a thing.

"An American who carries a gun," Mr. Helmick continued, "is punishable, if not as a criminal, then as an irresponsible person."

Train Service Between Berlin and E. Prussia

Passengers Forbidden to Alight in Polish Territory

London, Oct. 3.

According to a German broadcast message, train service between Berlin and East Prussia, interrupted by the outbreak of fighting in Poland, has been resumed.

Passengers leave the train when they reach the Vistula, and are taken across by ferry-boat. They are strictly forbidden to alight in former Polish territory.—Reuter.

"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Soldiers' Memorial Unveiled

At an impressive ceremony held in the Hungjao Cemetery yesterday morning, Major-General F. K. Simmons, M.V.O., O.B.E., M.C., unveiled the Soldiers' Memorial honouring the remains of 305 officers and men who died of wounds or sickness during the Taiping Rebellion, 1862-1865. In the pictures reproduced above, Maj.-Gen. Simmons is seen dedicating the monument prior to unveiling it, while (below) representatives of various military and other organizations are standing at attention. A volley of three rounds was also fired, and the "Last Post" and "Reveille" were sounded.

Soldiers' Memorial Unveiled At Hungjao Cemetery

Impressive Ceremony at Reinterment of Men Who Fell During Taiping Rebellion

AT a military ceremony, the impressive simplicity of which bore out its solemnity, the Soldiers' Memorial was unveiled in the Hungjao Cemetery by Major-General F. Keith Simmons, M.V.O., O.B.E., M.C. in the presence of Sir Herbert Phillips, K.C.M.G., O.B.E., H.M. Consul-General, Col. Grenier, Commander of the French Forces stationed in Shanghai, Mr. C. S. Franklin, Chairman of the S.M.C., Mr. Godfrey G. Phillips, Secretary and Commissioner-General of the S.M.C., Mr. W. J. Keswick, Vice-Chairman of the S.M.C. Col. J. W. Hornby, M.C., Commandant of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps, Dean A. C. S. Trivett and many others at 11.30 a.m. yesterday.

A delegation from the United Services Association also attended as did a large number of British residents and representatives from the various departments of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

The floral tributes later deposited on the Memorial, were of a magnificance rarely seen and the ceremony, while very simple, was one of the most impressive to have been witnessed in Shanghai in a long time.

The Band and Drums, a firing party and a representative party from the 2nd Bn. The East Surrey Regiment and a representative party from the 1st Bn. The Seaforth Highlanders marched to the cemetery along Columbia Road and shortly after they had taken up their respective positions on the left and right sides of the memorial and just behind the Chapel, the Rev. J. N. Lewis Bryan, assisted by the Rev. J. A. Williamson conducted the religious service, whereupon Maj.-Gen. Simmons, walked up to the Memorial and dedicated it to the 305 officers and men who died of wounds and sickness during the Taiping Rebellion between 1862 and 1865. In doing so, he cut the string on which the Union Jack was suspended and formally declared the memorial unveiled.

The firing party then fired three volleys whereupon the buglers of the 2nd Bn. The East Surrey Regiment sounded the "Last Post" followed by "Reveille."

Many Wreaths Laid

The wreaths were then laid on the memorial, the first being carried by Sir Herbert Phillips, followed by Maj.-Gen. Simmons, Messrs. Franklin and Keswick and representatives of numerous military units including Messrs. J. D. Shotter and V. Sharman of the United Services Association, and an officer from the Shanghai Scottish, S.V.C.

After placing their wreaths on the Memorial, the various officers saluted before regaining their places, while those not wearing uniforms stood at attention for a short while prior to returning to where the representatives of the various organizations stood.

At the conclusion of the ceremony near the memorial, those present regained the main lane in the cemetery to watch the Band and the military parties march past.

Among those having sent wreaths were: The Shanghai Municipal Council, Sir Herbert Phillips, Mr. C. S. Franklin, Maj.-Gen. Simmons, All Ranks of the Indian Army, the Royal Army Service Corps, Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers, the 1st. Bn. The Seaforth Highlanders, the Royal Army Medical Corps, the Shanghai Fire Brigade, Officers of the 1st. Bn. The East Surrey Regiment, N.C.O.s of the Hampshire Regiment, the United Services Association, the Shanghai Scottish and many others.

The memorial itself is very simple. It was designed and erected by the Public Works Department, S.M.C. and is constructed of hammer-dressed precast artificial stone facing with a backing of brickwork. In the centre of the middle portion of the Memorial there is bronze plate reading:

"Sacred to the memory of 305 officers and men of the British Army who died in defence of the Foreign Settlement 1862-1865. In order to secure from violation their last earthly resting place, the mortal remains of these officers and men were removed by the Shanghai Municipal Council from the original Soldiers' Cemetery adjoining the Wall of the Old Chinese City and re-interred here on October 3, 1939."

In front of the Memorial, six tomb stones, which have been reconditioned, have been emplaced and give details of those interred there. The remains were removed from the British Soldiers' Cemetery at No. 831 Mingkok Road, Nantao, when it was discovered early last year, that the graves were in deplorable condition because the gardener had been forced to evacuate following the outbreak of hostilities in Nantao.

Two Armed Robberies

Four men, three of them armed with pistols, were successful in making their escape with $517.70 and one gold ring after they had intimidated the occupants of a Chinese house at 450 Race Course Road shortly after 7 p.m. yesterday, while less than two hours later, four men entered a Chinese home at 216-218 Yenshan Road and managed to flee with a loot consisting of $120 in bank-notes before the occupants had a chance to inform the police. Detectives from Chengtu Road and Yulin Road police stations respectively, are making investigations.

M. Paderewski Supports New Government

Famous Polish Patriot Sends Letter

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Lausanne, Oct. 3.

M. Ignace Jan Paderewski, the famous pianist and first Premier and Foreign Minister to Poland (1919-20), who is now living here, has sent his secretary to Paris with a letter giving support to the new Polish Government.

Adhering strictly to the Swiss neutrality rule, that any foreigner living in Switzerland must abstain from political activity, M. Paderewski declined to release the contents of his letter.—Reuter.

U.S. Army to Be Increased

Washington, Oct. 3.

The Secretary of War, Mr. Harry Woodring, said yesterday that Army personnel would be increased during the current fiscal year by 114,494 men, including 25,790 in the rapidly expanding Army air corps.—United Press.

April Budget to Get £888,000,000

Remarkable Response of British People to Needs In Emergency Manifested

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 2.

The Budget Debate was continued in the House of Commons today. The Financial Secretary to the Treasury, Captain H.F.C. Crookshank, claimed that the response of tax-payers to the Budget had been truly remarkable, and was one more sign that if it were needed, the determination of the British people would contribute in a financial sphere to the winning of the war.

Something like £888,000,000 would be obtained as a result of the April Budget, and £197,000,000 from the present Budget, he declared. The new rates for income tax, surtax and death duties were going to produce far-reaching changes in the lives of thousands of people, and increases in indirect taxation too would be borne with resignation and even cheerfulness by the general body of consumers, he continued.

The Excess Profits Duty had not been unexpected and it would replace the Armaments Profits Duty on which the House of Commons had spent many hours earlier in the year. That tax was levied only on armament firms, but the new tax would fall upon all firms, whether engaged in armaments works or not. It was the right sort of tax, he said, for war-time.

Captain Crookshank informed the House that at the end of last week, a circular was sent out to all departments reminding them that the strictest economy must be exercised over the whole field of public expenditure, because of the imperative necessity of husbanding the financial resources of the country so as to make them available to the utmost for purposes of war. The usual Treasury control might be trusted to be exercised to the utmost, Captain Crookshank concluded.

Labour Criticisms

Mr. Hugh Dalton, member for the Bishop Auckland Division of Durham, expressed satisfaction, on behalf of the Labour Opposition, at the Chancellor's decision to avoid the error of the last war of paying only a small fraction of the cost at a time and borrowing the balance at exorbitant interest.

He renewed the Labour criticism of the Sugar Tax and also urged the retention of the existing rebatements in respect of children and earned income. He suggested that the Chancellor might make up the loss of the estimated revenue in these concessions by a tax assessed on capital.

Sir Percy Harris, of the Liberal Party, said that he believed the country was generally in favour of the Emergency Budget proposals.—Reuter.

Nazis Confiscating Hospital Supplies

Copenhagen, Oct. 3.

That German casualties in Poland were heavy may be gauged from the fact that the Nazis are widely confiscating sheets, blankets and bed-linen for hospitals. As usual, the Jews are the first to suffer. Jewish property of all kinds, including wireless sets, have been seized.—Reuter.

Chungking Told River Gunboats Withdrawing

Motives Understood, But Regret Expressed

Chungking, Oct. 3.

Simultaneous with the announcement made in Shanghai yesterday of the decision of the British Navy to withdraw five gunboats from the Yangtze River, the Foreign Office here was also officially notified.

The notification stressed that the decision was entirely prompted by military considerations.

While Chinese circles fully understand the motive of the British decision, they nevertheless regret that such a measure had to be taken as it might be interpreted as a British withdrawal from the Yangtze, or might even be taken as indication that Britain is no longer interested in the protection of her interests in China and the Far East, in view of the European War.

The Chinese press this morning published the news without comment.—Reuter.

Bolshevization of Polish Territories

Moscow, Oct. 3.

The Bolshevization of Polish territories occupied by the Red Army is being pursued, it is announced here. Religious instruction has been banned in Jewish schools at Wolkowysk, in White Russia. Courses in Hebrew have been replaced by teachings in the Russian and Ruthenian languages. Havas.

BAKERITE BISCUITS

Variety No. 12.

GRAHAM CRACKER

THE LOUNGE

(on third floor)

TEA AND COCKTAILS

Dinner Dance Nightly

Sky Terrace—14th Floor

Leo Itkis and His Orchestra

with Floor Show

by

Miss Lilly Flohr and Six Petite Girls

PARK HOTEL

Telephone 91010

K1

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133

Opens TODAY! 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.

— Limited Roadshow Engagement —

He Wrote His Vindication in CRIMSON BLOOD!

Note: Only One Short Precedes The Feature!

ADMISSION: $1.10, $1.60, $2.10 $1.10, $1.60, $2.10, $2.65

(Telephone Reservations Can Only Be Accepted for Tickets To Be Taken Up at Latest The Day Before Available)

AFTER THE SHOW . . .

Show up at DD's

815, Av. Joffre. 71609

870, Bubbling Well Rd., 38092

TEL. 70785 DOUMER 9 RTE DOUMER

To-day at 2.30 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.

Chester MORRIS Frances MERCER

in

"SMASHING THE RACKETS"

Next Change!

"DAVIS COPPERFIELD"

With a star cast of 65

40 cts., 60 cts., and 85 cts. incl. Tax

Uptown

Air-Conditioned! Tel. 38484

To-day at 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.

UP-TO-THE-SPLIT SECOND MYSTERY OF AMERICA'S No.1G-MAN!

NEXT CHANGE!

MERIAN C. COOPER'S

"The Last Days of Pompeii."

CAPITOL

142 Museum Road

Telephone 17100

2.30, 5.30, 9

40c., 60c., 80c., $1.10

TO-DAY! DUKE OF WEST POINT Louis HAYWARD Joan FONTAINE

Friday and Saturday: Persons in Hiding

GOLDEN GATE PHONE 74456 745 AV. FOCH (AIR CONDITIONED)

2.30, 5.30, 9

40c., 60c., 85c.

TO-DAY! SHE MARRIED AN ARTIST John BOLES Lili DESTE Frances Drake

Friday and Saturday: Wife, Husband and Friend

RIALTO

239 Kweichow Road

Telephone 94110

2.30, 5.30, 9

40c., 60c., 85c.

TO-DAY! BULLDOG DRUMMOND'S PERIL John HOWARD Louise CAMPBELL

Friday and Saturday: Made For Each Other

PARIS

550 Av. Joffre

Telephone 85205

2.30, 5, 7, 9.15

40c., 60c., 85c.

TO-DAY! OFF THE RECORD Pat O'BRIEN Joan BLONDELL

Friday and Saturday: Naughty But Nice

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93322 OPENS TO-DAY! 2.30, 5.30 and 9 p.m.

— Now at Ordinary Prices! —

HIT NO. 1 . . . IN MOTION PICTURES' GREATEST YEAR!

FILMED ENTIRELY IN TECHNICOLOR

The show that dwarfs everything that has gone before! Your singing sweethearts of "Maytime"... in an entertainment triumph!...Thrilling with magic Technicolor ... bursting with Victor Herbert melody... scintillating with stunning spectacle... heart-stirring with romance! A cast of thousands, including a galaxy of fun-stars!

JEANETTE NELSON

Mac Donald Eddy

in VICTOR HERBERT'S

SWEETHEARTS

FRANK MORGAN • RAY BOLGER

FLORENCE RICE • MISCHA AUER

HERMAN BING • REGINALD GARDINER

Screen Play by Dorothy Parker and Alan Campbell

Directed by W. S. VAN DYKE II

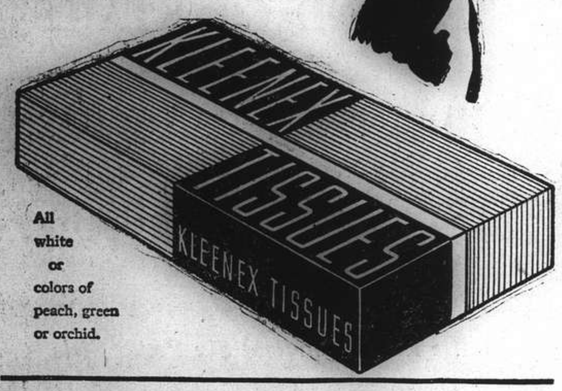
Produced by HUNT STROMBERG

70 cts., $1.10, $1.60, 80 cts., $1.10, $1.60 85 cts., $1.20, $1.60, $2.10

Note: Reservations Can Only Be Held Till 5 Minutes Before Show Starts

The Well-Ordered Household Always Boasts a Full Supply

Kleenex, those handy, thirsty tissues of a hundred uses. Keep a box in the guest room, nursery, kitchen and bathroom. Handy in the car—at school—to clean spectacles.



All white or colors of peach, green or orchid.

SAVE COAL THIS WINTER

BY

ordering your mechanical stokers NOW for Heating and Hot Water Boilers, thereby affecting a SAVING in fuel cost of 25%. STOKERS manufactured in our Workshop are guaranteed for two years. Fitted with IMPORTED motors and electric equipment.

The Shanghai Waterworks Fittings Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinances, Hongkong)

Office: 484 Kiangse Road Telephone 15577

Workshop: 464 Yangchow Road Telephone 50921

A. FUEREDI & CO.

City Tailor

90 years of management at the House of Rothberger, Vienna's greatest tailoring establishment known the world over, are your guarantee for our work.

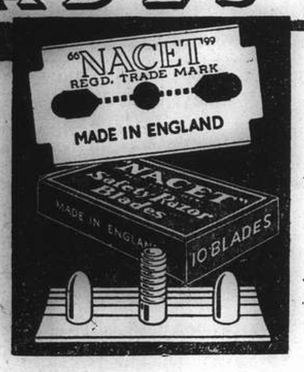
346 Szechuen Rd., Mezzanine Floor, Room 11, Liza Bldg., Tel. 13964

T. MACDONALD & CO.

FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS—1076 SINZA RD.

All Kinds of Monuments in Stock Telephone 30466

"NACET" BLADES



Buy Nacet and avoid the risk of gambling on cheap blades. Nacet Blades are established favourites, because of their high quality and low price, and assure you of many clean, smooth shaves from every blade. They fit three-peg razors.

H2

Directory of Protestant Missions in China, 1939

This Directory, which contains the Protestant Missions and their various Stations in each Province, is the only complete record of Missionaries in China now published. It is alphabetically compiled, both on the basis of names and places, and contains the latest available information.

Price $1.50; postage in China, 15 Cents

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD

17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11055

The House of Nevafaid

British-owned

1529 Bubbling Well Road Shanghai

Our Speciality:

COTTON MATERIALS

In guaranteed fast colours

Suitable for all purposes, at very reasonable prices

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

has frequent sailings from

SHANGHAI to CHINWANGTAO

DIRECT

Reservations for passenger accommodation may be made at the

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

SHIPPING OFFICE, 3rd Floor

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, 12 The Bund, entrance Foochow Road, Telephone 11070 or through the principal Travel Bureaux.

COMMERCIAL UNION

Assurance Company, Limited

Telephone 13407 (4 lines) 17 Canton Road, Shanghai

FIRE and BURGLARY

Private Dwellings

Business Premises

Manager for China: E. Lester Arnold

Telephone 34220 Artistic Memorials

International Funeral Directors

207 KIAOCHOW ROAD

Personal care of

Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Scott • Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Horton

A Word of Advice

Don't take "care" → take

COOK'S TRAVELLERS CHEQUES

THOS. COOK & SON (BANKERS), LTD.

CENTRAL ARCADE

Corner of Nanking and Szechuen Roads

Telephone 12261

HEALTH-RAYS "SUN" LAMP

LOOK HEALTHY! BE HEALTHY!!

Purchased at $10 p. month.

Call and see it at

HEALTH-RAYS, LIMITED

45 Denis Apartments

770 Bubbling Well Road

Telephone 33837

MacNiven's Whisky

One of the best Whiskies of the World

James Martin & Co., Ltd., Edinburgh

Imported in Original Bottles

Melrose's Extra Dry Gin

Imported in Original Bottles from Melrose, Drover Ltd., Edinburgh-Leith

Sole Agent for Shanghai:

S. Rotter & Co.

377 Avenue du Roi Albert

Telephone 74961

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 20 cents

Shanghai delivery	per annum	$36
China, Korea and Japan	"	44
Hongkong and Macao	"	62
Postal Union Countries	"	160

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies 80 cents

Shanghai, China, Korea and Japan	per annum	$36
Hongkong and Macao	"	40
Postal Union Countries	"	60

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LIMITED (Incorporated in Hongkong)

Reg. Office: North-China Building, Shanghai

Telegrams: Herald Shanghai

P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

Announcements in this column $5 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

MARRIAGE

WALMSLEY—PUGH.—On October 3, 1939, at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, by the Very Rev. Dean Trivett, M.A., D.D., EVELYN, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Pugh, to THOMAS, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Walmsley, both of Bradford, England. 11667

DEATHS

QUIMBY.—Sunday morning October 1, 1939, EDITH ETHEL (Holder) QUIMBY, Toronto, Canada, aged 46, the beloved-wife of John Wesley and mother of John Sumner and Ethel Rebecca. -4938

REINBERG.—On October 3, 1939, at his residence, 159/33 Avenue Haig, Shanghai, VICTOR, ERNEST REINBERG, our dearly-beloved husband and father. Removed to the Parlours of the International Funeral Directors. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

CARDS

Mrs. E. R. SHERWOOD AND FAMILY desire to thank their friends for the kind expressions of sympathy in their recent bereavement, and for the beautiful gift of flowers. -5036

Mme THERESE BACKAERT, finding it impossible personally to thank all her friends, tenders her deep and appreciative thanks for the many letters of sympathy and floral tributes sent to her in her recent sad bereavement. 11664

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

PEACE PROSPECTS

When Herr Hitler makes his expected speech before the Reichstag, either on Thursday or Friday, he will already know the attitude of the British Government towards the peace offensive which he launched following the capture of Warsaw. For that reason it may be a very different oration from what the world expects at the moment, for it has been suggested that if Mr. Chamberlain is as forthright in the House of Commons on the subject as Mr. Winston Churchill was in his broadcast on Sunday night Herr Hitler will know beforehand that his overtures for peace will be rejected. It is expected by some that if this is the case he will desist from his peace offensive. That does not appear to be very likely, for he has to consider the psychological effect of a peace offensive upon the people over whom, unfortunately, he rules. It is just as necessary, now, as it has been all along, to convince the propaganda-fed German people that they are indeed victims of aggression, and that the Reich has been fighting only in self-defence. The vamped up tales of atrocities by Poles against Germans in the Press campaign which preceded the invasion of Poland was necessary for the same purpose. Some sort of thin veneer of alleged right has to cover the forays of the German Government, and it will be necessary for Herr Hitler to formulate his peace terms, so that, if they are rejected, he will be able to show his people how his own pacific ideas are thwarted by the Allies who are bent upon the destruction of the German nation. With such a fiction he will hope to whip the whole of Germany into a state of indignation which will bring to him a rather warmer support for war than it is alleged is apparent within the confines of his country. He is not likely then to abandon his peace offensive, for, even if he realizes there is little chance of its success, it still would have a certain propaganda value which could not lightly be disregarded. He has to continue endeavouring to fool the German people all the time, and one of the best methods of doing that at present is to delude them into thinking that instead of fighting a war of aggression they are indeed fighting in self-defence.

The firm attitude which the Allies have adopted, towards this latest manœuvre of Herr Hitler is reported to be seriously disconcerting official quarters in Berlin who, at any rate for a while, believed in the possibility of an early peace as a sequel to the German bluff. No other word can be used to describe this latest development. With a striking victory over the Poles,—with, of course, the assistance of the Russians,—Herr Hitler apparently hoped to impress Great Britain and France with the terrors of a continuation of war, and so to influence public opinion in those countries that their Governments would be obliged to adopt a more amenable attitude towards him. The knowledge of the psychology of Britions and Frenchmen which Herr Hitler, and his advisers appear to possess is faulty in the extreme. Those two nations have been outraged to the core by German behaviour, first in precipitating war, and then in the manner of its conduct; they are no longer to be bluffed, and if Mr. Chamberlain follows in his speech the lines of Mr. Winston Churchill in his Sunday broadcast,—and it is believed he will, for obviously the latter did not say what he did without the foreknowledge and consent of the Prime Minister,—he will merely be voicing the decision of the nation to stand firmly beside France in the rejection of any compromise which leaves the burglar in possession of his swag. The sword which Herr Hitler has forced into unwilling hands will not now be lightly laid aside. In view of the history of the last two years it is obvious that it cannot be. Even the assurance of Herr Hitler, the man of so many assurances, that there is no other outstanding question between himself, and the Allies, except the question of colonies, does not alter the situation. In the first place it is impossible to believe him, and, in the second, a peace now would not prevent him indulging in precisely the same tactics directly he decided to bring the colonial issue to a head. It is not necessary in describing Herr Hitler to use the vehement words which Mr. Churchill used, but it may be pointed out that past perfidies permit of no belief that any guarantee which Herr Hitler, could give in his peace offensive as to the future could be of any value whatever.

That is the seriousness of the situation. The man whom a short year ago told the world that he had no further territorial ambitions in Europe has with the assistance of Russia crushed and partitioned a gallant people. What possible faith can now be placed in a man who has dishonoured his word in such a fashion, and that not for the first time? Even if Herr Hitler were to restore Poland to her former integrity as a part of his peace terms, something quite unthinkable, it would not even then be possible to place any faith in him whatever, except the faith that sooner or later he would again break his word. That being the case, as it manifestly is, what peace of any durability can possibly be reached so long as he and his henchmen remain in power? The answer is obvious—none, and the issue now is not that of Poland alone but whether Europe and the world at large are to put a stop to this man's activities once and for all, or to submit to continual blackmail of the type with which the world has become all too familiar through his activities. By the time these lines appear in print, Mr. Chamberlain will have made known to the world the attitude of the British Government. If he declares its decision to continue the struggle until Herr Hitler and his regime is destroyed there will be no cause for surprise, even though there will be very real regret that this tragedy will have to be carried through to the last hour of act. Despite that regret he will have behind him the support of the whole of the British Empire in the determination that this evil thing which has sprung up in Europe shall be rooted out once and for all. France will stand solidly beside Great Britain in that decision; attempts to drive a wedge between the two have failed miserably, and in their common peril they realize they face a system which were it allowed to prevail would rob them of all that liberty of which they have fought for centuries past. The issue is simple and straightforward. If peace of any permanency is to be brought to a horribly distracted world the activities of Herr Hitler and his accomplices have to be stopped, and the wrongs which they have committed righted. That cannot be done by acquiescing in any precarious peace which Herr Hitler now seeks to foist upon Europe.

Mr. Winston Churchill

Opponents to the inclusion of Mr. Winston Churchill in the British Cabinet must now be feeling abashed at the wonderful impression he has made since he took over the portfolio of First Lord of the Admiralty. He has proved to be one of the best tonics the nation has received since the war started, and nobody who read or heard his speech over the B.B.C. broadcasts can have failed to be stimulated by the utterances of a great man to a great people engaged in a great cause. Unusual times produce unusual men but in this case Mr. Churchill seems to have been the opportune choice waiting for the times to utilize his services. Always a forceful speaker, clothing his thoughts and ideas in eloquent language, bold, daring, master of the pungent phrase in political debate, in his last speech he appeared in a new light, conscious of the new role he is occupying and acutely appreciative of the confidence his words would instill not only in the United Kingdom, nor in the British Empire, but throughout the world where Britons are living in distant places and where neutrals, cognisant of the issues involved in the titanic struggle ahead, awaited such a message. In Shanghai—which is among the most distant of British communities measured geographically but not spiritually—there was widespread comment and admiration yesterday. "He is the greatest man we have in Britain today," was one remark. This did not mean any depreciatory reference to Mr. Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, whose fulfilment of a great burden of duty, with dignity, quietness and firmness, has also gained him universal respect, but it represents acknowledgement of a re-invigoration of spirit which may have declined somewhat under the circumstances of a impending catastrophe. Mr. Churchill once repeated the phrase of a great orator when, referring to a political opponent, he said he was "intoxicated by the exuberance of his own verbosity." Such was not the case on Sunday. In himself he personified the re-affirmation of great principles. "We have been told that we are effete Democracies. Our reluctance to fight was mocked as cowardice, but now we have begun, and with the help of God and with the conviction that we are defenders of civilization and freedom, we are going on to the end," he said. That precisely represents the feeling of all British peoples.

Hitler or God?

The announcement over the German radio that Dr. Hans Frank has been appointed supreme head of the government of the area of Poland which has been occupied by Germany does not forecast a happy future for that country. Against Dr. Frank, personally, there is little to be said, except that in his opinions and beliefs he seems to suffer from an aggravated form of that mentality which is a feature of all the Nazi leaders. Unless Dr. Frank takes unto himself the privilege of changing his mind every few months or so, as some of his superiors in the Nazi organization seem to do, his idea of the responsibility which has been laid upon him can be measured by a declaration he made at Frankfurt on Main at the end of October, 1935, when he was Minister of Justice. At that time he stated:

"Formerly, we were in the habit of saying: 'This is right or wrong'; today we must put the question accordingly: 'What would the Fuehrer say'? This attitude towards the Fuehrer as well as his own person, are the Categorical Imperative to which German life must henceforward conform. We are under the obligation of recognizing as a holy work of our Volk's spirit the laws signed by Adolf Hitler's name. Hitler has received his authority from God. Therefore he is a champion, sent by God, for German right in the world."

There should be no need to emphasize that this strange declaration was made by a Minister of Justice. If it means anything at all, it means that the only justice to be admitted is the will of the Fuehrer. As this will is so uncertain that it is not known from day to day, the quality of the justice administered can be guessed. Yet Dr. Frank has been appointed to rule over and to restore to normal a large part of a country which has been ravaged by troops and aeroplanes in heroic defence of its liberties, and sadly needs a capable and sympathetic hand to guide it from chaos to law and order. To Dr. Frank there is only one law—what the Fuehrer says. To him there is only one right—German right. It may, therefore, be confidently predicated that his governorship of German-occupied Poland will not be a success.

A COUNTRY DIARY

Weihaiwei, Sept. 22.—Just as the constellation Scorpio is the main feature of our August skies, so the month of August is the usual time for the living Scorpions to invade our houses; they do not come in large numbers but are liable to be found either singly or in pairs in damp rooms and more particularly in bathrooms where they come during the dry season in search of water....a quite natural craving in a creature which came out of the sea untold years ago in the form of an embryo lobster. They sometimes breed in and around our houses (instead of among the rocks where they belong) and I am beginning to wonder if this is one of the penalties of building a stone house? The young are born alive and quickly disappear into their natural haunts but an old one sometimes gets left behind and may be seen in September....as this story witnesses. A few days ago I found a large adult on the stone steps in the garden and judged it to be an old one because it had a long tail with extra poison sacs—so I promptly trod on it and left it in my haste: next morning I took my daughter to view the corpse and to my surprise found it travelling across the path quite rapidly! Further investigation showed that it was really dead, but was being dragged off by a number of ants who were alternately towing it and tearing bits off the body: we first noted that they were taking the claws....a not unnatural selection when we remember its lobster descent....but it was more surprising to note that they had next removed the end of the tail containing the poison sacs! What use can ants have for an extra supply of formic acid? Can it be that the King Ant has an unpopular Queen at home? A horrid thought, but one which I put forward in the interests of science.

IN PARENTHESIS

Fiction

"DID you read much fiction while you were away?"

"Yes. My husband wrote me a letter practically every day."

* * *

Without Gas

ANGUS was showing Donald a second-hand car he had bought.

"Man, it'll be costing ye a bit in petrol," said Donald.

"Not so much," said Angus, "It's downhill to town, and I can get a tow home most days."

* * *

Prescription

A TOWN Councillor lost the notes of his speech and eventually the slip of paper was discovered at a chemist's, where it had been left by mistake.

In the meantime the Chemist had made it up as an eyewash.

* * *

Battle of Snacks

TURNING aside for a moment from the international Confusion of Moustaches, it is heartening to hear of the Battle of Snacks at a highbrow cocktail party thrown by Miss Violet Rayo, the well-known Bloomsbury pest.

Guests pelted each other with olives, shellfish and sausagettes—an idea of the hostess to jerk everybody out of their sullenness. "After all, one must do something Different, mustn't one?" she cooed, ducking a pickled onion, bowled overarm by a scrofulous novelist.

Knock-out tournaments were soon organized. In the Open Singles finals, the film actor, Willy Nilly, beat Viscount Chickens 6—1, 8—6, 6—2.

* * *

Forgetting To 'Lay This Stone'

AUSTRALIA'S Attorney-General, Mr. W. M. Hughes, was about to lay the foundation-stone of the new Patents Office at Canberra. the capital.

He made a long speech, says B.U.P., and then sat down to admire the silver trowel that had been presented to him.

An official hurried up and whispered, "Lay the stone, please."

"Lay the stone? Certainly. I had forgotten all about that," said Mr. Hughes.

And he did.

—Even the great have memory lapses, it would seem.

* * *

Questionnaire for Ladies

Do you laugh before he has reached the point of his jokes?

Do you sound surprised when he tells a funny joke?

Do you chatter continuously about nothing?

Do you perpetually ask all about him, everything he does?

Do you ask him how he has escaped marriage "for such a long time?"

Do you entertain him by long dissertations on family troubles?

Do you ask him for advice on:

a. Your romances?
b. Your finances?

Do you entertain him by discussing the shortcoming of your female friends?

Do you refer back to each milestone of your romance?

Do you talk about friends whom he doesn't know?

Do you ask him if your nose is shiny?

Do you tell him he needs a shave?

Do you rave about the party you were on the night before?

Do you criticize his pronunciation?

Do you tell office secrets?

Do you take him on window-shopping tours?

Do you gossip about mutual friends?

Do you tell smutty jokes?

Do you brag about the number and wealth of your other beaux?

Do you impress on him what a wonderful little cook you are?

Do you describe at length your ideal man?

Do you interrupt a silence with, "a penny for your thoughts?"

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

Yesterday	Min.	65.0	Max.	85.0
Same date, 1938	Min.	71.5	Max.	81.0

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	62.2	Max.	84.6
Same date, 1938	Min.	72.1	Max.	80.4

Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 2nd:—Pressure rather high and steady over China and Japan. South-westerly winds around Shantung: north-easterly to south-easterly over the Eastern Sea. Fine and cloudy weather.

State on the Morning of the 3rd:—Cloudy and fine weather. Morning mist. Normal and steady pressure. Calm of wind.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine and rather hot weather, cloudy in places with south-westerly winds around Shantung and in our regions: south-easterly to north-easterly in the south.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

TO THE POLISH REFUGEE WAR VICTIM FUND

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Saker	$250.00

TO THE I. C. MILK FUND

Hermfred	$10.00

TO THE SALVATION ARMY

Grateful Four	$50.00

TE THE LITTLE SISTERS OF THE POOR

In memory of my wife Florence Mary Rudland:—

J. Rudland	$25.00

TO THE POLISH RELIEF COMMITTEE FOR WAR VICTIMS

An Englishwoman	$25.00

TO THE PORTUGUESE LADIES BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

In memory of Mrs. F. M. Guedes:—

G. E. O. Mayne	$10.00

TO THE KING'S DAUGHTERS' SOCIETY

In memory of Mrs. P. P. Moreland:—

Mr. and Mrs. H. Hyatt	$5.00

TO THE S.S.P.C.A.

In memory of Mr. Denys H. Cooke:—

G. E. O. Mayne	$10.00
Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sweet	5.00

TO THE ROYAL SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE

In memory of Mr. Denys H. Cooke:—

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Gibson	$10.00
Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Graybrook	5.00

TO THE EUROPEAN EMIGRANTS ASSOCIATED HOSPITAL

D. Raphael	$25.00
Leon Suttor	25.00
Anonymous in memory of R. S.	100.00
Kurt Abraham	1.00

Nazi "Peace Offensive" Bound to Fail

Mr. Chamberlain Declares No Threat Can Deter Allies from Pursuing Present Objectives; Reich Government Assurances No Longer Acceptable

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 3.

"I CAN see nothing in what has happened which should cause us to modify the attitude we have seen fit to take up," declared Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, in the House of Commons yesterday in referring to German and Soviet efforts to liquidate the present war in Europe. The British stand in relation to the hostilities was reaffirmed by the Prime Minister in a strong statement, which made it clear that the so-called "peace offensive" was doomed to failure.

The implications of the Soviet-German announcement of their desire for peace were obscure, said Mr. Chamberlain. If the announcement meant anything at all, it meant that Britain and France were being asked to abandon their ideal of independence of certain countries in favour of ruthless aggression. He then dwelt on the responsibility for the war, putting the blame wholly on Hitler aggression. "I wish to add," he continued, "that no more assurances from the present German government can be accepted, since former assurances have been proved worthless." Britain, he said, was willing to examine any proposals that should be submitted, but only in the light of his previous statement.

Mr. Chamberlain briefly outlined the progress made by the French on the Western Front, and stated that a large British army had been successfully landed in France and had taken its place on the side of its French Allies. "We have every reason to be proud of the efficiency with which this difficult and complicated operation has been carried out," he said.

Naval War Relentlessly Pressed

Referring to the war at sea, Mr. Chamberlain stated that a number of bright moonlit nights recently had enabled the hunting of submarines to be continued by day and by night. The air force, he said, had carried out attacks on the German fleets, and some losses had been sustained. The war against the submarines was making definite progress, however, and no ships had been hit for a whole week. Submarines were being driven into distant waters, to the embarrassment of the German high command.

A more sinister development, he continued, was the German declaration that all merchantmen who were armed were to be regarded by the German navy as warships. If this meant anything at all, it meant that Germany had declared unrestricted submarine warfare, despite the fact that according to international law, threatened merchantmen were permitted to carry defensive armaments.

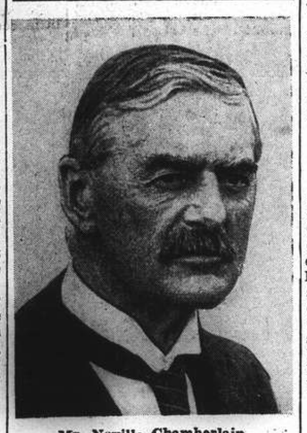
The appearance of a German raider in the South Atlantic, he went on, was being dealt with according to prearranged plans. German claims of having damaged British warships in air raids over the North Sea were denied.

Dominions Aid Appreciated

Before concluding, he expressed satisfaction over the assistance being rendered by the Dominions, especially mentioning Newfoundland and Southern Rhodesia, the former for the offer of many fishing boats which were proving extremely useful, and the latter for the offer of men for the army and the air force, which has been gratefully accepted.

On the home front, continued Mr. Chamberlain, it had been arranged to permit the Press to have direct contact with various ministries. The functions of the Ministry of Information would continue, he said. Sir Walter Monckton had been appointed Controller of Censorship, and a central censorship of the press would continue.

The announcement was made that the Prime Minister of Australia has declared that Australia would return a definite "No" to any German peace feelers put forth by the present Government of the Reich.



Mr. Neville Chamberlain

Three Results of Moscow Pact

London, Oct. 3.

Hushed silence prevailed in the packed House as Mr. Neville Chamberlain, the Prime Minister, rose to deliver his address.

"In the last week events of great importance have occurred in the international field," he said. "On September 26, the German Foreign Minister paid a visit to Moscow and on September 28 the results of this visit were proclaimed."

The Prime Minister then gave details regarding the "three-fold results" of the second Soviet-German Treaty:

"Firstly, a fourth partition of Poland has been attempted and an agreement signed recognizing as the final frontier between Russia and Germany a line agreed upon which is considerably more favourable to Germany than the provisional line of military occupation which had previously been laid down.

"Secondly, the German and Soviet Governments declared that their agreement finally settled questions arising out of the Polish collapse and created solid foundations for lasting peace in Eastern Europe. In their opinion, the liquidation of the present war between Germany and Britain and France would be in the interests of all nations. Both Governments of U.S.S.R. and Germany, they go on to say, will endeavour to achieve this object as quickly as possible."

British Aims Unchanged

"Thirdly, an economic agreement between Germany and Soviet Russia

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

Allies Dominating In Air Power

Germans Bringing Fresh Troops, Planes to West Front; Patrols Active

Paris, Oct. 3.

Considerable activity by patrols on both sides occurred on the Western front last night, the official French General Staff communique announced this morning.—Havas.

Aerial Warfare Intensified

Paris, Oct. 3.

Aerial warfare is the most interesting feature of the present operations on the Western Front, where there is a momentary lull in the French tactics of "nibbling" at the German defences.

Repeated successful reconnaissances by units of the Royal Air Force, in co-operation with French airmen, are believed to be regarded as very annoying by the German High Command. Official Allied communiques have been modest and laconic, but observers reveal that British losses have been extremely low in proportion to the number of aircraft engaged, and have been surpassed by German losses incurred in the same operations.

Allied planes have been daily in action against German machines over the German lines. The Germans are stated to be doing their utmost to prevent reconnaissance flights, and German fighters have shown increased activity in the past three or four days.

Facts on German Reinforcements

Apart from invaluable photographic evidence of German positions, Allied airmen are claimed to be bringing back news obtained from observations made far in the rear of the German main defences. This information is said to have verified and amplified reports received from the French High Command that some German forces engaged in Poland have been brought as far west as central Germany. Some of these troops are said not to be more than 120 miles from the Siegfried Line, so that they could be brought into the front line in two or three days.

The latest French communique says that local German attacks were repulsed south of Saarlouis and in the region east of the Saar, where, it adds, "there was enemy artillery fire on German localities behind our line."—Reuter.

Germans Near Swiss Borders

Berne, Oct. 2.

Concentrations of German troops were reported today in the vicinity of the Swiss frontier. It was claimed that the Reich was centring forces in the north of Lake Constance and near Ulm, also in the southern districts of Baden.—Havas.

French Rebuff German Attack

Paris, Oct. 3.

German attacks which dislodged French forces from their strategic "balcony" dominating the Saarlouis mining basin were broken by effective machine-gun and artillery fire, French advices from the front said this morning.

The French troops, whose average advance into German territory was between 12 and 13 kilometres, took no big initiative in the last 24 hours but carried out a series of lightning raids and local attacks, many of them at night. In these operations, the French took a number of German prisoners for questioning.

German efforts to regain lost posts were prevented by French artillery fire. Apart from the attack on the Saarlouis region to retain the site which is most valuable to the French, the Germans were inactive. French belief confirms the reports that the Germans have been given instructions to make no major move until the diplomatic offensive has been launched.

In continuous artillery duels the Germans are showing no reluctance to bombard and destroy German villages which are now located well behind the French Lines, the dispatches from the front said.

Reports reaching France on naval operations indicated that there was no explanation for the dropping off of Germany submarine activity.

Supplementary information on Reich aerial attacks on the British naval squadron has reached Paris. It now develops that the Germans in a reconnaissance flight spotted the fleet. The fighters disappeared only to swoop down at 2,000 meters and machine-gun the ships. Sometime later 20 bombers appeared at a height of 4,000 metres and dropped bombs without "appreciable damage," the dispatches said. They made an effort to escape the furious defensive action, but two machines were brought down, the dispatches said.—United Press.

Polish Social Welfare Minister

Paris, Oct. 2.

M. Jan Stanczyk, former Socialist Deputy, was appointed Minister of Social Welfare in the new Polish Government today.—Havas.

First Corsair Appears; Sinks Ship Off Brazil

German Sea Raider Takes Captain and Engineer Captive

London, Oct. 3.

The British Admiralty last night warned Allied ships in the south Atlantic against a mysterious German sea raider after an unidentified, heavy armed vessel had sunk the 5,050-ton British steamer Clement 70 miles off the Brazilian coast while en route from New York to Brazil.

The Admiralty said it had not been able to confirm Brazilian reports that a German pocket battleship had shelled and sunk the Clement. Admiralty officials pointed out that two of Germany's three pocket battleships at present were undergoing repairs. "If it was a pocket battleship," an Admiralty spokesman said, "it must have eluded the British blockade."

Brazilian reports said the German pocket battleship Admiral Scheer was believed to have shelled and sunk the British steamer.

The Admiralty pointed out that the Clement was within the probable limits of the Pan-American "safety zone" now being considered at the Panama City neutrality meeting of American Republics.

In Liverpool, an official of the Booth Line, owners of the Clement, announced that, "while still awaiting confirmation, it appears that all of the Clement's lifeboats were either picked up or landed. It seems fairly definite that Captain F. C. P. Harris and the Chief Engineer, Mr. W. Bryant, were taken prisoners."

The Clement sailed from New York on September 29 with 48 men aboard.—United Press.

Sixteen Survivors Landed

Rio de Janeiro, Oct. 2.

Sixteen survivors of the British steamer Clement, which was torpedoed by a German submarine, were picked up today by the Brazilian ship Itatinga. They were in an open boat off the coast of Brazil. They stated that three other boats had left the Clement before she was sunk, containing the rest of the crew, except the captain who was taken prisoner by the Germans. After a vain search for the three boats, the Itatinga landed the men at Maceio, Brazil. Later, they re-embarked, it is understood, for Bahia.

Meanwhile, news has reached London that the remainder of the crew has also arrived at Maceio. All are stated to be well.—Reuter.

Corsair Flew Belgian Flag

Rio de Janeiro, Oct. 2.

The British ship Clement was sunk by a German corsair which falsely sailed under Belgian colours, it was reported here today. A portion of the ill-fated vessel's crew was saved by another Brazilian ship, the Itatinga, which arrived today at Maceio.

The captain and chief engineer of the Clement were prisoners on the German raider, it was stated, while the first officer was seriously wounded and there was no news of those members of the crew who were not aboard the Itatinga.—Havas.

U.S. Bootleggers Aid U-Boats

Philadelphia, Oct. 2.

Federal authorities here are investigating a report that smugglers are carrying fuel oil, food and water to German submarines off the Atlantic coast, according to an article published today in the "Philadelphia Record." Prohibition runners and "unscrupulous skippers" are making money by delivering part of their cargoes to Germans, the article declares, and adds that the Federal authorities have learned that three Germans have hired several old rum-runners.—Reuter.

U.S. Insurance Rates Rise

New York, Oct. 3.

The announcement of the presence in the South Atlantic of a German armed corsair, coming on the heels of the report that British ships were attacked off the coast of Brazil, has caused American maritime insurance concerns to raise their insurance premiums on freight being transported on belligerent vessels between North and South America.

Despite the German threat to sink armed freighters without warning, the war risk premium for trans-atlantic traffic remain unchanged.—Havas.

London Commentary

London, Oct. 3.

Commenting on the appearance of an armed raider in the South Atlantic, naval observers recall that before the War, British warships on the American West Indies stations were H.M.S. Berwick, H.M.S. York and H.M.S. Exeter, armed with 8-inch guns, and H.M.S. Ajax and H.M.S. Orion, armed with 6-inch guns. These, they believe, should be adequate to cope with any German cruiser up to the Admiral Bluecher and Admiral Hipper class, supposing one of these succeeded in escaping the northern blockade.

While the hunting down of solitary raiders is necessarily slow and uncertain work, Germany has no such advantages of maintaining them as she did in 1914, when she possessed plenty of bases in the Pacific, a well-prepared organization of colliers and supply ships, and all Admiral Graf von Spee's Far Eastern Squadron.—Reuter.

Admiral Yarnell Decorated by President

President Roosevelt warmly shakes the hand of Rear-Admiral H. E. Yarnell, former Commander-in-Chief of the U.S. Asiatic Fleet, after presenting him with the Distinguished Service Medal for his work during the critical days of the Sino-Japanese conflict. Behind, left to right, are: Mr. Charles Edison, Acting Secretary of the Navy; Admiral Stark, Chief of Naval Operations; Captain Deuo and Commander L. P. Lovette.

Sweden Infuriated by German Moves Against Neutral Ships

Provision of Naval Escorts May Result; Sinking Of ss. Gun Described; Protest Lodged in Berlin

Stockholm, Oct. 3.

THE Swedish Minister at Berlin, M. Arvid G. Richert, has protested against the capture of the Latvian steamer Imanta (1,247 tons) in Swedish waters by a German warship, as well as against the flight of German planes over Swedish territory.

The Commander-in-Chief of the Swedish Navy today warned all Swedish merchantmen to follow the coast within Swedish territorial waters before assembling for convoy by Swedish warships whose instructions must rigidly be followed. Merchantmen would otherwise run serious risk and must take the consequences.

Feeling is rising in Sweden following the torpedoing of another Swedish steamer, the Gun, by a German submarine. The press is clamouring for strong measures to protect Swedish ships. The "Nya Dagligt Allehanda," conservative Swedish organ, quoting "authoritative sources," says that naval escorts will be provided shortly for ships in Swedish territorial waters following "recent infringements of the neutrality laws, including the seizure of the Latvian ship Imanta and an attempt to force a Swedish ship to leave territorial waters. Closer control of territorial waters, including air patrols, the newspaper adds, will also be applied in the near future.

Eight steamers were captured yesterday by German aircraft and ships in the Baltic, it is officially stated today. Of these, five ships belong to Finland, two to Esthonia and one to Norway. None of the ships was Swedish, as was first reported. Four of the steamers were laden with wood.

In a leading article, the "Allehanda" says it can hardly be maintained that the sinking of Scandinavian vessels has reduced Great Britain's ability to continue the war.

What then, it asks, is the object of the "brutality towards neutral shipping?" It is therefore inevitable that neutral navies should be ordered to watch over mercantile shipping. "If we are to maintain neurality in our waters," it adds, "we must back our words up with force."

Sinking of Gun Described

The Gun was sunk, while en route to Antwerp, near Skagerrack between Norway and Sweden. The crew of 19 was rescued by a Danish vessel.

After the torpedoing, the German submarine dived with the Gun's captain and two other Swedes aboard and remained submerged for seven hours.

This incident was related by a Haelsingborg newspaper following the arrival of the Swedish steamer's captain at Haelsingborg. The captain said the Gun was stopped by the submarine on Saturday, and the captain and two men were ordered aboard the U-boat, while a German officer and three men boarded the Gun, whose crew took to the boats. In these exchanges, a British submarine appeared, whereupon the U-boat dived with the Swedes aboard and remained submerged for seven hours. While under water, the submarine fired three torpedoes, which the German captain declared must have sunk the British vessel.

The Gun was sunk so quickly that the Germans aboard did not have time to rejoin their submarine, but had to spend the night in one of the Swedish boats.

German Admiralty Thunders

The Danish freighter Vendia, which was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in the North Sea yesterday, not only attempted to escape but tried to ram the German U-boat, "which is a warlike act and in contravention of international rules," the German Admiralty asserted in Berlin in a statement today. "The captain and the crew of the Danish vessel should be court-martialled," it is added, "and if the owners complain, they can appeal to the Special Court of Appeal at Hamburg."

The King and Queen of Denmark have sent a message conveying "deepest sympathy" to the owners of the Vendia. A survivor of the Vendia declared that the ship was sunk only three seconds after the German submarine had fired warning shots, and before the vessel could possibly heave to. Of the 17 men aboard, only six are reported to have been picked up by the U-boat.—Reuter.

Planes Fire on German Trawler

Copenhagen, Oct. 3.

Two Swedish aeroplanes are reported to have fired upon a German trawler which had entered Swedish territorial waters. The trawler hurriedly withdrew when the attack was launched.—Reuter.

German Warplanes Active

Stockholm, Oct. 2.

Eight Swedish steamers were seized by German warplanes today under threat of bombing, the admiral commanding the Southern Naval District announced tonight. The vessels included one training ship, the rest being trawlers.

The press stated today that the Swedish authorities were now compelled to launch a ruthless campaign against espionage in Swedish ports. The presence of many foreigners among Swedish sailors was pointed out by the "Nya Dagligt Allehanda," which alleged that among them one German pilot of Swedish vessels was exempted from war service in the Reich's Navy in order to serve as an information agent.—Havas.

U.S. Naval Attache Exposes Nazi Tale

Capt. Kirk Attends Sunday Service in H.M.S. Ark Royal

London, Oct. 3.

During the week-end, the Naval Attache of the American Embassy, Captain Alan Kirk of the United States Navy, paid a customary call upon the Commander-in-Chief of the British Home Fleet, Admiral Sir Charles Forbes.

Captain Kirk was present on Sunday during the regular church service of the Ark Royal, observing all the usual Sunday routine of the fleet.

The normal force of the entire fleet, including every one of the capital ships, was present.—Reuter.

***Berlin recently claimed that H.M.S. Ark Royal had been damaged in a German aerial attack in the North Sea off the Norwegian coast.

Germany Starts Leaflet Campaign Over Denmark

Copenhagen, Oct. 3.

Germany started a big propaganda leaflet campaign in Denmark this morning, when citizens throughout the country found leaflets containing recent speeches of Herr Hitler and Field Marshal Herman Goering, German Air Minister.

The leaflet with Field Marshal Goering's speech showed a picture of a folded umbrella, and on the other side, a picture of the same umbrella without its cover and revealing a dagger. The printed Danish text violently blamed Great Britain for the hardships of neutrals.—Reuter.

Tommies in France Reply to Hitlerian Peace Talk with "Berlin or Bust"

Work of Preparing for Action Going on Steadily "Somewhere"; Mountains of Materials Arrive

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 3.

"Unruffled by political events in Eastern Europe, the British Army in France is pressing on with the job of improving its readiness for action with every day that passes," telegraphs "Eye-witness" (Mr. Alexander Grave Clifford, only British war correspondent with the British troops in France) from "somewhere in France."

"Tommy shows his opinion of any Hitler-Stalin peace proposals," the correspondent continues, "by an inscription which now seems to be chalked on every other lorry—'Berlin or bust.'

"Behind a curtain of secrecy, work goes steadily forward. The weather is still sunny, with almost cloudless days, but chilly mornings and evenings.

"Mountains of freshly-arrived material appear on quaysides and are carried away again with almost magical rapidity.

"Tin-hatted British sentries march smartly up and down long quays, barring the approach of over-curious bystanders.

"Normal French notice boards at all buildings have been crossed out in chalk and translated into English."—Reuter.

Chinese Aeroplanes Raid Hankow

Hankow, Oct. 3.

For the first time since the occupation of the Wuhan triple cities by the Japanese forces almost a year ago, Chinese aircraft raided Hankow at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon. Nine machines, flying at an altitude of 6,000 metres, released nine bombs on the western outskirts of the city. Immediately after the attack the machines flew off along the Han River. The bombs, Japanese army officers announced, caused the destruction of 26 barrels of gasoline. No casualties were sustained, they said.—Domei.

Japan Lost Many Men on Border

18,000 Casualties During Nomonhan Fighting, States Tokyo War Office

Tokyo, Oct. 3.

Japanese losses in the four months of conflict in the Nomonhan area on the Manchoukuo-Outer Mongolian border totalled 18,000, a War Office spokesman revealed for the first time today at a conference of provincial governors here. Soviet and Outer Mongolian casualties, he said, were about the same.

Outlining the circumstances that led up to the conclusion of a truce between the Soviet Union and Japan last month, the spokesman emphasized that the Japanese authorities had consistently pursued a policy aimed at localizing the clash.

Local topography, relative military strength, and other factors limited the hostilities between the contending forces, which faced each other across the Khalka River he stated.

There was no marked change in the situation from May to the middle of August, he added, though the Japanese Air Force had inflicted severe damage upon the Soviet Air Force, which was far superior in numbers, he pointed out.

August Soviet Offensive

In late August, he continued, a large combined Soviet and Outer Mongolian force, with superior artillery and mechanized units, launched an offensive. The result was a great battle on Hulunpeierh Plain, which is devoid of cover of any sort, where all types of modern war paraphernalia were brought into play.

The spokesman stated that bitter fighting raged for ten days, during which the Japanese counter-attacked repeatedly against forces superior in both numbers and mechanized units causing serious damage.

Actuated by a desire, however, to concentrate all efforts on the settlement of the China Affair, Japan continued to pursue her policy of localizing all border troubles between Manchoukuo and Outer Mongolia and the Soviet Union, the spokesman said.

He added that a sudden change in the international situation, especially the outbreak of the European War, led to a conclusion of the truce between Japan and the Soviet Union.

Tanks from Europe

Pointing out the heavy odds against which the Japanese had fought, the spokesman said that it is worthy of special notice that the Soviet Union sent large bodies of fresh troops and great numbers of aeroplanes and tanks to the Nomonhan area from Soviet Europe. Paying tribute to the Japanese officers and men who successfully defended the frontier during four months of inclement weather in an inhospitable land and who patrolled the frontier area efficiently even after the conclusion of the truce, the spokesman said that the Nomonhan Incident failed to shake Japan's fixed policy toward the China Affair, though it took place while Japan was engaged in large scale military operations in China.

The spokesman pointed out that the moral of the Nomonhan Affairs was the necessity not only of spiritual training but of supplying completely mechanized equipment to the Japanese army.—Domei.

Sir William Kennard Back in London

London, Oct. 2.

Sir William Howard Kennard, British Ambassador to Poland, arrived here today after a lengthy, roundabout trip from Warsaw.—Havas.

Historic Debate on Neutrality Bill Opens in U.S. Senate

Senator Key Pittman Sponsors Administration Project; Mr. Borah Opposes Lifting Arms Ban

Washington, Oct. 3.

THE historic battle over the Administration's neutrality programme to meet the emergency of the European War began at noon here yesterday after the Vice President, Mr. J. N. Garner, had repeatedly called the senate to order amid the noise of conversation on the floor and the scraping of chairs and talking in the galleries, and the Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Senator Key Pittman, opened the debate by explaining the objectives of the Administration's programme.

Senator Pittman said the present Neutrality Act handicaps American efforts to remain aloof from the European War. He urged the repeal of the arms embargo provisions of the present act "because they are not a true symbol of American neutrality." "There is no cause to fear now that we will be drawn into the brutal and widening conflict in Europe," Senator Pittman said. "However, we have no right to refuse to take into consideration that such a war, or a war that develops from it, many not some day be brought to the gateway of our own country."

Senator Pittman ridiculed assertions that the United States entered the Great War for the purpose of collecting debts owed by foreign countries to American citizens. He said America's entry into the war was the result of German submarine attacks which resulted in the loss of 63 American lives.

The Foreign Relations Committee chairman declared that the utilization of American vessels to carry contraband exports to belligerent nations was a more vital factor affecting American determination to remain aloof from the European war than the current embargo against the sale of arms and munitions to belligerent nations.

U.S. Aids Japan's Murder of Chinese

The United States, he said, "is participating in mass murder by the Japanese in China today" through the sale to Japan of large quantities of raw materials which are subsequently manufactured into war materials.

Senator Pittman attacked the point of view that the arms embargo provisions of the Neutrality Act would "eliminate us from any part in the destruction of human lives during a war." He said the Neutrality Act in its present form was ineffective in isolating the United States against participation in war.

"Japan," he said, "imports from us a proportionately small quantity of manufactured arms, ammunition and implements of war listed in the provisions of the embargo law. She purchases from the United States 85 per cent. of the petrol for her aeroplanes to carry death-dealing bombs.

"She purchases most of the scrap iron in the United States to manufacture her bombs. She purchases our cotton to make high explosives. Japan purchases from us all the metals and other raw materials used in the manufacture of arms, munitions and implements of war, yet she is not on our embargo list."

Senator Pittman recalled that he had introduced a resolution in the last session of Congress calling for an embargo on the shipment of such raw materials to Japan and indicated that he might take up this question again as soon as the Japanese-American Trade Treaty of 1911 expires in January.

Senator Borah's Opposition

Senator Pittman's appeal for adoption of the Administration's programme was followed by demands by Senator William Borah, veteran isolationist, for the retension of the present embargo provisions of the Neutrality Act. Senator Borah said that when the United States imposed the embargo, it had resolved to cease trade in the "instrumentalities of mass murder." He said repeal of the embargo provisions of the Neutrality Act would bring war to America.

"Let's stay out of this war!" he urged. "It is not our war. Shall this nation, with all its professions of peace and its Christian teachings, manufacture and sell purely for gain armaments fit only for the destruction of life?"

"And Credit Forever"

Senator Borah contended that the present Neutrality Act had achieved its purpose—preventing the sale of arms, munitions and implements of war to belligerents. He said any changes, either in motive or effect favouring certain belligerents, "would be a distinct violation of international law."

"This would simply add fuel to the flames," he said. "It is a cruel misstatement to tell Americans that we get cash for what we sell. Judging the future by the past, these nations who wish to avail themselves of this law will run sixty to ninety days on free credit, then more credit will have to be extended, and credit forever."—United Press.

Discrimination Charge Reversed

Washington, Oct. 2.

Senator Key Pittman said opponents of the proposed legislation had contended that repeal of the arms embargo would favour France and Britain, because they presumably would control sea commerce with the United States. "We might put it the other way," he proceeded, "and say that the maintenance of the embargo is discrimination in favour of Germany, because it prevented Britain, which is surrounded by water, from purchasing in our

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

Latest Exchange

The closing Interbank selling rates yesterday were as follows:

Sterling 4 11/16d. U.S.$ 7 15/16c.

LONDON METALS AND N.Y. CROSS RATE

London, Oct. 3.

Silver prices advanced in London today, with quotations being recorded at:—

	Oct. 2	Oct. 3
London spot	21¼d.	21⅝d.
" forward	21d.	21 7/16d.
" gold	168/–	168/–

London/New York:

	Sept. 2, close	
One pound	U.S.$4.0200	
One U.S. dollar	59.701d.	
	Sept. 3, 1 a.m.	
One pound	U.S.$4.0200	$4.0400
One U.S. dollar	59.701d.	59.405d.

—Reuter.

Germany Warns U.S. Shipping

U-Boat Commanders Must Be Obeyed at Sea, Declares Note

Washington, Oct. 3.

Germany has sent a Note to the United States warning her against "improper behaviour" of American ships in waters round Great Britain and France.

"Neutral merchant vessels," the Note says, "have repeatedly attempted, in waters around Great Britain and France, to evade the exercise of the rights of the German Naval Forces, granted by international law, i.e., stoppage and search.

"Further," it continues, "they have repeatedly aroused the suspicion of unneutral action by improper behaviour."

"United States merchantmen," the Note warns, "are advised, in their own interests, against changes of course and use of the radio apparatus upon sighting German Naval Forces, signalling, screening lights, failing to obey the command to stop, or accepting convoy by naval forces of the Powers at war with Germany."

The Department of State has transmitted the Note to the Maritime Commission which has notified merchantmen and port authorities.—Reuter.

Archbishop of York Says "No Terms with Hitler"

True Congress of Nations After Fighting Stops

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 3.

"Let us, before the strain is fiercest, reaffirm our high purpose and consider what is necessary for its achievement," declared the Archbishop of York, the Most Rev. William Temple, in a broadcast last night.

"That achievement," he added, "is only possible on the two conditions of no terms with Herr Hitler because his Government has proved utterly untrustworthy, and terms with an honourable German Government, with no advantage for ourselves or humiliation for the German people."

The Archbishop urged that "we should determine and declare that when fighting stops, peace terms shall be drawn up in a true congress of nations, in which Germany is freed from Nazi tyranny and can take her place among the rest, but in which also the rights of the Czechs and Poles shall have first claim to consideration."

If there were matters on which agreement could not be reached, he said, they should be referred to a court of equity of neutral nations, who were neither beneficiaries nor sufferers by the peace of Versailles. Such a congress, the Archbishop added, would deal with all outstanding grievances and problems containing the seed of future wars—problems of frontiers, colonies and tariffs—"and we ourselves," he said, "must be ready for sacrifices."—Reuter.

No Difference Between Nazis and Germans

British Tribunals Reviewing Cases of Aliens in Country

London, Oct. 3.

The British Government is not differentiating between Nazis and Germans. This was made clear in the House of Commons yesterday when Mr. Neville Chamberlain replied in the negative to a question by Mr. Oliver Locker-Lampson, Conservative member for the Handsworth division of Birmingham, whether the Prime Minister would direct that, in official references to war enemies, "they shall be spoken of as Nazis and not as Germans, so as to distinguish those in Germany who are on our side."

"Exempt from internment until further notice" and "Refugee from Nazi oppression" were the notices stamped across the passports of some Germans in Britain today after they were examined by tribunals. Altogether 100 tribunals have been established to examine 6,000 Germans in Britain, and 70 of these began hearings today. The examination is expected to last all this week.—Reuter.

Polish Officers Reach Sweden from Hela

Copenhagen, Oct. 3.

The patrol boat, Batory, containing several Polish officers, refugees from Hela, arrived in Sweden yesterday. The Poles were supprised to hear that Warsaw had capitulated. The Hela Peninsula, from which the Poles were fleeing, was the last Polish stronghold to surrender to the German forces, according to reports from Berlin.—United Press.

Italy's Part Now To Be Tested

Herr Hitler Expected To Speak Today to Tell World of "Peace" Offer

Berlin, Oct. 3.

According to all signs, Herr Hitler's Reichstag speech some time this week, probably on Wednesday, will be intended more for foreign than for home consumption, and will, it is generally believed, once more, and for the last time, open the door to peace for England. If the offer were rejected, a long struggle was likely, it is pointed out.

Italian correspondents believe the German Chancellor's peace proposals will provide for the establishment of a small buffer Polish State between Germany and Russia, which would be inhabited entirely by Poles.—Reuter.

Buffer Czech Sate Possible

Tokyo, Oct. 3.

Chancellor Adolf Hitler's peace plan might include an offer to create a smaller Czechoslovakian state as a "bribe" for acceptance, according to a dispatch to the "Japan Times" today from London which quoted reliable neutral sources.

The message said many experts forecast that Chancellor Hitler would be unable to maintain his position unless he could check the spread of Communism in Germany within the next two months. Already Communist leaders were replacing Nazis in certain factories, the message claimed.

A Paris dispatch to the "Japan Times" said France was not moved by Chancellor Hitler's reported peace terms because he was thought to be at the mercy of Russia and Italy, whose interests in the Baltic and the Balkans clashed with his.—Domei.

Rome Broadcasts Aims

London, Oct. 3.

The visit of Count Galeazzo Ciano, Italian Foreign Minister, to Berlin was to discuss the decisions of Germany and Italy regarding the new European situation, declared a broadcast from Rome.

The decisions, it added, aimed at a "just peace," providing for a new Polish state as a German protectorate, without the parts occupied by Russia and subject to the original German claims, and for calling a European conference to settle colonial and Mediterranean problems of vital interest to Italy.—Reuter.

Italian Cabinet to Meet

Rome, Oct. 3.

It is understood that a meeting of the Italian Cabinet will be called for today. Count Galeazzo Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, who concluded his talks with Herr Hitler at Berlin yesterday, is expected back here some time this morning.

A fresh appeal for peace is made by Signor Virginio Gayda, considered to be the mouthpiece of Signor Mussolini, in an article today in the "Giornale d'Italia." "Count Ciano's visit," he says, "only marks a fresh stage in the wider framework of the policy which Italy and Germany have been constantly pursuing towards the goal of peace with justice."

After noting that the "warning appeal and timely initiative of Rome and Berlin" have hitherto been rejected, Signor Gayda adds that "Italy is not discouraged." "The action for peace undertaken by Il Duce at the beginning of September," he says, "has not come to an end. This is the decisive moment for peoples to reflect upon, and governments to assume, their ultimate responsibilities. Nothing irreparable has yet happened. The idea of peace founded on justice cannot be rejected by any nation or government."—Reuter.

Japanese in Outskirts Of Changsha

Chinese Claim Counter-Offensive Launched

Hongkong, Oct. 3.

Japanese vanguards reached the outskirts of Changsha, capital of Hunan province, yesterday morning, it was confirmed in Chungking, the "China Mail" reported today in a dispatch from its correspondent in the Szechuen city.—Domei.

Counter-Offensive Launched

Chungking, Oct. 3.

The Chinese press today gave prominence to reports of a Chinese counter-offensive to the north and north-east of Changsha.

They claimed that Chinese columns on the hignway north-east of Changsha, and also on the railway north of Changsha, delivered a powerful counter-attack on October 1, with all important commanders personally directing operations at the front.

On the highway, they stated, Chinese troops recaptured Shangshanshi, forcing the Japanese there to retire to the northwest, towards the railway.

Along the railway, the Chinese are said to have recaptured Wangkungchiao, north-east of Chiaotouyi, as well as Lichiatuan, north-west of Fulingpu.

Meanwhile, Chinese mobile forces are said to be vigorously harassing the Japanese rear and flanks.—Reuter.

Turkish Military Mission Arrives in London

Agreement with Allies Already Initialled

London, Oct. 3.

The Turkish military mission headed by Gen. Khiazim Orbay, arrived at Waterloo Station at 12.54 p.m. today and was welcomed by Field-Marshal Lord Birdwood who was in command of the British troops in Gallipoli during the First Great War.

It was authoritatively learned last night that the Anglo-French-Turkish agreement was initialled at Ankara toward the end of last week. This agreement, competent quarters said, would be signed formally in the very near future and would prove a signal diplomatic success for the Allies.

The Orbay mission will discuss problems facing France, Britain and Turkey in the military field and would settle strategic moves to be taken if hostilities spread to the Mediterranean. The question of passage through the Dardanelles to the Black Sea would also be discussed, it was learned.—Havas.

OBITUARY

Senator Hance James Logan

Washington, Oct. 3.

Senator Hance James Logan, well-known Canadian lawyer, in the famous "Gypsum Queen" case died today at the age of 70.

Senator Logan was Counsel involved in which the master and owner of the schooner was charged with defrauding the Canadian Reparations Commission of over £14,000—the sum awarded as compensation for the alleged sinking of the schooner Gypsum Queen by a German submarine during the Great War. As counsel for the skipper, Captain Freeman Hatfield, Senator Logan was arraigned for fraud following a decision by the courts that the captain's claim was fraudulent.

Senator Logan was an ardent advocate of "Maritime Rights," urging the obligatory use of Canadian ports in British preference agreements, and was largely responsible for the Canada-British West Indies Trade Agreement.

Born near Amherst, Nova Scotia, on April 26, 1869, Senator Logan received his early education at the model school in Truro and at Pictou Academy which furnished the preliminary education of many who later achieved a high place in Canadian professonal and political life. Obtaining his law degree at Dalhousie University, Halifax, Senator Logan was admitted to the Nova Scotia bar in 1892 at the age of 23.

Long Association with Partner

He later formed a partnership with Mr. John S. Smiley, K.C., under the name of Logan and Smiley, with offices in Amherst. Throughout the later years of his life, he maintained this connection although parliamentary duties kept him in Ottawa. He was created King's Counsel in 1909.

Politics interested Logan even in his college days and he lost no time in making his influence felt. In 1896, he was elected to the House of Commons from his native county, Cumberland, being the first Liberal sent to Ottawa from that riding since Confederation. Re-elected in 1900 and 1904, Logan lost in 1909 when Cumberland went Conservative but he came back to Parliament with the largest majority ever given any federal candidate in Cumberland in 1921.

In parliament, Logan was an outspoken advocate of the claims of the maritime provinces for better treatment within the Confederation, claims which were dealt with by a Royal Commission. He was for a time Chairman of the Commons committee on public accounts. Urging better trade relations in the British West Indies, he was given in 1924 the task of heading a trade mission to the West Indies. He called upon many governments and delivered public addresses throughout the islands, inviting delegates to Ottawa for a trade conference in which Senator Logan presided and played a part in negotiations which resulted in a long-term agreement.

In 1928, Logan was made a director of the Canadian National Railways and the following year was summoned by the Prime Minister, Mr. W. L. Mackenzie-King, to the Senate.

Only Son Gassed in France

More than six feet tall and of proportionate physique, Senator Logan was a commanding figure and a prominent athlete in his college days. His life was saddened during the war by the death of his only son from the results of gas while serving with the Canadian Expeditionary Force in France.

Senator Logan's first wife, Eleanor L. Kinder, died in 1899. He married again in 1921, Anna Blanche MacKenna, who died in 1934.

When German property in Canada was confiscated by the Dominion custodian of enemy alien property during the war, and subsequently placed in a fund for the payment of reparations to Canadians who had suffered loss through enemy action, Senator Logan, as a lawyer, presented a number of claims on behalf of clients.

One of these claims was that of Captain Freeman Hatfield, a childhood friend of Senator Logan who claimed that his schooner, the "Gpysum Queen," was torpedoed by a German submarine off the Irish coast in 1915. It was settled in 1921 by an award of $71,276 to Captain Hatfield. Subsequently, the courts decided this claim was fraudulent and that the vessel was abandoned owing to stress of weather. Hatfield and Logan were ordered by the Exchequer Court to return the ward money and Hatfield was tried for fraud and sentenced, in the Ontario Court, to 18 months in jail.

Long-Drawn Court Proceedings

Senator Logan appealed against the exchequer court decision to the Supreme Court of Canada but before his appeal was heard, and following Hatfield's conviction, Logan himself was arraigned for fraud. Throughout the inquiry he maintained he acted for Hatfield in good faith.

Senator Logan, whose health was failing during the period of the protracted court proceedings, suffered a physical breakdown shortly after his arraignment in September 1935.

Further action was therefore delayed and it was not until September 1937, that Senator Logan was arrested on a charge of false pretences following information laid by counsel for Hatfield who had just been sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment. Senator Logan was released on bail.—Reuter.

Mrs. J. W. Quimby

Many residents in Shanghai and missionaries in various parts of China will learn with regret of the passing, after a somewhat critical illness, of Mrs. Edith Ethel Quimby, wife of Mr. J. W. Quimby, leader of the Hebrew Mission and a well-known worker among Jewish refugees in this city. Death took place in Toronto, Ont., Canada, on Sunday morning last, following an operation for cerebral tumour, from which she never regained consciousness.

Born in Carden, Ontario, September 1, 1892, Mrs. Quimby spent most of her early school days in Cannington, where she taught for a number of terms, later entering the Toronto Bible College, where she took full and post-graduate courses with a view to preparing for Mission work in China. In October 1921 she came to this country under the China Inland Mission, and was married to Mr. Quimby in Chungking, being stationed in Luchow until going on furlough in 1928.

Retuning to China two years later Mrs. Quimby became assistant to Miss Spurling, proprietress of the Missionary Home in Shanghai, and here her efficiency and geniality won for her a host of friends. After a second furlough in Canada, Mrs. Quimby returned with her husband to Shanghai, and was associated with him in work among the Jewish refugees until a few months ago, when illness compelled her to seek expert advice. A diagnosis revealed a cerebral tumour, and from the operation which followed later in Canada she never recovered being unconscious eleven days before death occurred.

Mrs. Quimby, who was 46 years of age, is survived by her husband, now in Shanghai, a son and daughter (pupils at the Chefoo Schools), and her mother and sister residing in Woodville, Ontario.

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the home of her mother and sister in Woodville.

Baltic Ministers Visit Moscow

Lithuania and Latvia Follow Path Enforced Upon Esthonian State

Moscow, Oct. 3.

Moscow has become the mecca of statesmen of Baltic nations following Russia's reported desire to conclude pacts either of mutual assistance or non-aggression with Lithuania, Latvia and Finland.

M. Vilhelms Munters, the Latvian Foreign Minister, arrived here last evening, while the Lithuanian Foreign Minister, M. Ian Urbshis, is expected to arrive some time today in response to an invitation from M. Viacheslav Molotov, the Soviet Foreign Commissar.

M. Munters was accompanied by the Director of the Latvian Treaty Department, the Soviet Minister in Riga, and the Soviet commercial representative. Soviet Russia is said to have offered the Lithuanian Government a non-aggression treaty without military clauses, and the Latvian Government a pact of mutual assistance.

Pending the arrival of M. Urbshis, the Lithuanian Minister in Moscow is reported to have been ordered by his Government to start negotiations immediately on the basis of the Soviet offer.—Reuter.

Esthonia Ratifies Pact

Tallinn, Oct. 3.

The Esthonian President, M. Konstantin Smetona, last night ratified the pact of mutual assistance concluded between Russia and Esthonia, which gives the Soviets virtual control of the Gulf of Riga. Riga harbour, which is connected by railway with Moscow, would ensure an ice-free Baltic outlet for Soviet trade.

The pact was ratified by the Praesiduum of the Soviet Supreme Council on Saturday.

Among other benefits, Russia acquires under the pact the right to maintain bases and several aerodromes on the Esthonian islands of Oesel and Dagoe, near the Gulf of Finland.—Reuter.

Soviet Mission Arrives

Tallinn, Oct. 2.

To enforce the military provisions of the Soviet-Esthonian mutual aid pact, a Russian military mission arrived here this morning. Its main task will be to organize the Dago and Osel Isles and the port of Palsidski and convert them into military, naval and air bases for Soviet use.—Havas.

Mutual Assistance Pact

Kaunas, Oct. 3.

According to reliable information from Moscow, Lithuania will soon sign a mutual assistance pact with Soviet Russia.—Havas.

French Writer Discerns Nazi Weakness

Any Set-Back Would Ruin Herr Hitler's Prestige

Paris, Oct. 3.

Internal conditions in Germany do not allow Hitler to risk a frontal attack against France, M. Henri de Kerillis, noted political writer, stated in "L'Epoque" today, commenting on Hitler's alleged future plans.

"Granting, for the sake of argument, that such an attack is made and results in an initial success—which is indeed most unlikely considering our powerful means of defence—Germany would nevertheless incur huge losses which would have a vastly disquieting effect on the German people and would shake Hitler's prestige beyond repair," the writer added. "It would also encourage the opposition of which there are signs in Germany now," he said.

Comparing present-day Germany with that of 1914, the writer stated: "To understand how the character of this war differs with that of the last war, we must compare the solidity of the firmly established regime in Imperial Germany with the frail rule of the detested dictator Hitler."—Havas.

Mr. Horiuchi Promoted To Gaimusho

Japanese Counsellor to Embassy Transferred

Tokyo, Oct. 3.

Mr. Tateki Horiuchi, counsellor of the Japanese Embassy in China now stationed in Peiping, will head the East Asiatic Affairs Bureau of the Foreign Office succeeding Mr. Sho Kurihara, the bureau's present director, following the latter's appointment as Minister to Switzerland, well-informed circles here indicated today. Mr. Horiuchi is regarded as one of the Gaimusho's experts on China, having served most of his carrer on the Continent.

Mr. Kurihara will replace Mr. Eiji Amau in Berne. Mr. Amau was recently appointed Ambassador to Italy succeeding Mr. Toshio Shiratori who has been recalled.—Domei.

Mr. Gandhi Attains His Seventieth Year

New Delhi, Oct. 2.

Mr. M. K. Gandhi, the Indian Nationalist leader, received worldwide congratulations today on the attainment of his 70th birthday. Tributes were received from Lord Halifax, the British Foreign Secretary, Professor Einstein, and many others. These are being assembled in book form for presentation to Mr. Bandhi as a birthday gift.—Reuter.

Soviet Sending Troops, Materials Westward

Moscow, Oct. 2.

Contingents of Red Army soldiers and tons of war materials openly are being sent to the western border every hour.

Sunday witnessed the departure of 210 military trucks from Moscow for the west, carrying full loads of gasoline. More trucks with soldiers and materials were seen to leave today.—Havas.

Nazi "Peace Offensive" Bound to Fail

(Continued from page 7)

is foreshadowed under which Russia will supply raw materials to Germany and Germany will supply industrial goods produced over a lengthy period. There has been in some quarters the demand that His Majesty's Government should define their attitude in face of these developments, but I see nothing in what has happened that should lead this country to modify the attitude which it has felt right to take."

Mr. Chamberlain said that the Russian-German agreement had changed the position in Poland but it by no means follows that the arrangements will be to the ultimate advantage of Germany and still less should it affect the aims of the British Government.

"There is nothing in that agreement that should cause us to do anything other than what we are doing now in mobilizing all the resources and all the might of the British Empire for an effective prosecution of the war," he added.

The Prime Minister then recalled the reasons for which Britain and France entered the conflict.

True and Basic Causes of War

"If Poland was the direct occasion for the war, it was not the fundamental cause," he said, "That cause was the overwhelming sense in this country and in France of the intolerable nature of the state of affairs in which nations in Europe were faced with the alternative of jeopardising their freedom or mobilising their forces at regular intervals to defend it.

"The passage in the German-Soviet declaration about the liquidation of the war is obscure but it seems to combine the suggestion of some proposal. I cannot anticipate what the nature of any such proposal might be but I can say at once that no threat would ever induce this country or France to abandon the purpose for which we have entered upon the struggle. To attempt, as German propaganda, does, to saddle us with the responsibility for continuing the war because we are not prepared to abandon the struggle before this purpose is achieved is only another instance of the German war technique.

"The responsibility for the war rests upon those who have conceived and carried out this policy of successive aggression, and can neither be evaded nor excused," he continued.

Any Future Nazi Pledge Useless

"No mere assurance from the present German Government could be accepted by us," Mr. Chamberlain stressed. "For that Government have too often proved in the past that their undertakings are worthless when it suits them that they should be broken. If, therefore, proposals are made, we shall certainly examine them and we will test them in the light of what I have just said.

"Nobody desires the war to continue for one unnecessary day, but the overwhelming mass of opinion in this country and, I am satisfied, also in France, is determined to secure that the rule of violence shall cease and that the word of Governments once pledged must henceforth be kept."—Havas.

Historic Debate on Neutrality Bill Opens In U.S. Senate

(Continued from page 7)

market arms, ammunition and implements of war, whilst Germany, being a land power, has access to the arms, ammunition and implements of war that may be manufactured in Russia, Italy, Rumania, Yugoslavia and other countries."

Senator Pittman said that under the existing law, Germany could get North American goods through such neutral countries as Russia, Italy and Rumania.

President Roosevelt, he continued, had declared that he intended to do everything possible to keep the United States out of war. Also, he said, he was confident that President Roosevelt would not misuse any discriminating powers granted to him by Neutrality legislation.

Mandatory Provisions

In this connection, Senator Pittman stated that many mandatory provisions had been worked into the Bill because authority should not be delegated, "where it is unnecessary, to the President or any other single man or group of men. We knew that the delegation of such authority is not only unnecessary but unuseful."

The speaker justified the prohibition of American shipping from trading with belligerents on the ground that the illegal and inhuman killing of American seamen on the high seas was responsible for America's entry into the last war. He declared the provision for 90-day credits would not be in conflict with the Johnson Act, as transactions on a short term credit basis were considered the equivalent of cash payments.

The case against the Bill was presented by Senator Borah, leader of the isolationists, who read a lengthy prepared address. He said the Administration's Bill to revise the Neutrality Law had been accepted in Europe as an attempt to aid Britain and France in their struggle against Nazism.

"Having changed our laws that we may send arms to the Allies because of their urgent call," he said, "I do not see how we could refuse to send armies in the hour of their greater need, should that hour unfortunately come. I do not see how we could. I doubt very seriously if we would."—Reuter.

"Allies Will Win," Says Mr. Herbert Hoover

Former U.S. President Advises Caution

New York, Oct. 3.

Mr. Herbert Hoover, former President of the United States, in an interview with the "New York World-Telegram" today, predicted that Great Britain and France would not be beaten in the War.

"I am convinced," he said, "that the Allies can defend their Empires. And may it be a victory for them. At worst it might result in a stalemate.

"The War is only a month old, but major factors are already emerging. The British and French can and will control the Seven Seas, in spite of submarines and aeroplanes.

"Their man-power," concluded Mr. Hoover, "can defend France, unless they blunder into making wild adventures in military offensives, and thus exhaust it."—Reuter.

Japanese Skipper to Give War Impressions

Scenes Before Outbreak of European Conflict

Tokyo, Oct. 3.

A description of his impressions of conditions in Europe just before the declaration of war will be broadcast by radio from the middle of the Pacific to Japan by the captain of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha liner Yasukuni Maru, which sailed from Hamburg for Japan, via America, on August 28 with 219 Japanese refugees aboard. The ship is due in Yokohama on October 17.

It has been arranged for the captain and one passenger to telephone their impressions of Europe on the eve of the war to a wireless station at Komuro on October 12.

Their messages will then be relayed throughout the nation by the Japan Broadcasting Company.—Reuter.

Ships from Shanghai Quarantined in Kobe

Cholera Reports Cause Alarm in Japan

Kobe, Oct. 3.

All vessels arriving here from Shanghai were ordered quarantined yesterday by the port master, following the discovery of six cholera germ carriers on the N.Y.K. Liners Haruna Maru and another six on the Katori Maru, Japanese sources said today.

The Japanese sources claimed residents of Kobe viewed the discovery of the cholera carriers with consternation. The police authorities were also greatly concerned.

The Kobe police were tracing passengers of the two liners who had already landed in order to examine them for cholera germs, the same sources asserted.—United Press.

German Churches to Ring All Bells

Polish Victory and For Fallen Tolled Seven Days

London, Oct. 3.

All churches in Germany have been instructed to ring bells for an hour at noon for seven days in succession following the entry of German troops into Warsaw, says the German News Agency.

They will, at one and the same time, it is explained, be ringing for victory and tolling for the fallen.

German troops are reported to have entered the Polish capital yesterday without incident.—Reuter.

"The War is Only Just Begun"

Australian Prime Minister Makes Declaration

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Sydney, Oct. 3.

"No greater error could be made than to think because Poland has been defeated and dismembered the War is over," declared Mr. R. G. Menzies, Federal Prime Minister.

"On the contrary," he continued, "the War is only just begun.

"There can be no abandonment of the great cause of security under law, which nations must obey as individuals obey it."—Reuter.

M. Moscicki Allowed to Reside in Switzerland

Berne, Oct. 3.

The Federal Council have authorized the entry into Switzerland of Dr. Ignace Moscicki, former President of Poland, and Mme Moscicki. Dr. Moscicki, still in Bucharest, was born in 1867 at Plock, in a part of Poland which then belonged to Russia. In 1892, like a great number of Polish patriots, he had to go abroad. In 1897 he settled down in Fribourg, Switzerland, and became a professor of physics in the famous university of that city. In 1908, the Swiss Government granted him Swiss citizenship. Dr. Moscicki intends to settle again at Fribourg where he spent several years a quarter of a century ago.—Havas.

King Receives Mr. Churchill

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 2.

Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty in the War Cabinet, whose broadcast speech on Sunday night was widely applauded, was received by the King today.—Reuter.

Duke of Windsor Takes Up Post in France

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 2.

The Duke of Windsor, who was appointed Major-General shortly after the outbreak of war, arrived in France today. The nature of his post has not been disclosed.—Reuter.

Robbers "Insist" on U.S. Dollar Loan

Police Believe That Victim Was Watched

It seems as though the members of the local underworld have sided with importers in their dissatisfaction over the drop in the value of the Chinese currency in recent months, if an armed robbery which occurred at House 22, Lane 191 Route Dupleix at 5 p.m. on Monday, is any criterion.

It appears that three thugs, one of them armed with a pistol, forced their way into the premises in question and asked the lone Chinese woman there at the time, to "lend" them some money but in a foreign currency.

Undisturbed by the woman's refusal, they made a thorough search of the place and discovered U.S.$30 and C.$12 in one of the drawers, decamping with the money while threatening the woman with their pistol.

French Concession detectives working on the case, have thus far been able to ascertain that the foreign currency was bought from an exchange shop a few days previously and their investigations are based on the probability that the woman was followed to her home after having bought the American dollars.

No arrests have as yet been made.

French Women Here Plan To Buy Ambulance

Subscriptions To Be Asked From Friends of France

A committee of French ladies, under the chairmanship of Mme. Henry Cosme, wife of the French Ambassador, has just been formed with the object of opening a subscription for the purchase of an ambulance equipped with the latest surgical instruments which will be offered to the French Government.

The cost of this vehicle, fully equipped, will amount to Frs. 250,000.

The committee undertaking this task of a purely humanitarian character will be known as the Committee of "The Ambulance of Shanghai."

The committee hope that French residents and friends of France will respond to this appeal to their generosity when the ladies of the Committee call on them.

Donations may also be sent directly to the Treasurer of the Committee, Mr. de Perceval, c/o Banque de l'Indochine, 29 The Bund.

R.A.F. Drop Leaflets Over Berlin

German Air Defence in Capital Caught Napping

London, Oct. 3.

The reconnaissance flight of Royal Air Force planes over Berlin on Sunday night apparently completely surprised the Berlin anti-aircraft defences, the Air Ministry announced today. By the time the Germans opened fire on the British planes they were already heading for home, the Ministry said.

The Ministry announcement indicated that the British planes did not attempt to bomb Berlin during the flight, but confined themselves to dropping leaflets over Berlin. Owing to a strong contrary wind, however, the Ministry said they did not know how many of the propaganda sheets had landed in the city.

The Air Ministry announced today that since the entry of Great Britain into the war the R.A.F. has lost fifteen men killed, seven wounded and eight missing.—United Press.

M. Paul Van Zeeland Leaving for U.S.

Brussels, Oct. 3.

Mr. Paul Van Zeeland, former Premier of Belgium and a noted economic expert, is leaving with his family tomorrow for Paris and Bordeaux from where he will board a vessel for the United States.

M. Van Zeeland will go to Washington to discuss the international refugee problem at a meeting called by President Roosevelt for the middle of October.—Havas.

BAKERITE BISCUITS

Variety No. 12.

GRAHAM CRACKER

Two Gasoline Lighters On Fire Off Gough Is.

Six Chinese Believed Lost In Spectacular Blaze

Having to back out, because she was threatened by the flames surrounding her from all sides, the fire-float Huning fought one of the biggest gasoline fires ever to have been witnessed on the Whangpoo River late on Monday evening, when two lighters loaded with the highly inflammable liquid were reported on fire near Gough Island just before 9 p.m., the fire-float which left a few minutes later, arriving at the scene at 10.20 p.m.

All hope of saving the two lighters seemed gone, when all available hoses were put into action and due to their efficient work, the firemen managed to save one of the lighters, although the river at times seemed aflame, after a large number of tins had burst and were burning on the surface of the water.

At one point, when the side of one of the lighters gave way to the intense heat, burning gasoline completely surrounded the fire-float with the result that orders had to be given to back out, for fear that the Huning might come to harm. Another danger which had to be coped with was the fact that many burning tins were floating towards the shore with the resulting danger of fire on land, but this was also eliminated.

Subsequent investigation revealed that six men were known to have been on board the two lighters at the time the fire started, but this could not be confirmed and it was believed possible that they may have jumped into the water and may have reached the shore safely, before the fire float arrived on the scene.

The origin of the blaze has not yet been ascertained but detectives attached to the River Police were understood to be investigating the case yesterday.

Model Plane Contest for Children on Sunday

Air-minded Chinese and Japanese boys and girls will vie for honours in a model aeroplane contest to be held at Hongkew Park beginning at 9 o'clock on Sunday morning, local Japanese newspapers reported.

Prizes will be awarded to owners of the model craft with the most endurance, according to the newspapers.

Japanese naval and military authorities, the Asia Development Board, the Ministry of Communications of the "Reformed Government," the Shanghai Special Municipality, and other organizations are supporting the event, the newspapers said.

Plot to Murder Hitler Said Discovered

Reason for Special Corps Of Bodyguards Revealed

London, Oct. 3.

According to the Copenhagen correspondent of the "Daily Express," it is understood that Herr Heinrich Himmler, dreaded chief of the German Secret Police, recently unearthed a plot to murder Hitler last week.

Despite the close secrecy maintained, the correspondent adds, it is learned that several Brownshirts from Hitler's personal bodyguard are implicated. This, he points out, explains why it was suddenly announced that a new bodyguard was being organized for the Fuehrer under the leadership of Herr Dietrich, whose fame goes back to the purge days of the Nazi party in June 1934 and who is known as the chief Nazi executioner.—Havas.

German Refugees in S. Africa Volunteering

London, Oct. 3.

German refugees in South Africa are freely offering their services to the authorities, the Ministry of Information announced today. The volunteers include men who in the past served with the German or Austrian armies. A large registration list is expected throughout the country.—Havas.

Your Child's Cough

When your child coughs persistently visions of croup, bronchitis, bronchial pneumonia come to your mind.

A safe way to loosen a cough in its early stages and thus to prevent the development of serious consequences is to give Baby's Own Tablets.

These pleasant-tasting tablets contain no opiates or other harmful drugs. Their mild laxative action stimulates the bowels and speedily removes any congested waste material from the system, which is a frequent source of colds and other ailments of childhood.

You may give Baby's Own Tablets even to the youngest infant with every confidence that the result will be wholely beneficial to the child's health.

For infantile constipation, indigestion, vomiting, diarrhoea, simple fever, summer complaints, peevishness, restlessness, worms, and teething troubles, there is no better remedy than this British medical child specialist's prescription, Baby's Own Tablets. Sold by chemists everywhere.

The Newest Development in Eye Wearing

Ful-Vue, No-Seru, Tri-Flex

NUMOUNT

Besides the cosmetic value, Numount is designed on the principles of simplicity and durability and proved as safeguard against loosening, strain, and breakage.

Add to your looks by

Numount eliminates endpiece lens connections. Arms are hidden by the edge of the lenses.

STANDARD OPTICAL COMPANY

297 Nanking Road Telephone 97026

TO-NIGHT ! TO-NIGHT !

Presenting the debut of

EVA and PAUL

Character Dancers

Supported by BOB and his Band

Gaiety NIGHT CLUB

Director: SERGE GUY

643 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 84285

Drawing Tomorrow

Buy a ticket in the Refugee Relief Lottery and stand to win 1st Prize of

$37,500 — to — $75,000

or any one of 253 substantial prizes! besides thousands of $5 prizes!

AN EXTRA $1 SHARE IS GIVEN FREE——IF YOU BUY $10 WORTH OF TICKETS AT ONE TIME.

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

Drawing on OCTOBER 5th!

$5 Tickets divided into five $1 shares

REFUGEE RELIEF LOTTERY

LOTERIE DE BIENFAISANCE POUR LES REFUGIES

(Authorised by the French Consulate-General)

Sale of Tickets authorized by F.M.C. & S.M.C.

17 Canton Road Telephone 19775

FROM DAY TO DAY

THE Ladies, Bible Class held each Thursday at the China Inland Mission, 1531 Sinza Road, will open this Session tomorrow at 3.30 p.m. All ladies are welcome.

IN a fight over German territory on Sunday two French reconnaissance planes escorted by nine protective machines met fifteen German fighters and three French and five German planes were shot down.

JUDGE P. Grant Jones, Assistant Judge of H.M. Supreme Court in Shanghai, arrived in Shanghai on board the ss. Shanghai Maru on Monday after a holiday spent in Japan.

"AT today's meeting of the 'Keys' to be held in the Club rooms, 999 Bubbling Well Road, Miss Evelyn Shipper of San Francisco will speak on 'Charm and Personality', and all those interested are invited to attend. Tea will be served at 5.30 p.m."

IN H.M. Supreme Court on Monday, before Judge Sir Allan Mossop, pleadings were ordered in the action of the trustee of the Asia Realty Co. Inc. and the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China. Mr. John McNeill appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. M. Reader Harris for the defendant.

THERE will be an all day meeting of the Hospital Aid Department, Red Cross Section, at the British Women's Association Headquarters every Wednesday from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. The session commencing at 5 p.m. will be specially for business girls who are unable to attend the morning and afternoon meetings.

MR. Harold H. Sunggs, of the University of Shanghai, will give a report of the Baptist World Alliance held in Atlanta Ga. U. S. A. over Station XMHD, 760 K. C. Wednesday Evening at 8.30 p.m. Mr. Sunggs was a guest of the Alliance. It was one of the greatest religious gatherings ever held. All are cordially invited to Tune In.

Two French pilots have so far won the Military Medal for conspicuous gallantry. One had his machine riddled with bullets and was forced almost to the ground when he soared and shot down his attacker. The other pilot was shot down but managed to land on French territory by parachute. Next day he went up and shot down one German plane in retaliation.

A FAREWELL presentation to Major E. V. Burke Murphy, Adviser to the Russian Regiment, S.V.C. was made on Monday evening a the S.V.C. Drill Hall on behalf of the Regiment. The presentation was attended by all ranks of the Regiment and many tributes were paid to Major Burke Murphy's work since his arrival in Shanghai. He is leaving shortly for Home.

GREAT indignation has been aroused in local Mohammedan circles following a Japanese demand that the removal of the Mohammedan public cemetery at Chengju be effected to permit the Japanese to construct a railway to Paoshan, says a report to the "Sin Wan Pao." The Shanghai Mohammedan Association will hold a meeting this afternoon to decide on suitable measures to cope with this demand, the report states.

THE Royal Air Force Association classes in Morse Code signalling are now being held every Wednesday at 5.30 p.m. in the Dome, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building. The classes, which are open to all, irrespective of whether they are members of the Association or not, are under the instructions of Captain St. Louis. Classes in map reading and observation are also being organized. It is hoped that many of the younger men of the British Community in Shanghai will avail themselves of these opportunities.

AIR-minded Chinese and Japanese boys and girls will vie for honours in a model airplane contest to be held at Hongkew Park beginning at 9 o'clock on Sunday morning, local Japanese newspapers reported. Prizes will be awarded to owners of the model craft with the most endurance, according to the newspapers. Japanese naval and military authorities, the Asia Development Board, the Ministry of Communications of the Reformed Government, the Shanghai Special Municipality, and other organizations are supporting the event.

CINEMA actress Mae Murray informed the domestic relations court in Hollywood that she does not want her 12-year-old son, Koran David, dodging bullets in the household of his father, Prince David Mdivani. Fighting her ex-husband's attempt to win custody of the child, she complained in an affidavit that the prince was intemperate and "promiscuously uses and displays firearms." She said he tried out his pistol marksmanship on furniture while young Koran David was in the room. She said he also beat her in the boy's presence.

WITH a view to prosecuting Party political and administrative affairs, the Military Affairs Commission of the Chinese National Government has appointed Generals Hsueh Yoh and Shang Chen respectively Director and Assistant Director of the 9th War Zone Kuomintang Political Committee. This committee was formally inaugurated in Hengyang, Hunan, yesterday, according to a Chinese report. Other members on the committee include Generals Hsiung Shih-hui, Chang Li-san, Li Yang-chin, Miao Pei-chen, Li Yu-yao, Fang Ting-ying, Lo Tso-ying, Peng I-hu, Lui Tao-pao and several others who were sworn into office the same day, the report states.

PAYMENT for products exported from the areas near East Chekiang in foreign exchange, as required by the Chekiang Chinese Customs Administration under the order of the Ministry of Finance of the Chinese Government, will seriously affect export trade and thus reduce the national production capacity. The Ningpo and Shaoshing merchants have therefore addressed a petition to the Ministry of Finance through the Shanghai Chinese Chamber of Commerce, says the "Sin Wan Pao." The Ministry has ordered that from October 1 all exports from the Chinese-controlled areas in Chekiang are to be paid for in foreign exchange without any exception. Hitherto foreign exchange was to be paid only for exports of straw hats, eggs, cotton, tea, tungoil, timber and a few other products.

Japanese Purchase Of Guam Urged

Retired Admiral Writes On U.S. Naval Menace To Japanese Empire

Tokyo, Oct. 3.

The sale of Guam to Japan by the United States "in the interests of American-Japanese friendship" was advocated by Rear-Admiral Gumpei Sekine, I.J.N.R., in an article criticizing America's attitude towards Japan published in the "Bungei Sunju," a popular magazine, which reached the newsstands today.

Rear-Admiral Sekine, who at one time headed the Publicity Bureau of the Navy Office, bluntly accused the United States of hypocrisy in their attitude towards the Sino-Japanese conflict.

The article aroused widespread comment as it coincided today with the publication by most Japanese newspapers of screaming headlines announcing an "American Armed Demonstration Against Japan." The newspapers gave prominence to press dispatches from Los Angeles, San Pedro and Washington announcing the dispatch of eight heavy cruisers, 30 destroyers and the aircraft carrier Enterprise to Hawaiian waters for manœuvres.

America's "long and perpetual preachments" regarding humanity and justice in the conduct of international affairs" in reality cloaks a policy of greedy self interest just as it did in the World War," Rear-Admiral Sekine charged.

Is War Inevitable?

Discussing the increased strain in American-Japanese relations, Rear-Admiral Sekine declared that "the question boils down to whether or not America means to go to war against Japan over China."

"Some hold that a solution can be found to the China Incident without war between Japan and America," he wrote. "Others aver that only an armed conflict between the two Pacific nations can settle the Incident."

The retired Japanese officer expressed the opinion that America would avoid war with Japan "because there is not enough at stake to make it pay." The Nine Power Treaty, which Rear-Admiral Sekine claimed, was signed in a bad atmosphere and virtually under duress "must be abrogated just as the Washington Treaty binding Japan to permanent naval inferority has been cast aside," the writer declared."

"But much depends on the attitude of the American Government towards Japan," he remarked. "If there is no modification in the attitude of those who rule in Washington, who regard Japan and the Japanese people with enmity, there is no gainsaying that a crisis will arise in Japanese and American relations.

Confidence in Navy

"There is no occasion for alarm on the part of the Japanese people, however, so long as they pursue a policy of preparing for an emergency. They may rest assured that there is the Imperial Navy, which can stand its own with any fleet in the world. While the Navy has the command of the seas in the western Pacific, the American fleet will not be able to attack Japan so easily."

"I should like to see America abandon its suspicions of Japan and adopt a moderate attitude in settling the question of United States interests in China through negotiations with Japan, who would deal with America in a cheerful atmosphere," Rear-Admiral Sekine asserted.

"Then the question of mutual interests in China as well as the safety of the Philippines after their complete independence will be able to find their own solution. The clarification of Japanese-American interests would obviate the necessity of fortifying the Island of Guam. In this connection, I think that it would be in the interests of American-Japanese friendship if the United States were to sell Guam to Japan so that this country may guard it for the sake of peace in the Pacific."—Domei.

Pullers Mutial Aid Association

Usefulness of Work Shown At Annual Meeting

The fifth annual meeting of the Pullers' Mutual Aid Association was held on Monday at the Bankers' Club, which was attended by Dr. D. S. Chen, S. R. Anderson, Mr. T. T. Kuh, Mr. C. T. Yen and Mr. C. C. Djao of the Board of Management, and Mr. P. W. Massey, Mr. C. M. Shu and Mr. Y. C. Pei of the Board of Trustees.

Dr. D. S. Chen and Mr. P. W. Massey were elected Chairmen of the Boards of Management and Trustees respectively. A general review was presented by Dr. Chen of the work of the Association in detailed statistics. The usefulness of the Association during 1938-1939 was shown by the following figures: Medical work including a P.M.A.A. hospital had 140,106 clinic cases and 17,107 inpatients; 4,318 cases of relief work including insurance, petty trade, repatriation, rent and rice; baths 323,724; classes for children 111,894; adults' classes 32,273; tea lobby 643,460; and legal service 1,182.

The accounts of the Association were closely supervised by a Board of Trustees of which Mr. P. W. Massey is the Chairman. All vouchers appendixed with bills had to be submitted to the Trustees for approval before any payments were made. The year's accounts duly audited were presented by Mr. Massey at the meeting which were unanimously accepted.

Mr. Hull Again Warns Americans

Washington, Oct. 3.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, today again called on all American citizens to refrain from travel on ships of belligerent nations within a specified danger zone in the north Atlantic Ocean. The State Department announced here that 51,725 Americans have returned from Europe since the war started on September 1. There were approximately 100,000 in Europe during the summer.—United Press.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Wedding at Holy Trinity Cathedral

Yesterday afternoon the wedding took place in Holy Trinity Cathedral of Mr. Thomas Walmsley, of Ewo Cotton Mills, Ld., and youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Walmsley, of Bradford, England, and Miss Evelyn Pugh, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Pugh of Bradford. Mrs. Anthony Dodd was matron of honour and Miss Vera Dodd was the bridesmaid. Mr. A. Bond acted as best man and the ushers were Messrs. R. Greene and Mr. R. A. Dodd.

U.S. Fleet to Stay At Hawaii

Strong "Security Patrol" For Pacific Organized; Other Ships for Coast

San Pedro, Calif., Oct. 3.

United States Navy officials indicated here last night that the 45 American warships sailing for Hawaii today probably will remain there indefinitely.

The Navy, passing over its earlier announcement that the large unit of the fleet would engage in "manœuvres" near Hawaii, said that a "security patrol" would be established to guard the Pacific from Alaska to the Equator.

The announcement was made while Japanese papers in Tokyo were featuring news of the American fleet movement as an "armed demonstration against Japan."

Noteworthy was the fact that the Navy appointed Rear Admiral Adolphus Andrews, veteran Navy strategist, to head the fleet unit which sails for Hawaii today.

Powerful Squadron

Admiral Andrews is sailing on the aircraft carrier Enterprise, with eighty planes aboard. Also in the "security patrol" squadron are eight cruisers—the Northampton, Salt Lake City, Pensacola, Houston, Minneapolis, Astoria, New Orleans and Indianapolis—and a destroyer flotilla of 36 ships.

Announcement that Admiral Andrews and the fleet unit would sail today was made despite the Navy's earlier ban on the publication of American fleet movements.

Meanwhile, Naval officials here prepared for the sailing of a second fleet unit for Hawaii which is expected to occur within the next few weeks. The size of the next unit to sail for Pearl Harbour has not yet been disclosed, but unofficial quarters pointed out here that if it is the same size as the first unit, it would place practically the entire main fleet along America's mid-Pacific line of action.—United Press.

Kuaotow Port to Be Blockaded

Japanese Warning Given To Foreign Shipping

Further filling gaps in its "peaceful blockade" of the China coast, the Japanese Navy yesterday announced that the port of Kuaotow, 30 miles south of Wenchow, near the Chekiang-Fukien border, would be closed to shipping beginning at 7 o'clock in the morning of October 6.

Third party warships and merchant vessels were requested to leave the inlet forming the harbour to Kuaotow by that hour as the entrance to the bay would then be closed by placing obstacles and other dangerous objects. This action, a note transmitted to the Consular Body through the Japanese Consulate-General yesterday said, was being taken because of "military necessity."

The obstacles and dangerous objects would be placed in an area near a line passing through Pipashan from the north to the south.

Third party nationals residing near Kuaotow were requested to leave as soon as possible in view of impending military operations.

Mohammedans Object to Cemetery Move

Local Mohammedan public bodies are reported to have decided to hold a meeting today to discuss a counter policy against the alleged Japanese intention of marking out a Mohammedan cemetery in Chenju as within the railway zone in a new railway construction scheme. It is stated that the Japanese are planning to build a railway connecting Chenju with Paoshan.

Servants who guard the cemetery have been notified of the project and asked to remove all the tombs inside the cemetery. Local Mohammedans are said to be indignant over the matter fearing that the Japanese will do harm to the religious landscape. Whether or not they will remove their ancestral tombs will be decided at the meeting.

The public cemetery is located not far away from the Chenju Railway Station, second station from Shanghai. Prior to the hostilities local Mohammedans went there each year in the spring to hold public memorial services, it is stated.

A.F.L. Wants Boycott Of Reich, Italy

Cincinnati, Oct. 2.

In its annual report today, the American Federation of Labour recommends that the trade union boycott against Germany and Italy be reaffirmed. The report also urges a policy of strict neutrality "in spirit and in act." It is emphasized that the report was drafted before Herr Hitler's "peace offensive" was launched.—Reuter.

Soviet Troops Filter Into Sinkiang

New York, Oct. 3.

Huge bodies of Soviet troops have been entering the Chinese north-western province of Sinkiang since the conclusion of a truce between Japan and Soviet Russia, according to statements reaching Shanghai, declares the Shanghai correspondent of the "New York Times."—Reuter.

Actor Charged with Assault

Stage Warrior Becomes Too Violent

A typical Chinese rental dispute was referred to the First Special District Court yesterday when Tseu Hung-sen, an actor of the warrior-type, was brought before the tribunal and charged with assault in which he was alleged to have beaten his landlady when she asked him to increase the rent by a couple of dollars. The hearing was adjourned until the next week.

Trouble started on September 20 in a house in Burkill Road where the accused is a sub-tenant. When the landlady, an aged woman, asked him to increase the rent he became so enraged that he fought her with bare fists. The matter was later referred to the police. Accused told the court that he had only beaten her once, explaining that the plaintiff's action drew fire at a time when he was fighting hard against the ever-increasing cost of living.

The landlady gave her version of the story. She said that she had charged the accused only $14 for two rooms one of which the latter recently sub-let to another family of several persons.

Three Parsees on World Cycling Trip Arrive

Covered 40,000 Miles in Six Years

With four more years of cycling ahead of them, three India-born Parsees, R. D. Shroff, 29, K. J. Kharas, 33, and R. D. Ghandi, 30, arrived in Shanghai on Monday after having travelled in four continents and after having covered no less than 40,000 miles on bicycles. They have travelled in nearly every country in Europe, Africa and the Americas and have just traversed Japan. All three are graduates from the University of Bombay and intend to leave for Hongkong and then Australia the Malay States, and the Dutch East Indies, prior to returning to India where they intend to publish a book.

They have earned the money necessary for their trip by giving lectures in various countries and claim to be the first cyclists to have crossed Africa from Cairo to Cape Town a trip which took them no less than eighteen months.

WEDDING

Walmsley—Pugh

The wedding took place yesterday afternoon at 4.30 in Holy Trinity Cathedral of Mr. Thomas Walmsley, of Ewo Cotton Mills, Ld., and youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Walmsley, of Bradford, England, and Miss Evelyn Pugh, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Pugh of Bradford. Dean A. C. S. Trivett officiated.

The bride, who arrived from England last Saturday, was given away by Mr. H. Booth. She wore an Empire gown of white lace patterned with lovers' knots, the bodice made with long tight sleeves and a low neck. Her long net veil fell from a coronet of orange blossoms and she carried a shower bouquet of white roses, jasmine and gladioli. The matron of honour was Mrs. Anthony Dodd. Her frock was of beige silk lace cut on full lines, with a coatee to match. With it she wore a brown chenille hat with a crown of primrose-coloured flowers and her corsage was of carnations to match. Miss Vera Dodd was the bridesmaid in an Early Victorian dress of pale blue moiré, the bodice made with short puffed sleeves and a low, heart-shaped neckline, and the skirt finished with a large bow at the back. Her little floral hat and posy were in pastel shades of blue, mauve and petunia. Mr. A. Bond acted as best man and the ushers were Mr. R. Greene and Mr. R. A. Dodd.

After the ceremony a reception was held from 5.30-8 p.m. at 145 Whashing Road, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. Booth, at which a large gathering of friends assembled.

Alleged Abduction

On suspicion that he had abducted a seven-year old daughter of a friend in order to extort money, Kon Fu-pi faced the First Special District Court yesterday. The police prosecutor revealed that the victim had been returned to her parents but he petitioned the court to postpone the hearing so that further investigations might be made which request was granted.

It was alleged that on September 28 Kon lured out Miss Wu Tseng-hsien from her home at 310, Lane 1001, Ferry Road and hid her in another house. The next day he went to see the girl's father, Mr. Wu Nan-shan, who asked him to locate his missing daughter. Wu paid him $1 and two days later Kon showed up again suggesting that the matter should be talked over in a house.

In the tea house, Kon was alleged to have told the victim's father that the girl had been located and that money should be paid for her release. Wu at once realized that Kon was no other than the abductor, caught him and took him to the Pootoo Road police.

35,000 Children to Evacuate London

London, Oct. 2.

Thirty-five thousand schoolchildren gradually would be evacuated from London, the Information Ministry announced today.—Havas.

FUNERALS

Mrs. Martha Moreland

In the presence of a very large attendance of mourners the remains of the late Mrs. Martha Moreland, wife of Mr. P. L. Moreland of the Chinese Maritime Customs, whose demise took place suddenly on Saturday evening, were laid to rest in Hungjao Road Cemetery. Dean Trivett of the Cathedral was the officiating clergyman. The chief mourners were Mr. P. L. Moreland, Sonny and Patsy and Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Ahmed and Sarah. The casket was borne to the grave by Messrs M. Keane, J. D. Spencer, H. Wenner, A. S. Smith, F. S. Jump and A. S. Ahmed. A beautiful floral cross from Daddy, Sonny and Patsy was lowered into the grave with the casket.

Floral tributes were received from the following among others:—

Uncle, Auntie and Sarah, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Forrest, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Anderson, and family, Miss Daisy Ahmed, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Davis and Noel, The Foreign Executive Staff, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Keane and family, Mr. James H. Gibbons, The Appraising Staff, Mr. G. H. White, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Clark, Mrs. A. Kulio, Tilly, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smith and Mr. and Mrs. Brown Hongkong, Wetmore Road River Police Station, Florence Llyod, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Remedios, Mrs. Ann Lovelock, and family, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Madar, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Adlington, Lam Joe E. M. B. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. R. Dudley and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Palmer and family, Mrs. F. Rozario and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Spencer and Myra, Mr. and Mrs. Butte, U. S. Fleet Reserve Club, Mary Hills, Mr. and Mrs H. Granwold, P. T. O'Neill, Nancy Smith, Mrs. R. B. Martin and family, Mr. and Mrs. Fabian, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Schoch, Mr. and Mrs. M. Keane, Mrs. F. Hussian, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Brockett and family, Mr. and Mrs. Jump and family, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. G. Stewart and Colin, Mr. H. Wenner, Mr. and Mrs. Djao Chwang Fuh, etc.

The funeral arrangements were carried out under the direction of Messrs Thomas Macdonald & Co.

Mr. D. H. Cooke

One of the leading residents of Old Shanghai passed away on Saturday at the Country Hospital in the person of Denys Cooke at the age of 53 years. He was educated at Framlingham College in England and later joined his father's firm, Harvie, Cooke & Co., arriving in Shanghai in March, 1908. Some time later he entered the services of Andersen, Meyer & Co. and was with them for six years. After this his commercial career was connected with the piece goods trade, one of his principal agencies being Thos. Edmunds & Sons. In the old Volunteer Fire Brigade days, he was a leading member of the "Victorias" and at the same time was a strong supporter of the Rowing Club. Always a keen swimmer, he played water polo for many years and latterly was a well-known referee. He was a keen golfer and when Kiangwan was the principal course, a weekend without Denys would be incomplete. When the Volunteer Firemen were disbanded he joined "A" Company, Mih-Ho-Loong Rifles, and was a prominent member up to the time of his resignation after the 1937 mobilization. He earned the Long Service Medal. Latterly, his life had been upset completely by the death of his wife and daughter. He will be greatly missed by his many friends in China and elsewhere, and the deepest sympathy is extended to his relatives in England.

At the funeral which took place at Hungjao Road Cemetery yesterday afternoon the pallbearers were:—Sir Allan Mossop, Messrs W. J. Gande, T. B. van Corback, H. S. Openshaw, H. L. Gibson and J. H. MacGregor.

The services were conducted by Dean Trivett. Among those sending floral trbutes were:—Madge, Martha and Gibby, Mr. and Mrs. A. Diercking, Hinds and Barr, Friends at "Calee", Jessie, Mr. C. S. Yang, Mr. L. S. Sun etc.

Messrs Thomas Macdonald & Co. were in charge of the funeral arrangements.

Chinese Landlord Sued

Tenant Refuses To Pay Rent In U. S. Currency

Refusing to pay her rent in United States currency as demanded by her Chinese landlord Mr. Peter K. C. Lee, Mrs. J. Taylor, a British subject, has brought an appeal action against the former under the auspices of the Shanghai Tenants' Association in the Third Branch Kiangsu High Court. The case was heard on Monday and after the issue had been contested by their counsel hearing was postponed to October 5 when judgment will be announced.

M. D'Auxion de Ruffe, who appeared for Mrs. Taylor, told the court that the lease signed by the parties to the dispute would be valid until October 1, 1940 and that she could not be evicted until that time. He opposed that his client should be asked to pay her rent in United States currency asserting that it was contrary to law. He pointed out that a ruling of the Ministry of Finance of the Chinese Government promulgated in 1937 provided that all rents should be paid in the Chinese national currency and calculated on that basis during the period of national emergency.

He produced a lease in which it was stated that the monthly rent was fixed at $175 but on June 26 last Mr. Lee notified her that commencing August 1 her rent would be fixed at U.S.$32. This amounted to $450 at the present rate of exchange or a difference of $275 every month, he pointed out.

Mr. T. C. Chen, for the defendant contended that the notice served by his client was issued one month before requesting evacuation. The notice was in the form of an offer but M. D'Auxion de Ruffe alleged that it amounted to intimidation since he threatened to sue her in the British Court for China. The letter said, he added, that she would have to pay £10 for costs.

Counsel for the defence stated that the number of foreigners living in Shanghai had not increased and that the housing problem only affected the Chinese population. Prices for maintaining the apartment (Brookside Apartment where the appellant lives) had been increased in terms of foreign exchange and therefore payment of rents in American money was requested.

The judge ruled that an accurate translation of the letters exchanged between the parties to the dispute be sent to him postponing the hearing to Thursday.

Going out this Evening?

POPULAR INFORMAL NIGHT CLUB

The Pelican

8th Floor CATHAY HOTEL

DINNER AND DANCING FROM 8:30 p.m.

FLOOR SHOW

Definitely THE PLACE TO GO!

TEL. 11340

SMOKE Genuine C. INGENOHL "LA PERLA DEL ORIENTE" CIGARS

K. AUSTERLITZ, M.D.

Specialist in EAR, NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

begs to announce the opening of his practice at

Glen Line Building, 2 Peking Road

Rooms 103-104, Telephone 16330

Hours: 11-1 p.m., 4-6 p.m.

Residence Telephone 70614

Revitalise Your KIDNEYS

And You'll Feel Young—Look Young

Nothing ages man or woman more than aches caused through bad kidney action. This makes you suffer from Getting up Nights, Burning, Itching Passages, Nerves, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Backache, Leg Pains, Circles under Eyes, Swollen Ankles, Loss of Appetite, Energy, etc., because kidneys which should filter blood fail to throw off acids and poisons, now creeping to joints and muscles. In 24 hours Cystex kills kidney germs, strengthens kidneys and expels acids and poisons. Get Cystex from any Chemist on Guarantee to put you right or money back. Act Now! In 24 hours you will feel better and be completely well in one week. The Guarantee protects you.

..Cystex For Kidneys, Rheumatism, Bladder

MAGNESIA SAN PELLEGRINO

EVERY MORNING

The excellent purgative that neutralizes the acidity of the stomach and purifies the blood by eliminating all poisonous waste matter.

50 cts. per box

Obtainable at all Pharmacies

MAGNESIA S. PELLEGRINO

Sole Agents: S. A. CLERICI, BEDONI & CO., MEDICAL DEPT.

107 Museum Road Telephone 19688

THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Offers you Security

LIFE Insurance provides financial security—its possession means freedom from fear of privation for yourself and for your loved ones.

Assets £34.391.383

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, CANADA

Established 1887

Hamilton House

170 Kiangse Road, Telephone 13184

Graeme D. Nicholl

Manager for North China

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money & Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1939

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4½ .... $ 53.33
U.S. $100 @ 7½ $1,333.33

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4⅝ .... $ 51.89
U.S. $100 @ 7¾ $1,290.32
London—demand 4⅝
4 months' sight credits 4 11/16
4 months' sight docts 4¾
6 months' sight credits 4 23/32
6 months' sight docts 4 25/32
New York—demand ..........U.S. $7¾
4 months' sight credits 7⅞
4 months' sight docts 8

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ....4 11/16 U.S. $7 13/16
Hongkong/London 1/3

Netherlands Trading Society

Netherlands Guilders ......Buying 14½
Java Guilders .... ,, 14¼
Netherlands Guilders ......Selling 14
Java Guilders .... ,, 13¾

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,280.00 £1=50.526
Selling U.S.$100=$1,311.475 £1=$53.333

Italian Bank for China

It. Lire 1.50=$1 Swiss Frs. 0.33½=$1
Tourist Lire 1.59 ....$1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 0.44=$1 Belgas 23.25=£1

Hua Hsing Commercial Bank

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
,, Buying ,, @ 6 1/32 ,, H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling ,, @ 10 * ,, H.H.$100
,, Buying ,, @ 10⅜* ,, H.H.$100

LOCAL DOLLAR (FAPI)

Selling Rate @ 130 per H.H.$100
Buying ,, @ 136 ,, H.H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

		Highest	Lowest
£		4 23/32	4 17/32
U.S. G.$		7 27/32	7 9/16

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

Cash	SELLING		BUYING Oct.
£ T.T.	4 21/32	4 m/s. l.c.	4 13/16
G.$ T.T.	7¾	4 m/s. l.c.	7 15/16
Fcs. T.T.	343	4 m/s.	356
Rs. T.T.	26⅛	15 d/s.	26⅝

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	21¼	21
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34⅞	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	59.12	—

Bombay offtake 50 bars.

London silver was 1¼ down for ready and 1 1/16 down forward, being 21¼ for ready and 21.- forward. New York was ⅛ cts. down at 34⅞ and Bombay was 9 annas up at 59.12.

It was reported speculators sold. Support was small. Market steady. After the official fixing the market ruled quietly steady, with sellers holding off.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 4½ sterling and 7½ U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with sellers for near at 4½ sterling and 7 15/32 U.S.$, but there were inclined to be sellers, and no buyers. Consequently the market gradually advanced and continued firm throughout the day with a slight set back during the morning. At the close there were sellers at:—

4 11/16 sterling 7 13/16 U.S.$ Cash/Oct.
4 23/32 ,, 7⅝ ,, Nov.

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: Oct. 2.

Japan	79	London	1/5 23/32
New York	336	2 mths	
Shanghai	27¾	,, (sellers)	1/5 15/16
Hongkong	86	,, (buyers)	1/6
		Japan	
		(sellers)	Unq.
		(buyers)	Unq

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.00	Shanghai	4⅞ds*
Paris	176.00	Bombay	1/5 31/32*
Berlin	——	Hongkong	1/3 1/16*
Amsterdam	7.49	Singapore	2/4 7/32*
Brussels	23.65	Yokohama	1/2 1/16*
Madrid	39.50*	,, (buying)	1/1 31/32*
Milan	78.50*	Prague	——
Berne	17.65		

*—Unofficial rates.

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.10	Japan	23.65
Spain	unq.	Shanghai	7.65
Holland	53.26	Austria	unq.
Paris	2.27¾	C'slovakia	unq.
Brussels	16.85	Hungary	19.00 N
Italy	5.05	Rumania	0.73
S'zerland	22.55	Yugo Slavia	2.33
Sweden	23.85	Greece	0.74½
Norway	22.75	Bulgaria	Unq.
Denmark	19.35	Finland	2.00
Montreal	89.250	Poland	unq.
Brazil	5.10		

N—Nominal *—Unofficial Rates S—sellers.

London	4.01¾
,, Demand	4.01
,, Bankers' 60 Days Bills	3.99
,, Commercial 60 Days Bills	3.99
Buenos Aires Paper	Unq.
Buenos Aires Paper, market rate	23.60
Montreal on London	4.50⅛

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

		Oct. 2.
London:		
Fine Banker Bills,	3 months	2 11/32%
Bank Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	3¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	4⅝%
Call Money		1½%
New York:		
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months		0½%B
		0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months		0 9/16%B
		0½%A
Call Money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bid in Pesos)

Oct. 3.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.135	.14
Antamok	.15 S	.15 S
Baguio Gold	.12	.125
Batong Buhay	.0090	.0090S
Benguet Consolidated	9.50	9.60 S
Big Wedge	.17	.17
Coco Grove	.13 S	.135 S
Demonstration	.07	.07
I. X. L.	.34	.36
Ipo Gold	.09	.09
Itogon	.17 S	.165 S
Masbate Consolidated	.07 S	.07 S
Mine Operations	.085	.085
North Camarines	.135	.135
Paracale Gumaus	.14	.14
San Mauricio	.68 S	.68 S
Surigao Consolidated	.15	.15
Suyoc	.105 S	.105 S
United Paracale	.24 S	.24 S
Mindanao Motherlode	.06 S	.06 S

S—Sales.

Turnover for the morning: 60,700 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 63.04.—Reuter.

September Report of Mentoukou Mines

Messrs. George McBain have received information from the Mentoukou Mines that for the month of September, producton of coal was nil and sales amounted to 7,010 tons.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The upward trend of the market continued yesterday and a good business was done at rising prices.

The Rubber Regulations Committee have increased the quota for the fourth quarter by 5 per cent. to 75 per cent. With world stocks equal to approximately four month's consumption (in U.S.A. only 3 months) and with the needs of the Barter Agreement to be satisfied there is grave fear of a shortage and no one will quarrel with the Committee's decision.

A year ago the quota was only 45 per cent.; the vast improvement in the earning power of estates is self-evident and will be reflected by substantially higher dividends.

Official Averages

1939 High	Low		Today's Averages	Change
187.61	105.32	General	161.64	+0.35
254.85	95.55	Rubbers	237.84	+0.18

Total 160,428 shares, 460 bonds.

Morning Session

3,000	Samagaga	$ 1.20
T5,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	T 70.00
$30,000	Power 5½% Debs.	$ 80.50
T1,000	China Realty 8% Debs.	T 71.00
T10,000	S. W. W. 6% Debs.	90.00
1,000	I. I. Trust	$ 4.90
2,000	I. I. Trust	5.00
1,000	I. I. Trust	5.05
2,000	I. I. Trust	5.00
2,500	S'hai Loan	7.00
1,000	China Realty	0.40
2,000	China Realty	0.41
1,000	China Realty	0.40
2,500	S'hai Land	8.80
500	S'hai Land	8.75
500	S'hai Land	8.70
500	S'hai Land	8.75
5,500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.60
300	Wheelock	40.75
400	Wheelock	41.00
500	Wheelock	41.25
400	Wheelock	41.50
500	Wheelock	41.75
200	Wheelock	42.00
1,000	Wheelock	42.25
600	Wheelock	42.00
700	Wheelock	42.25
100	Wheelock	42.50
100	Wheelock	42.25
200	Wheelock	42.50
2,100	Wheelock	43.00
800	Wheelock	43.25
1,700	Wheelock	43.00
600	Wheelock	42.75
300	Wheelock	42.50
500	C. G. Omnibus	21.00
100	S'hai Telephone	13.60
1,000	Tram (Bearer) £1	38.00
1,700	Tram (Bearer) £1	38.25
2,000	Metal	10.20
2,200	Metal	10.30
1,100	Metal	10.40
200	Metal	10.30
100	Metal	10.40
1,000	Metal	10.30
300	Metal	10.40
500	Metal	10.30
1,000	Exploration	7.05
500	Exploration	7.00
50	S'hai Power (Pref) X.D.	124.50
15	S'hai Power (Pref) X.D.	124.75
40	S'hai Power (Pref) X.D.	124.50
20	S'hai Power (Pref) X.D.	125.00
90	S'hai Power (Pref) X.D.	124.50
800	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
900	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
2,200	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
200	Anglo Dutch	16.50
1,800	Anglo Java	32.00
100	Anglo Java	32.50
400	Anglo Java	32.75
400	Anglo Java	33.00
700	Anglo Java	33.25
1,000	Bute	1.15
1,500	Consolidated	5.85
2,500	Dominion	9.00
1,000	Java Consolidated	3.87½
5,000	Java Consolidated	3.90
1,000	Kota	4.40
1,000	Kota	4.45
9,000	Kroewoek	2.05
2,000	Kroewoek	2.07½
5,000	Kroewoek	2.10
200	Langkat	16.90
1,200	Langkat	17.00
300	Langkat	17.10
100	Langkat	17.00
500	Rubber Trust	6.35
3,000	Samagaga	1.25
2,000	Samagaga	1.30
5,000	Semambu	0.91
1,000	Senawang	1.12
3,000	Senawang	1.13
6,000	Kelantan	0.43
2,000	Seremban	2.20
200	Sumatra	16.00
1,000	Sua Manggis	1.65
4,000	Tanah Merah	3.00
1,000	Tanah Merah	3.05
2,000	Tebong	1.09
9,000	Tebong	1.10
100	Ziangbe	22.00
1,000	Cathay Land	1.00
1,000	S. W. W. Fittings	1.50

ODD LOTS

200	Exploration	$ 7.10
50	Metal	10.30
162	New Eng. (Ord)	9.55
500	Tanah Merah	3.00
500	I. I. Trust	5.00
100	Dominion	9.20
5	S'hai Power (Pref) X.D.	125.00
500	China Realty	0.39
50	China Realty	0.38
482	Consolidated	5.75

Afternoon Session

3,000	I. I. Trust	$ 5.00
500	S'hai Loan	7.00
2,000	China Realty	0.38
4,000	China Realty	0.37
1,000	S'hai Land	8.75
3,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.60
2,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.65
1,500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.70
1,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.80
500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.85
500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.80
2,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.85
2,500	New Eng. (Ord)	9.90
2,000	New Eng. (Ord)	9.95
300	Wheelock	42.50
500	Wheelock	42.25
400	Wheelock	42.30
100	Wheelock	42.75
200	Wheelock	42.50
1,000	Wheelock	42.75
100	Tram (Bearer) £1	38.25
1,900	Tram (Bearer) £1	38.00
3,500	Metal	10.40
100	Metal	10.30
1,000	Metal	10.40
1,0000	Metal	10.30
500	Exploration	7.00
10	S'hai Power (Pref) X.D.	124.50
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
100	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.40
1,500	Ewo Mills (Ord)	19.30
100	Alma	31.00
300	Alma	31.75
300	Alma	32.00
100	Anglo Dutch	16.50
500	Consolidated	5.85
1,000	Java Consolidated	3.90
4,000	Java Consolidated	3.92½
5,000	Kroewoek	2.10
200	Langkat	16.90
2,000	Senawang	1.12
1,000	Senawang	1.13
500	Kedah	8.70
600	Sumatra	16.00
5,000	Tanah Merah	3.02½
2,000	Tebong	1.11
1,000	Tebong	1.12
200	Ziangbe	22.00
1,000	Cathay Land	1.10

ODD LOTS

100	New Eng. (Ord)	$ 9.60
200	New Eng. (Ord)	8.70
100	S'hai Loan	6.85
50	Metal	10.20
4	S'hai Power (Pref) X.D.	124.75
100	Exploration	6.95
300	New Eng. (Ord)	9.80

Returns of Federal Reserve System

New York, Oct. 2.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, in their report for the week ended September 27, respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of the system, reveal an increase on total loans amounting to $31,000,000 compared with the previous week and of $109,000,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Investments show increases of $49,000,000 over last week and of $1,070,000,000 over the corresponding period of last year.

Total loans during the period under review amounted to $8,350,000,000 and investments $14,069,000,000.—Reuter.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 2.

Stock prices on Wall Street today declined from fractions to 1 point, while steels dropped from fractions to 2 points. After initial irregularity, prices quietly receded on persistent profit taking, but finished above the day's low levels.

The debate in the Senate on the Neutrality Act, which is expected to continue for at least a month, was watched with the closest attention.

Despite rumours of a quick peace, traders were inclined to take the statement of Mr. Winston Churchill, British First Lord of the Admiralty, at its face value, and a really destructive phase of the European conflict is expected shortly.

Another sharp rise in mill activity stemmed the setback in steels. Meanwhile, business news continues to offer an incentive for buying. The volume of trading today amounted to 840,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	152.36	150.68	151.41	—1.13
20 Rails	35.20	34.58	34.85	—0.76
15 Utilities	25.19	24.77	25.05	—0.08
40 Bonds	—	—	89.14	—0.05
11 Commod.	—	—	56.12	—0.65

	Sept. 30	Oct. 2
Adams Express	10¼	9⅝
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	25⅞	25⅛
Allied Stores	9¾	9½
Allis Chalmers	45⅝	44⅝
Aluminium Ltd.	89	88
Amer. Can.	114	114
Amer. Cyanamid "B"	33½	33½
Amer. & For. Power	2½	2½
,, $7 pfd.	23¾	23
Amer. Gas & Elec.	37⅜	37
Amer. Locomotive	28¼	27⅜
Amer. Metal	26½	26
Amer. Radiator	10⅜	10⅛
Amer. Rolling Mill	21½	21
Amer. Smelting & Ref.	56½	56⅛
Amer. Sugar Refining	26½	25¾
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	161⅞	161⅞
Amer. Tobacco "B"	75½	75⅜
Amer. Waterworks	14	13⅞
Anaconda Copper	34⅛	33⅞
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	33	31⅞
Auburn	—	3⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	8⅛	8
Baldwin Locomotive	20⅞	20
Barber Asphalt Corp.	16	15¾
Barnsdall Oil Co.	17⅛	16¾
Bendix Aviation	29⅞	29¼
Bethlehem Steel	93⅝	90⅞
Bliss (E.W.)	18¾	17¼
Boeing Airplane	27⅜	26⅞
Borg Warner	28⅜	27½
Briggs Mfg. Co.	25⅜	25
Bklyn-Manhattan Trans.	12⅝	12⅜
Budd Mfg. (E. G.)	—	7⅛
,, 6$ cum. pfd.	—	—
Can. Pacific Rly.	5⅞	5¾
Case, J.I.	—	86½
Celanese Corp.	26½	25¾
Chase Nat. Bank	B 37½	B 37
Chesapeake & Ohio	45⅜	44⅛
Chrysler	91¼	90½
Colt's Patent Fire-Arms	91	B 88½
Columbia Gas & Elec.	8	7¾
,, 6% "A" pfd.	83	83½
Coml. Credit	46	46⅜
Comm. & Southern (ord.)	1⅝	1⅝
,, $6 cum. pfd.	64	64
Consold. Edison	30½	30⅛
Consold. Oil	9	8⅞
Continental Can	48¾	48¾
Continental Oil	29⅝	29⅞
Corn Products	62½	63½
Curtiss Wright (com.)	7¼	7½
,, "A"	26⅛	26¾
Deere & Co.	23⅝	23½
Distillers Corp. Seagrams	14⅜	14⅝
Douglas Aircraft	77⅞	76¼
Du Pont de Nemours	183½	183
Eagle Picher Lead	12⅞	12¼
Eaton Mfg. Co.	27¾	26⅝
Elec. Auto Lite	39¼	38¼
Elec. Bond & Share	9⅝	9⅜
,, $5 pfd.	—	—
,, $6 pfd.	B 66	B 66¼
Elec. Pwr. & Lt.	34	33⅜
Flintkote	18	18
Food Machinery Corp.	35	34½
Gen. Amer. Trans. Corp.	62	60½
Gen. Elec.	41½	41⅜
Gen. Motors	55½	54½
Gen. Rly. Signal	24¼	23⅝
Gen. Tire & Rubber	23½	23⅛
Glidden Co.	19⅛	18⅝
Goodrich (B. F.)	23	23
,, $5 pfd.	—	—
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	29⅞	29
Great Nthrn. Iron Ore	19¾	19½
Great Nthrn. Rly.	31⅞	31⅛
Great Western Sugar	32¾	31⅞
Greyhound Corp.	17⅛	16⅞
Hercules Powder	89½	90¼
Homestake Min.	51¼	51¾
Indus. Rayon	27¾	27¾
Int. Harvester	69¼	68
Int. Nickel	38¼	38
Int. Tel. & Tel.	5½	5⅜
Johns Manville	76¼	76½
Jones & Laughlin	80	79
Kennecott	42⅛	41¼
Lakey Foundry & Machine	B 3⅞	B 3⅞
Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	49	48½
Lockheed Aircraft	28½	28⅜
Loew's Inc.	31⅛	32¾
Manhattan Shirt Co.	—	14
Martin, Glenn L. Co.	38⅛	37⅜
McKesson & Robbins $3	15¾	B 15½
Monsanto Chemical	108¼	106⅞
Montgomery Ward	54¼	53½
Nat. City Bank	B 30¾	B 30¾
Nat. Dairy Products	15⅞	15⅞
Nat. Distillers	23⅝	23½
Nat. Gypsum	10⅜	10
Nat. Lead	23¾	23
Nat. Steel Corp.	79	78
Nat. Power & Lt.	9	8¾
Nat. Supply Co.	12¾	12
New York Central	22	21⅝
Niagara Hudson Power	7¾	7¾
North Amer. Aviation	21⅜	21
North Amer. Co.	22¾	22½
Northern Pacific	12⅛	11¾
Owens-Illinois-Glass	63¼	64
Pacific Gas & Elec.	30½	30¼
Pacific Lighting	45⅝	45½
Packard Motors	4	4⅛
Paramount Pictures	7	7¼
Pennsylvania R.R.	27	26
Phelps Dodge	44	44
Phil. & Reading Coal	—	7/8
Phillips Petroleum	45⅞	45¼
Pittsburgh Coke & Iron	B 11¾	B 11¾
Public Serv. of N.J.	38¾	38½
Pure Oil	10⅛	10
Radio Corp. of Amer.	6¼	6
Pullman Inc.	40	39
Reading Co.	21⅞	21⅜
,, 1st pfd.	28½	B 26½
Remington Arms Co.	B 6¼	B 6
Republic Steel Co.	27½	26⅞
Revere Copper & Brass	17	16¾
Reynolds Tobacco "B"	36⅛	36⅛
Richfield Corp.	8⅜	8¼
Safeway Stores	42⅞	42⅛
Schenley	13⅛	13⅛
,, 5½% pfd.	65	66
Sears Roebuck	77½	77⅛
Seversky Aircraft	4⅝	4⅜
Shell Union Oil	14¾	14½
Socony-Vacuum	13¾	14
Sthrn. Pacific	18⅛	17¼
Sthrn. Rly. 5% pfd.	33	32
Sperry Corp.	48¾	47¾
Spicer Mfg.	B 31¼	31⅝
Stand. Brands	6	6⅛
Stand. Gas & Elec.	3⅛	3⅛
Stand. Oil of Calif.	30	29⅞
Stand. Oil of N. J.	48¾	48¼
Stone & Webster	13	12⅝
Swift International	32	33
Technicolor	11⅛	11½
Texas Corp.	47½	47
Texas Gulf Sulphur	36	35⅞
Transamerica	6⅝	6⅜
Tw. Century Fox Film,	13⅛	13¼
,, ,, pfd.	—	22½
Un. Carbide & Carban	91	91
Un. Pacific	105	104
Un. Aircraft	44¼	43
Un. Air Lines Trans.	10⅞	10¼
Un. Corp.	3	2⅞
,, $3 cum. pfd.	35¼	35⅛
Un. Gas Corp.	2⅝	2⅜
Un. Gas Improvement	13⅞	13⅞
U. S. Indus. Alcohol	25½	25
U. S. Rubber	43¾	43
,, 8% n-c pfd.	105½	105
U. S. Steel	78⅜	78¼
Vanadium	37⅝	36⅝
Warner Bros. Picts.	4	4
Westinghouse Elec.	119½	119⅛
Woodward Iron	31¼	30¼

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	57¼	57¼
Brazil	12⅜	12
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	31¾	30¼
Cities Serv. Pwr.	78¾	80
Erie R.R.	19¼	18¼
Int. Tel. & Tel.	53	54
Minnas Geraes	B 7½	B 8⅜
New England Gas	B 65⅛	B 66
Peru 6s 1961	8¼	8¼
Rio Grande do Sul	B 8¼	B 8
Sao Paulo	B 6⅛	B 6⅛
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	55½	55¼
Stand. Gas & Elec.	65¾	66⅛

B—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices moved lower under a light volume today, with traders keeping to the sidelines awaiting Hitler's Reichstag speech and the outcome of the Neutrality Bill debate, but favourable business news was ignored. The market opened about unchanged and then dropped until mid-session when it rallied from the day's lows, which, however, was insufficient to attract new buying. Steels were the heaviest losers, with United States Steel off 3⅛ before a rally set in. News included higher carloadings; steel operations running at 87½ per cent. of capacity, a gain of 3.7; and, lumber orders ruling at the highest level since 1930.

By Courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

The vigour of business is stressed due to replenishing inventories and not necessarily to war stimulus, with the greatest unfilled orders in three years forecasting the activity rate ahead of that in March 1937 when the Dow-Jones Industrials Average was 22 points higher.

Five weeks ago the war was a bugaboo to the market and last week the lower prices were excused away by talk of peace. However, such sudden shifts of psychology cannot alter the current main trend anticipating good business and profits, although it can cause minor market moves. The latest reaction stopped well above the mid-September lows.

London selling of General Motors was absorbed and the stock goes to a new recovery high, anticipating $3.75 net for the year. The industry is now in the biggest quarter since 1929, while a big change for the better in steels, oils and merchandisings are noted.

Investors are discriminating against companies operating abroad under the prices and tax controls and quotas like International Nickel and commodity shares.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 2.

A firmer opening was witnessed on the Stock Exchange today, with the market closing steady, despite the failure of certain sections to maintain the initial advances.

Home equities generally ruled higher, while store shares were especially favoured. Motors were easier, international issues and oils held firm while British gilt edged securities ruled idle. Silver issues weakened on speculative re-selling meeting with but small support.—Reuter.

	Sept. 29	Oct. 2
War Loan 3½ (Red.)	£88½	88½
JAPANESE BONDS		
Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	28½	28
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	35	35
	Osaka,	Oct. 3.
Kogo 5%		Y.105.41
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		
Allied Ironfounders	15/9	15/9
Armstrong Stevens	5/3	5/3
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	31/9	31/3
Austin Motors, ord.	17/6	16/3
Bristol Aeroplane	15/-	15/6
British American Tob.	80/-	80/-
Cable & W.	44	44¼
Cammell Laird, ord.	6/7	6/4
Courtaulds	25/9	25/10
Distillers	86/-	85/7
Dunlop Rubber	24/-	24/6
General Elec. (Eng.)	61/9	62/4
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	78/9	78/1
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	12/-	12/6
Imp. Chem. Indus.	27/6	28/1
Imp. Tobacco	105/-	107/6
Leyland Motors	77/6	77/6
Marks & Sptncer "A" ord.	45/-	46/3
Pressed Steel, com.	13/9	13/6
Rolls-Royce	83/1	81/10
Smethwick Drop Forgings	14/6	14/6
Tate & Lyle	55/-	55/-
Turner & Newall	67/6	68/9
United Steel	21/-	21/1
Virkers. ord.	15/6	15/10
Woolworths	55/-	56/3
MISCELLANEOUS		
Anglo Dutch	23/9	23/9
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	26/7	27/1
MINES		
Burma Corp.	8/9	8/6
Commonwealth Min.	Unq.	Unq.
Marsman Invest.	10/-	10/7
Randfontein Ests.	32/6	33/9
Sub-Nigel	175/-	175/-
Tanami Gold Min.	4½d	4½d
Western Holdings	7/6	7/6
OILS		
Anglo Iranian	57/6	56/3
Burmah	60/-	60/-
Mexican Eagle	4/6	4/7
Shell Trans. & Trad.	81/3	82/6
CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.		
4½% Gold Loan. 1898	—	—
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	38	38
4½% Anglo-French Loan,	40	40
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	21	21
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	32	32
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	—	—
5% Honan Rly., 1905	—	—
5% Hukuang Rly., 1913	—	—
5% ,, ,, (Ger. Is.)	—	—
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	—	—
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	—	—
5% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	—	—
5% ,, ,, G.	—	—
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) B.	—	—
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) G.	—	—
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	—	—
S'hai. Elec. Construction	—	—
S'hai. Waterworks "A"	10	10
Un. Insurance Soc.	19	19
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	6⅜	6⅜
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	72	72
H. & S. Bank (Col. Reg.)	72	72
Chinese Eng. & Min.	—	—
Chosen Corp.	—	—
Pekin Syndicate	—	—
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/9	15/-

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 2.

Commodities generally finished slightly higher on balance, compared with the previous closing levels.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 9 3/16 +3/16; sellers 9 11/16 +1/16; Nov. del. buyers 9⅝; sellers 9¾.

Liverpool Cotton: Amer. Futures: Oct. 5.85 +4; Jan. 5.77 +5; Mar. 5.76 +6; May 5.74 +6; Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 contract: Oct. 7.24 +13; Jan. 7.37 +14; Mar. 7.41 +14; May 7.43 +14.

London Metals: Tin, Stan. cash sellers £230, unc; 3 mths sellers £228½ unc.—Reuter.

U.S. Steel Mill Operations Improve

New York, Oct. 2.

Steel mill activity in the United States for the week commencing October 2 was placed at 87.5 per cent. of capacity, according to the weekly report of the American Iron and Steel Institute, which was issued to-day.

This represents a gain of 3.7 per cent. of capacity over the previous week and of 39.6 percent of capacity over the corresponding period of last year.—Reuter.

U.S. to Stabilize S. American Trade

Maritime Commission Sells Ships to Aid Fleet Expansion

Washington, Oct. 3.

The Government may ask American exporters to form a central agency to protect the values of trade relations between the United States and Central American countries, it was learned last night.

The question, it was understood, will be discussed today when Department of Commerce representatives confer here with representatives of leading export organizations.

The objective of the proposed agency would be to regulate the quality, price and economic soundness of exports to the Latin American countries, thereby combatting speculators seeking quick killings in the Latin American market because of abnormal wartime conditions.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, issued a formal notice yesterday announcing the intention of the United States to begin negotiations for a trade agreement with Chile.—United Press.

Shipping Developments

New York, Oct. 3.

Negotiations are nearing completion for the sale of four combined freighter and passenger ships, and the chartering of four others, by the Maritime Commission to the Moore & McCormack Lines for service between the East Coast and Latin America. The Company operates the American Republican Lines.

Officials of the line said that consummation of the transaction awaited only the transfer of 14 of its older ships to the Lloyd Brasileiro Line. The Maritime Commission is expected to approve the transaction shortly.—Reuter.

Manila Firm Buying Ship

Seattle, Oct. 3.

The American Mail Line yesterday announced plans to seek the permission of the Federal Court to sell the liner President Madison to an unnamed Manila company, for a reported price of $350,000. The sale would give the reorganized Mail Line the working capital required by the Federal Maritime Commission. Captain A. W. Nygren is the agent for the Manila firm.—United Press.

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 2.

The cotton market early declined on liquidation, profit taking and decreased buying, but later rallied on better Liverpool advices and covering. Finally, the market closed quiet on general selling and renewed profit taking with quotations ranging from 1 to 6 points down.

After opening steady on higher London cables, the rubber market today partially eased and finally finished nervous and irregular. Trading was mixed, with most operators keeping to the sidelines, and prices progressively slipped on profit taking and liquidation. At the close, quotations ranged from 5 points up to 15 points down.

Wheat prices in Chicago today declined on profit taking, liquidation, reports of beneficial rains and general selling. At the final hour, losses of 1½ to 1⅝ cents were recorded.

New York Cotton			Yew York Rubber		
Oct.	9.27-28	—01			
Dec.	8.93-93	—06	Dec.	19.70-73	+05
Jan.	8.78-78	—04	Mar.	18.51-53	—09
Mar.	8.65-65	—04	May	18.38-38	—12
May	8.45-45	—03	July	18.35 N	—15
July	8.23-23	—05			
July (new)	8.44 N	—04			

N. Y. Sugar No. 4			New York Silk		
Mar.	2.01-01½ B/A	—3½			
May	2.03-03½ B/A	—3½	Dec.	2.90½-90½	+3
Sept.	2.07 N	—3			

Chicago Wheat			Chicago Corn		
Dec.	82⅞-82¾	—1⅝	Dec.	49⅞-49⅞	—1
May	83½-83⅜	—1½	May	52¾-52⅞	—1⅛

Winnipeg Wheat

Dec.	71⅛-71¼	—1⅞
May	75⅞-75¾	—1⅞

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

Permata August Harvest

The rubber harvested on the Permata Rubber Estate, during the month of August, amounted to 6615 lbs.

New York Market Lower

Imminent Developments Eagerly Awaited

New York, Oct. 2.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange declined today as traders awaited imminent developments in Washington and Berlin.

Despite improved business news, traders' attention was centered on Chancellor Adolf Hitler's forthcoming speech before the Reichstag and the outcome of the neutrality debate in the United States Congress.

The market in September gained more than $6,000,000,000 in value as stocks reached the highest levels since October, 1937. Trading was brisk in anticipation of war profits. Sales totalled 57,091,432, a new high for September since 1932.

Gains were scored in all sections and while stocks were soaring bonds were irregular with high grade issues easing in many instances.

Business made spectacular gains during September. Automobile production was up 259 per cent. Steel Operations increased 20.8 per cent. and carloadings were up 26 per cent.

Prices opened little changed today and headed lower by noon. Rails, aviations, oils, utilities and farm equipments were lower. Mercantiles were steady and coppers held previous gains on the basis of a new all-time record for September sales amounting to 163,627 tons.—United Press.

Sterling, Franc Steady In New York

Other European Monies Show Tendency to Slip

New York, Oct. 2.

European currencies on the New York Foreign Exchange market showed a tendency to slip today, but the sterling and franc remained steady.

Sterling opened at 4.01¾ and closed at the same level, while the initial quotation for the franc was listed at 2.27⅞ and the final at 2.27¾.

Foreign exchange circles pointed out that rumours of peace bids appeared to have had a breaking effect on trade, as most interests held off, awaiting more definite information.—Reuter.

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers

Members of New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Winnipeg Grain Exchange
Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal
New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
Manila Stock Exchange
Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG AND MANILA

Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

S. E. Levy & Co.

SHANGHAI...HONGKONG...MANILA

Members:

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC., N.Y.
NEW YORK COFFEE AND SUGAR EXCHANGE
CANADIAN COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC.
MANILA STOCK EXCHANGE
HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION
MALAYAN SHAREBROKERS ASSOCIATION

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

(Incorporated in the Colony of Hongkong. The liability of members is limited to the extent and in manner prescribed by Ordinance No. 6 of 1929 of the Colony.)

Authorised Capital	HK$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up	HK$20,000,000
Reserve Funds { Sterling	£6,500,000
Reserve Funds { Hongkong Currency	HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	HK$20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Board of Directors:

HON. MR. A. L. SHIELDS, Chairman W. H. LOCK, Deputy Chairman
J. K. BOUSFIELD, A. H. COMPTON, Hon. Mr. S. H. DODWELL, D. F. LANDALE, G. MISKIN, K. S. MORRISON, Hon. Mr. T. E. PEARCE, H. V. WILKINSON.

Chief Manager: SIR VANDELEUR M. GRAYBURN.

Branches: Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chefoo, Colombo, Dairen (Dalny), Foochow, Haiphong, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkew (Shanghai), Ipoh, Johore, Kobe, Kowloon, Kuala Lumpur, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manila, Moukden, Muar, New York, Peiping (Peking), Penang, Rangoon, Saigon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sungei Patani, Swatow, Tientsin, Tokyo, Tsingtao, Yloilo, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking & Exchange Business transacted. Savings Bank Department. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent. Office Hours 10 to 3, Saturdays 10 to noon. A. S. HENCHMAN, *Manager*.

THE **MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.**

(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund

Subscribed Capital	£1,800,000
Paid-up Capital	1,050,000
Reserve Fund	1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya and in Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

Interest allowed on Local Currency Current Accounts @ 2% p.a.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling and other foreign currencies as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

J. R. HUXTER, *Manager*.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK of NEW YORK

Travelers' Checks and Letters of Credit *issued by this bank* are safe, convenient and acceptable everywhere.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 KIUKIANG ROAD

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, N.V. Amsterdam)

BANKERS
ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER
1824

Head-Office: AMSTERDAM
Head-Office for the East: BATAVIA
SHANGHAI OFFICE: Sassoon House, 20 The Bund

98 Branches in The Netherlands, the Netherlands East Indies, the Straits Settlements, India, Burma, China, Japan, Arabia and Netherlands Guyana. Correspondents in all principal towns of the world.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED

C. J. SCHAAP, *Manager*

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELSBANK, N.V.

255 KIANGSE ROAD, CORNER OF KIUKIANG ROAD

HEAD OFFICE: Amsterdam, Holland.
SUB-OFFICES IN HOLLAND: The Hague and Rotterdam.
HEAD OFFICE for the NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES: Batavia.

BRANCHES:

NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES: Ampenan, Bandjermasin, Bandoeng, Banjoewangi, Cheribon, Djambi, Gorontalo, Makassar, Malang, Medan, Menado, Palembang, Pekalongan, Pontianak, Probolinggo, Semarang, Soerabaia, Tandjong Balei, Tegal, Telok-Betong, Tjilotjap, and Weltevreden.
BRITISH INDIA: Bombay and Calcutta.
CHINA: Shanghai, Hongkong and Amoy.
THE PHILIPPINES: Manila.
STRAITS SETTLEMENT: Singapore.
JAPAN: Kobe and Tokyo.

All Banking Transactions.

C. G. RIEM, Manager, Shanghai

THE HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Capital (fully paid up) H.H. $50,000,000

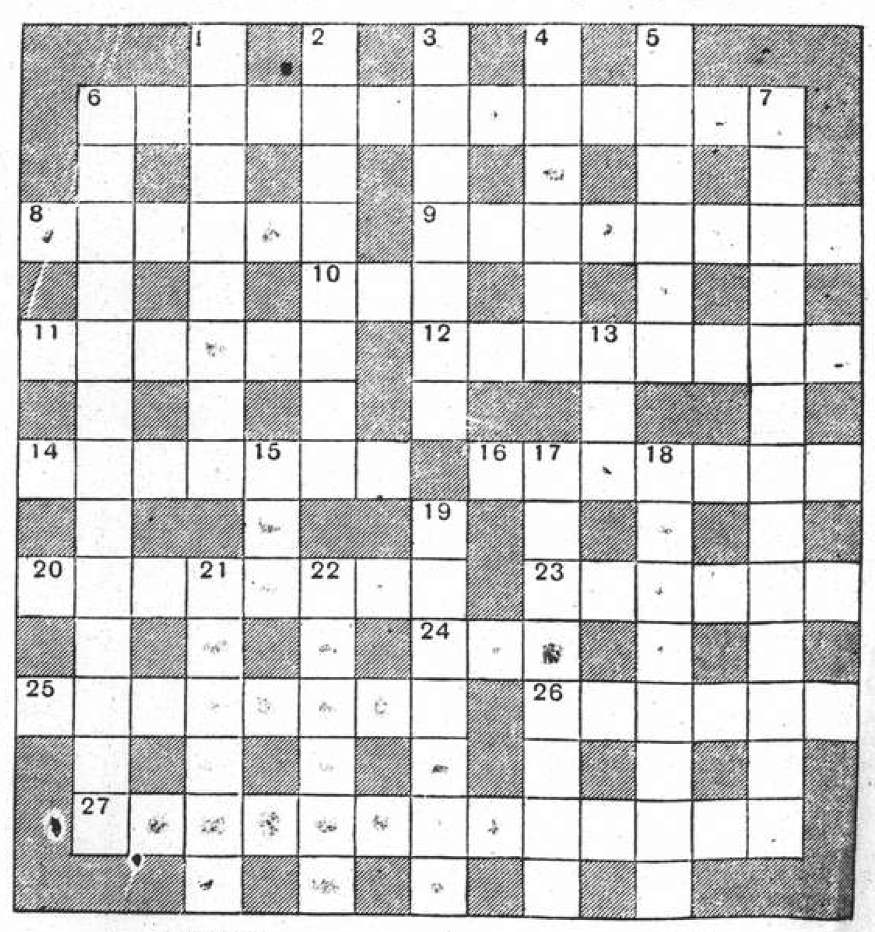
Head Office:
No. 2 Darroch Road, Shanghai. Tel. (02) 3553-5

NANKING BRANCH
Corner Chien Kang and Chu Chiao Road. Tel. 22480-2

SOOCHOW BRANCH
Kuan Chien Road
Tel. 300-301.

LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1932

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



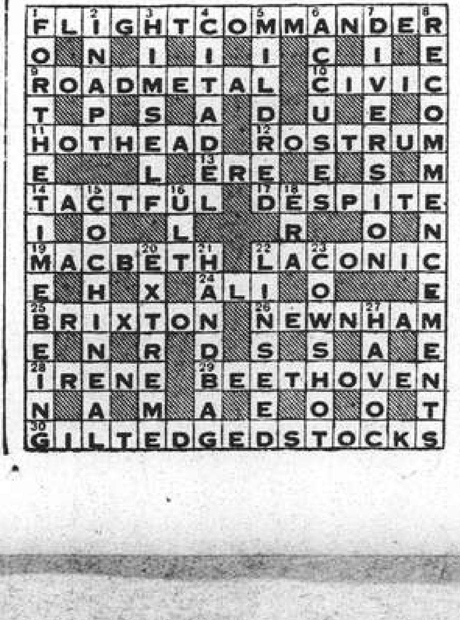
ACROSS

6 Something carried by a soldier in battle that helps a farmer to get a good harvest (two words)
8 Treat in more than royal fashion
9 An old-fashioned sweet
10 The important one among the girls he likes
11 This relish sounds quite wrongly named
12 If we do this to the clues you may find them too easy
14 French town famous for its china-ware
16 Apparition
20 Where actions may be heard but not seen in the auditorium (two words)
23 Not the broadest part of an arrow-head
24 What the lethargic lack, colloquially
25 A modification of the Dreadnought; rather timid
26 Fruit
27 "Ragmen spade it," (anag.)

DOWN

1 Much the same as the harem
2 He's in a drinking den in the U.S. and likely to stick there
3 This Tartar is a sailor
4 What refugees seek
5 That decorative "finishing off" in architecture
6 Not another and bad sort of Ariel but an enthusiast about the air (three words)
7 Useless like the heart of a bad boy
13 Put this food into pups and it makes little difference to them
15 In this is perhaps some bullion
17 No, this allowance is not meant to play skittles with
18 Are these bodies concerned with the packing of motors?
19 No great number
21 A feature of all poetry
22 This six-lettered confession sounds like one of only five letters

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1931



Post Office Notices

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

	Reg.	Ord.
WEDNESDAY, October 4.		
Hongkong and Haiphong	10.00	10.30
Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	10.30	11.00
Amoy Hongkong and Haiphong	10.30	11.00
Fukien Province via Amoy	10.30	11.00
Tsingtao	13.30	14.00
Aust. N.Z. and Manila	15.00	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	15.30	16.00
THURSDAY, October 5.		
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	7.30
Tsingtao and Dairen	8.30	9.00
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia	8.30	10.00
Chinwangtao	9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila and Java Ports	A 10.00	11.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton	10.30	11.00
Fukien Province via Amoy	10.30	11.00
Tsingtao Chefoo and Tientsin	10.30	11.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	16.30	17.00
Hongkong	19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, October 6.		
Ningbsien Yungkia Wenchow etc. via Chinhai	11.30	12.00
Amoy and Swatow	X 13.30	14.00
Fukien Province via Amoy	X 13.30	14.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
Japan Honolulu U.S.A. Canada Europe via Pacific	14.00	16.00
Hongkong	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Haiphong	19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A. Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 4th.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on Oct. 14).
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on October 5, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary due London October 18.

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Oct. 5, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on October 18.

Air France per steamer on October 5, at 10 a.m. for registered and at 11 a.m. for ordinary.

Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Bandoeng-Amsterdam) per steamer to Hongkong.

Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service: daily at 8 p.m. Mails for America may be sent on Oct. 4, to Japan by air mail for connection with a steamer leaving Yokohama on October 6.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 9.45 a.m. and 12.00 at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 9.15 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.

Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechwan, Yunnan, Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan Shanhaikwan, Tsingtao and Tungshan by the planes of the Chung Hua Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices west and north of Jukao 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Hangchow 11.30 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

North Pinghan and Lunghai (east of Chenghsien) 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Wuhu, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 8.45 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Pacific, Oct. 6, due London Nov. 8.
Per steamer via Suez, Oct. 18, due London Nov. 16.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due about 2 p.m. T. A. K. Yangtszepoo Wharf.

From DAIREN: Tsingtao Maru, with mail, due between 2-3 p.m. Whangpo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From ROTTERDAM
Zuiderkerk 28/9 11/11

From ANTWERP
Seerooskerk 21/8 14/10
Zuiderkerk 18/9 11/11

From LONDON
Katori M. 1/9 10/10
Yasukuni M. 15/9 20/10
Kasima M. 29//9 7/11

From GENOA
Hilda 20/7 5/10
Victoria 14/9 16/10

From SUEZ
Yasukuni M. 27/9 20/10

From SINGAPORE
Katori M. 2/10 10/10
Seerooskerk 30/9 14/10
Victoria 2/10 16/10

From SOERABAYA
Tjisadane 29/9 17/10

From MANILA
Pres. Taft 4/10 7/10

From HONGKONG
See "China Ports" below.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK
P. Maersk 9/9 25/10
G. Maersk 23/9 10/11

From PANAMA
G. Maersk 4/10 10/11

From LOS ANGELES
P. Cleveland 18/9 11/10
Pres. Pierce 2/10 25/10
Pres. Maersk 30/9 25/10
Tatuta M. 22/9 27/10

From HONOLULU
P. Cleveland 28/9 11/10
Tatuta M. 30/9 27/10

From HONGKONG
See "China Ports" below.

From NAGASAKI
Shanghai M. 6/10 7/10

From KEELUNG(Formosa)
Hukuken M. 7/10 9/10

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From CAPETOWN
Tegelberg 13/9 22/10

From MOMBASA
Tegelberg 1/10 22/10

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN
Dairen M. 4/10 6/10

From HONGKONG

Going Home?

Remember to advise us of your home address to substitute the *North-China Herald* for the *North-China Daily News*. Including postage $12 per quarter to any address in Europe or America. Telephone 11066 (Circulation).

Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

TJITJALENGKA Oct. 5. AMOY, HONGKONG, MANILA, CEBU, MENADO, MACASSAR, BALI, SOERABAIA and JAVA N.C.—The J.C.J.L. ms. Tjitjalengka sails from Customs Lower Buoys No. 13-14 on Thursday, October 5, at 2 p.m., taking cargo to Java and transhipment in Java. Excellent passenger accommodation. Through tickets issued to European. Australian and African Ports. Passengers tender leaves Customs Jetty at 12 a.m. (noon). For particulars apply to the Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Tel. 16247 (4 Lines). 5-10

STRAITS AND EUROPE

TALLEYRAND. Oct. 19. ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, OSLO and GOTHENBURG DIRECT via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE and COLOMBO.—Motor vessel Talleyrand of the Wilhelmsen Lines will be despatched from Shanghai for the above-mentioned ports on October 19. For freight or passage apply to Dodwell and Company, Limited, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11366. 19-10

VICTORIA Oct. 19. TO NAPLES and GENOA via HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, PORT SAID.—Lloyd Triestino, 26 The Bund. Tel. 16885. 18-10

AMERICA

SOPHOCLES Oct. 17. Via JAPAN for LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Maersk Line Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 17-10

Weather, Time and Tide

Wednesday, October 4, 1939 (22nd day of 8th moon)	SICCAWEI Oct. 2 16.00	Oct. 2 21.00	Oct. 3 4.00	Oct. 3 9.00
Barometer inches	29.97	30.02	29.99	30.02
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.07	—0.04	—0.03	—0.04
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.05	—0.04	+0.02	0.00
Wind (direction)	WSW	SW	Calme	SSW
" (miles per hour)	9.3	3.1	0.0	1.2
Temperature (Fahr.)	75.9°	67.8°	65.3°	72.3°
Humidity %	59	98	96	84
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	8	9
Rainfall inches				

Siccawei Abridged Report October 2	Mean 1939	24 hrs. variation	66 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.02	—0.06	30.02
Temp. Min. 60.°4 Max. 83.°5	72.°0	+5.°2	67.°8
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	37.25	—	38.61

Time and Tide	4/10	5/10	6/10	7/10	8/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.49	5.50	5.50	5.51	5.52
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.37	17.36	17.35	17.33	17.31
Moon rises at Shanghai	21.34	22.30	23.30	—	0.32
Moon sets at Shanghai	10.44	11.39	12.31	13.21	14.08
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	12.28	13.00	14.20	16.30	18.15
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	5.50	6.30	7.25	8.40	10.22
H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	14.42	15.35	16.39	18.33	7.58
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	8.84	8.15	6.90	5.50	6.44

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Ting Sang, from Tientsin and Ports: Mr. Chen Chwan Chih, Mr. Fynland, Mr. Milton See, Mr. T. See, Mr. A. Brown, Mrs. M. Grant, Mr. B. Smith, Capt. A. M. Jewell, Mr. Baracchini, Mr. Migliaccio, Miss Smith, Miss Schleman, Miss L. Skalina, Miss P. Cook, Miss M. Sobakina.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
ASAMA MARU .... Oct. 8
TATUTA MARU .... Oct. 23

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... Oct. 7

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
NOSIRO MARU .... Oct. 8
NAKO MARU ..... Nov. 4

Japan-Australia Line
via Manila
From Hongkong
KITANO MARU .... Oct. 28

European Mail Line
Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Rotterdam via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon, Aden, Port Said.
HAKUSAN MARU .... Oct. 17
HARUNA MARU ..... Oct. 31

Bombay and Calcutta Line
Singapore, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta.
DURBAN MARU .... Oct. 13
MATUE MARU .... Oct. 24
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi.
ANYO MARU ..... Oct. 11
TOYAMA MARU .... Oct. 28

Kobe Express Service
KATORI MARU .... Oct. 13

For Kobe, Mozi & Yokohama
KASIMA MARU .... Nov. 8
HAKONE MARU .... Nov. 21

61 The Bund **NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA** Telephone 12842
General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

LLOYD TRIESTINO

Next Sailings from Shanghai:
mv. VICTORIA . . October 19
ss. CONTE VERDE . November 16
to Trieste, Venice, Naples, Genoa,
via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Port Said

For Passages and Freight Accommodation please apply to:
LLOYD TRIESTINO
Telephone 16885 26 The Bund, Shanghai Telegr. LLOYDIANO

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER
Sailings

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

	Lv. S'hai	Lv. Kobe		Lv. S'hai	Lv. Kobe
Pres. Taft	—	Oct. 13	Pres. Taft	—	Dec. 6
*Pres. Cleveland	Oct. 28	—	Pres. Cleveland	—	Dec. 20
Pres. Pierce	—	Nov. 8	Pres. Pierce	—	Jan. 3
Pres. Coolidge	Nov. 21	Nov. 23	Pres. Coolidge	Jan. 16	Jan. 18

*Pres. Cleveland will omit Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu on this voyage.

Hongkong and Manila:

	Leave Shanghai		Leave Shanghai
Pres. Cleveland	Oct. 16	Pres. Coolidge	Nov. 8
Pres. Pierce	Oct. 26	Pres. Taft	Nov. 23

ROUND-THE-WORLD: Fortnightly service from Japan and Hongkong, via Manila, Straits, Ceylon, India, Egypt, Italy, France to New York.

Also Agents for "TWA",
The Popular Trans-Continental Air Line

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
"ROUND-WORLD SERVICE"
51 CANTON ROAD TELEPHONE 15309

THE SWEDISH EAST-ASIATIC COMPANY LIMITED

Outwards
ms. TAMARA arr. Nov. 2 ms. NAGARA arr. End Nov./beg. Dec.

Homewards
ms. SHANTUNG, leaving October 30, Taking cargo for Gothenburg, Oslo and Copenhagen, via Cape.

Agents: **The Ekman Foreign Agencies Ltd.**
HAMILTON HOUSE TELEPHONE 11330

D. K. K.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival.	Departure.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 4	Oct. 5 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 6	Oct. 7 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 9	Oct. 10 at 11 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Oct. 12	Oct. 13 at 11 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Oct. 15	Oct. 16 at 11 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Oct. 17	Oct. 18 at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
(Freight only)
ss. KOGA MARU ..... Oct. 5
ss. YEKISHIN MARU ..... Oct. 11

For Passage and Freight apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

PRINCE LINE and SILVER LINE
Joint Round-the-World Express Service

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES ON APPLICATION TO AGENTS

Fortnightly sailings for Hongkong, Philippine Islands, Java, Straits, Colombo and Atlantic Coast ports via Cape of Good Hope

All vessels have accommodation for limited number of first-class passengers.

Silver Line vessels have refrigerated space

For further particulars regarding
PRINCE LINE — *Apply to* Jardine Matheson & Co., Limited
SILVER LINE — *Apply to* Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.

— United States of America —
United States Maritime Commission
Puget Sound Orient Line
Pacific Northwest Oriental Line, Inc., Agents
announce the inauguration of a new Cargo Liner service between Tacoma, Seattle and other Puget Sound ports, calling at Japan, China and Philippine ports.

	Sails Seattle	Due Shanghai
ss. COLDBROOK	Sailed	Oct. 23
ss. CAPILLO	Oct. 25	Nov. 17
ss. COLLINGSWORTH	Nov. 22	Dec. 15

Every three weeks thereafter.
For further particulars apply to
EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
ORIENTAL GENERAL AGENTS
Suite 56 17 The Bund Telephone 12634
11659

O.S.K.

Shanghai Sailings
For Keelung and Amoy
HUKUKEN MARU .... Oct. 11
HUKUKEN MARU .... Oct. 27
For Keelung
TYOSA MARU ..... Oct. 5
TYOSA MARU ..... Oct. 15

Hongkong Sailings
For South America via S. Africa
BUENOS AIRES MARU Oct. 31
ARGENTINA MARU .. Nov. 21
For South America via E. & S. Africa
MANILA MARU ..... Nov. 5
AFRICA MARU ..... Dec. 5
For Bombay
BORNEO MARU ..... Oct. 19
SUMATRA MARU .... Nov. 3

Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
MEXICO MARU ..... Oct. 10

Keelung Sailings
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
SAIGON MARU ..... Oct. 18

Kobe Sailings
For New York via Panama Canal
TOZAN MARU ..... Oct. 11
KANTO MARU ..... Nov. 11
For European Ports via New York
HOKKUKAI MARU .... Oct. 17
TOKAI MARU ..... Dec. 22
For Australia and New Zealand
CANBERRA MARU .... Oct. 31
BRISBANE MARU .... Nov. 31
For West Africa
SE-A MARU ..... Oct. 24

*Cargo only

OSAKA SYOSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road (OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA) Telephone 15324

MAERSK LINE
Homewards:
ms. SOPHOCLES
Loading Oct. 16/17
ms. LAURA MAERSK
Loading Oct. 31/Nov. 1
ms. NIEL MAERSK
Loading Nov. 15/16
via Japan for LOS ANGELES and via Panama to NEW YORK and BOSTON direct. Also Philadelphia, Baltimore, Savannah, Norfolk and other Atlantic Coast Ports.

Outwards:

	arr. Shanghai
ms. PETER MAERSK	Oct. 25
ms. GERTRUDE MAERSK	Nov. 10
ms. GRETE MAERSK	Nov. 25

From New York, Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, and Los Angeles.
Excellent accommodation for a limited number of passengers.
MAERSK LINE Shanghai Agency
210-214 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

JAMES MAGILL & CO., LTD.
EXPERT PACKERS
CUSTOMS BROKERS
FORWARDING AGENTS
120 Kiangse Road Telephone 11284

T.A.K. LINE
Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure
Nagasaki Maru	Oct. 4 T.A.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf (Former O.S.K. Wharf)	Oct. 5 at 9 a.m. T.A.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf (Former O.S.K. Wharf)
Shanghai Maru	Oct. 7.	Oct. 8 at 9 a.m.
Nagasaki Maru	Oct. 9	Oct. 10 at 9 a.m.
Shanghai Maru	Oct 12	Oct. 13 at 9 a.m.

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephone 42255

TŌA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

Good Office Stationery
draws business and brings repeat orders to the business man. Good printing calls for the highest grade of colour and half-tone work. Our printing department will furnish suggestions, lay-outs, dummies, etc., without charge and will be glad to solve your printing problems.
The North-China Daily News
Printing Department
17 The Bund, Shanghai Telephone 11055, Extension 5

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Koga M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Haiping	Keelung	T.K.K.
Myogi M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Estelle L.	Palma	Ch. Silk
Toyama M.	Keelung	N.Y.K.
Chingning M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Com. Paolini	Ningpo	I.C.R.N.
Tejo	T'lungkong	I.C.R.N.
Liesel	T'lungkong	Chin Dah
Hwaping	T'lungkong	Hwa Chung
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Laura Maersk	Japan	Maersk L.
H. Kiangnan	Hupukow	S. Guenter

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
H. Kiangnan	Ger.	S. Guenter
Hwaping	Jap.	Hwa Chung
Liesel	Ger.	Chin Dah
Haikong	Ger.	Keh Lee
Karsten	Ger.	Chin Dah
Chingning M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Romolo	Ital.	V. Chieri
Chekiang	Jap.	T.K.K.
Sandro Sandri	Ital.	Chu Foong
Meinan	Am.	S.V.O.C.
Shanghai M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Asama M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Hakkaisan M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Marblehead	Am.	—
Hakodate M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Anna Maersk	Dan.	Maersk Line

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	C.N.C.B. 1/2
Marblehead	Am.	Cr.	U.S.N.B.
Hillsboro 207	Am.	Dest.	U.S.N.B.
Pope 225	Am.	Dest.	C.N.C.B. 1/2
Peary 226	Am.	Dest.	U.S.N.B.
E. Cavallo	Itl.	Tr.	15 P'toon
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

By "DUTCH MAILS" TO EUROPE

VIA BALI AND JAVA

	Tonnage	Leave Batavia 1939
ms. Oranje (new vessel)	20,000	Oct. 18
ms. Dempo	17,000	Oct. 25
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Nov. 8
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Nov. 15
ms. Marnix v St. Aldegonde	19,100	Nov. 29
ms. Baloeran	17,000	Dec. 6
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Dec. 20
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Dec. 27
ms. Oranje (new vessel)	20,000	Jan. 2
ms. Dempo	17,000	Jan. 17
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Jan. 31
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Feb. 7
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Feb. 21

For further particulars apply to:
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN AGENTSCHAP SHANGHAI N.V.
133 SZECHUEN ROAD TELEPHONE 16247

East Asiatic Co. Ld.
of Copenhagen
Next arrival from European Continental Ports
ms. JAVA
Next Vessel loading at Shanghai for
ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM AND COPENHAGEN
ms. SIAM
Further particulars of arrivals and departures on application.
The vessels have accommodation for a limited number of passengers. Passage fare £.97.10.0. to Rotterdam.
Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

WILHELMSEN LINES

Outwards
From Scandinavian and Continental ports
ms. Toulouse left Lisbon Sept. 6 due Shanghai Oct. 22
ms. Tamerlane leaves Antwerp Sept. 25 due Shanghai Nov. 30

Homewards
For Antwerp, Rotterdam, Oslo and Gothenburg direct, via Hongkong Singapore and Colombo
ms. Talleyrand loads Shanghai .. .. Oct. 19

For Freight or Passage apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
GENERAL AGENTS
17 Canton Road Telephone 11366

Cardinal Mundelein, Prelate Of Chicago Dies in Sleep

Brilliant Boy Rises from New York East Side To Become Beloved Mentor of Millions in U.S.

Chicago, Oct. 3.

GEORGE, Cardinal Mundelein, Archbishop of Chicago, succumbed on Sunday night to a heart attack in his sleep, death coming so peacefully that members of his entourage were unaware of it until they attempted to awaken him at 7.40 o'clock yesterday morning, after which they were so grieved they did not reveal his death until two hours later. He died in his 69th year.

Cardinal Mundelein will be remembered as a builder, whether it was with stone and mortar or the lives of men. Famed as master builder of magnificent cathedrals, Chicago's first prince of the Roman Catholic church preferred always to relieve the anguish of the despairing and to that end he dedicated his many years as spiritual guide to more than 1,000,000 in the great archdiocese of Chicago. He continued his work as builder in stone. During his administration, more than 600 buildings were erected to house schools and churches and convents and hospitals, orphanages and rectories, although it was in the hearts of men he achieved most.

A crowd of 50,000 moved in the procession welcoming him back from Rome as Cardinal in 1924. A million Roman Catholics went from all parts of the world to Chicago for the first International Eucharistic Congress held in America. Almost a million more joined in the public celebration of the closing of his silver jubilee year in 1934. Such tumultuous ovation could only be tribute to a great religious leader.

Humble Beginning in East Side

George William Mundelein was born July 2, 1872 in St. Nicholas parish on New York's East Side, near where his friend and schoolmate, Cardinal Hayes of New York, also was born.

The two young boys who were to walk solemnly together in the Vatican to receive the red hat at the same consistory, attended the parish school, then studied under the Christian Brothers at De LaSalle Institute.

The young scholar's brilliance as a student at Manhattan College led President Cleveland to offer him an appointment to the United States Naval Academy. He refused. A dream which had its beginning years before while he served as an acolyte at St. Nicholas church drew him nearer the church. He entered a seminary conducted by the Benedictines at the renowned Archabbey of St. Vincent at Latrobe, Pa.

Young and brilliant, his serious purpose attracted the favourable attention of Bishop Charles F. McConnell, under Bishop McConnell's influence in Rome, it was arranged for this young scholar, who still was below the canonical age for ordination, to enroll for graduate work in theology at the College of the Propaganda.

Rapid Advancement

Bishop McConnell himself bestowed orders on Father Mundelein in Rome, June 8, 1896. A priest at 23, advancement came rapidly to Father Mundelein. After serving briefly as Bishop McConnell's secretary, he took charge of a Lithuanian church in Williamsburg, N.Y., then became rector of the Brooklyn Cathedral Chapel, Queen of All Saints. There he built a magnificent French-Gothic church and school—first of the many architectural achievements for which he became famous.

In 1897, rewarded for his capacity for business and organization, he became Chancellor of the Brooklyn diocese.

Recognition in Rome

In less than six years his progress began to gain recognition in Rome. In 1903, the first of a series of important honours was bestowed upon him. First came his appointment as censor of the Liturgical Academy, significant in view of the fact he was the first American to receive the honour. Next he became a member of the illustrious Academy of the Arcadia, a Roman body few Americans before or since have been invited to join. He received in 1908 the degree of Doctor of Sacred Theology from the University of Propaganda in Rome.

Bishop McConnell soon began to feel the burden of his episcopal duties more and more. In 1909 he appealed to the Vatican for an assistant. In the preceding months, he had come to depend heavily upon his vigorous, efficient chancellor and it was Mgr. Mundelein who became his aide as titular Bishop of Loryma and Auxiliary Bishop of Brooklyn.

Appointment to Chicago

Then came the death in 1915 of Archbishop James Edward Quigley of Chicago. Continuous educational and charitable administration had kept the Brooklyn bishop in favour with the fathers of the church and he was sent to succeed Archbishop Quigley.

In Chicago, the Archbishop began his greatest work as a builder, a career unparalleled in church history. His efforts produced the world's finest parochial school system, America's leading theological school, the Seminary of St. Mary of the Lake was built at cost of $10,000,000.

New hospitals, orphanages, convents, rectories, and parish plants were erected under his direction. Catholic charities increased their work and foreign and domestic missions prospered with the aid of Chicago—which now gives more than any other diocese in the world.

When the war came, the diocese shifted into line with contributions of man power for the military, of supplies for the Red Cross, of wealth for Liberty loans.

It was an astounding growth.

Red Hat Bestowed

Then there came in 1924 a brief notice from the archbishop.

"It is with feelings of singular joy and gratitude that I announce that I have been called to Rome by Our Holy Father to be raised to the cadinalitial dignity in the coming consistory on the 24th day of March."

For the first time in history, the Papacy had reached past the Atlantic seaboard.

At first stunned by the news, Chicago recovered quickly and the demonstration staged upon the cardinal's return was a memorable one.

Thousands of persons lined the streets as the procession of 50,000 escorted him from his train. His people presented him with a cheque of a million dollars for his great seminary, St. Mary of the Lake.

Shocking Poison Plot

In that year, there was a poison plot that shocked the nation, so near to the Cardinal did it strike.

At a banquet in his honour, hundreds of civic leaders and Catholic laity were stricken with a sudden illness. A deadly poison was found in soup served the entire assembly. Several who ate it, later died. The Cardinal, however, had not touched the preparation and was not ill.

As Cardinal, he continued his extensive programme of building. An unequalled school system, a perpetuated Roman Catholic church, and organization of the Associated Catholic Charities of Chicago were his most significant works.

The Eucharistic Congress in Chicago in 1926 was his reward. It was the most impressive religious ceremony the country had known and brought more and more distinction to the Middle West's cardinal.

As a religious leader, he has had few equals.—United Press.

Mr. Roosevelt Sends Condolences

Washington, Oct. 2.

President Franklin D. Roosevelt, at the news of the death of George Cardinal Mundelein Sunday night, arranged to telephone his condolences personally yesterday to Bishop Bernard Sheil of Chicago. Mr. Harry L. Hopkins, Federal Relief Administrator, eulgized the Cardinal.

Meanwhile, it was learned here that the Pope has announced that he will recite a special mass at his private chapel at the Vatican City tomorrow. The Pope telegraphed his condolences to Bishop Sheil and Bishop William D. O'Brien.—United Press.

Pan-America Zone To Cut Out War

Panama Conference to Proclaim Safety Belt Extending 300 Miles

Panama City, Oct. 2.

A secret plenary session of the Pan-American Conference today approved both the Panama Declaration establishing a 300-mile safety zone round the American continent and a Declaration of Neutrality.

To be put into effect, these two highly important declarations will have to be adopted at a public plenary session. They were discussed by the competent Committees earlier in the day. The Neutrality Committee decided to create a permanent body, to sit in Washington, to judge all questions of neutrality and contraband.

According to statements made by one of the delegates at the Committee session, the Neutrality Declaration would aim to show Germany as clearly as possible that the American republics were in sympathy with the nations which were defending democratic ideals.

The Panama Declaration was also discussed by a Committee for the maintenance of peace. It establishes a safety zone to be patrolled by ships of the American republics which will protect American shipping from all attacks.

Demarcation of Safety Zone

The demarcation line of the zone will run from a point 300 miles east of the Canadian-American frontier where it abuts on the coast, and will include within it the Bermudas and Cuba. It will pass through the intersection of 60 degrees West Longitude and 20 degrees North Latitude, off the French islands of Guadeloupe and Martinique. Off Brazilian coasts it will again run 300 miles from land and will be closest to Europe at a point on 24 degrees West Longitude and five degrees North Latitude. Off Argentinian coasts, the zone will be only 100 miles broad and will turn round Cape Horn very close to the mainland, then going up north, west of Chile, with the demarcation line 50 miles out to sea. Further north, the demarcation line swerves out once more to include the Galapagos Islands and then runs 300 miles off the mainland until it reaches a line continuing, out to sea, the American-Canadian frontier.—Havas.

Reinforcements to Be Sent Overseas

New Recruits to Be Given Very Careful Training

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Oct. 3.

Men called up under yesterday's proclamation will, after training, be sent as reinforcements to units overseas, it was authoritatively announced today.

It must not be forgotten that the Army was considerably expanded in the earlier part of the year. It is therefore not needful, nor is it desirable, to post untrained men direct to these units. Apart from militia provisions, the Territorial Army was doubled in spring, and men called up will be used to keep up the strength of this great army already in existence.

It is anticipated that the group just called will be sufficient for service needed till the new year, when the next group of men, from the ages of 20 to 23, will probably be required.

Further army expansion is not being contemplated at present, but should the necessity arise, supplementary divisions could quickly be formed.—Reuter.

Advisers Appointed For Gaimusho

Former Ambassadors May Assist Foreign Minister In New Task

Tokyo, Oct. 3.

Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, the Foreign Minister, has decided to appoint two diplomatic advisers, the "Tokyo Nichi-Nichi" reported today.

Pointing out that Admiral Nomura is new to the details of diplomacy and that the new Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Masayuki Tani, also has been out of touch with actual diplomatic affairs for the past nine months, the daily suggested that these factors had influenced the Foreign Minister in his decision.

Mr. Hachiro Arita, former Foreign Minister; Mr. Masaaki Hotta, former Ambassador to Italy; and Mr. Setsuzo Sawada, former Ambassador to Brazil; were being mentioned prominently in this connection. The latter served once before as private diplomatic advisers when Mr. Arita held the Foreign Affairs portfolio in the Hiranuma Cabinet.

Mr. Arita Uncertain

The "Nich-Nichi" reported that Mr. Arita may hesitate to accept the position of adviser, while Mr. Sawada and Mr. Hotta, who are still on the active foreign service list with the rank of ambassador, will be made private diplomatic advisers to the Foreign Minister.

These posts of adviser first were filled when Gen. Kazunari Ugaki installed two of his predecessors in the Foreign Office, Mr. Arita and Mr. Naotake Sato, to assist him in his duties as Foreign Minister. When Mr. Arita took over the office of Foreign Minister in the Hiranuma Cabinet, he appointed no official advisers, but requested Mr. Sawada and Mr. Hotta to advise him. The pair were reported to be quite active behind the scenes during the recent Anglo-Japanese parleys.

Regulations concerning the appointment of these Foreign Ministry advisers were issued by the Foreign Ministry on September 10 last year. They provide that not more than three advisers may be chosen.—Domei.

Mr. Wang Ching-wei Gives Tiffin Party

300 Special Municipality Policemen on Yu Yuen Rd.

Extensive precautions were taken yesterday morning, when Lieutenant-General H. Yanagawa, chairman of the East Asia Development Board, accompanied by a large number of Japanese military officers and other officials, travelled through the Settlement from Garden Bridge to Mr. Wang Ching-wei's residence at Lane 1136, Yu Yuen Road at about 11.30 a.m. to attend a luncheon given in his honour.

About ten cars, bearing the officials, were escorted by a number of police cars and motor-cycles manned by foreign and Japanese members of the S.M.P. some of whom were armed with Thompson sub-machine-guns.

The trip was made at a high speed as the motor-cycles cleared the roads and when the cars arrived at Yu Yuen Road in the vicinity of the Fire Brigade building at the corner of Tifeng Road, it was found that some 300 "Special Municipality" policemen headed by Japanese officers, had taken up positions on Yu Yuen Road as far down as Edinburgh Road.

The luncheon was over at about 2 p.m. and shortly after the cars had driven away again, the "Special Municipality" policemen marched away.

Raw Silk Leads U.S. Imports

Large Japanese Shipments To New York

New York, Oct. 3.

Most of the raw silk imported by the United States during September came from Japan, totalling 34,800 bales, of which 32,292 bales were consumed, according to statistics releeased by the New York Commodity Exchange.

Total imports of raw silk in September were 39,569 bales, of which 36,869 bales were consumed. Stocks at the end of the month, including the amount left from August, totalled 27,760 bales.

Imports of Shanghai silk totalled 4,286 bales, of which 4,109 bales were consumed, while European and Canton silk shipments amounted to 413 and 70 bales respectively.

Raw silk stocked at the end of September was listed as follows: 23,251 bales of Japanese silk, 4,011 bales of Shanghai silk, 308 bales of European silk, and 190 bales of Canton silk.—Domei.

Rubber Quota Fixed

London, Oct. 2.

The International Rubber Regulation Committee today fixed the revised quota for the fourth quarter of this year at 75 per cent.

This is the second revision the Committee has made in the quota for the last quarter of this year. The quota was originally fixed at 60 per cent on July 25, and then revised to 70 per cent, on September 8.—Reuter.

Paris Bourse

Paris, Oct. 2.

Liquidation was well absorbed in French compartments on the Bourse this morning, while internationals were weak.

During the session, stocks were steady but closed irregular.—Havas.

THE "district court" of the Reformed Government in Nanking was formally inaugurated at the former premises of the Great China University on Changshan Road on October 1, says a report to the "Ta Ying Yeh Pao." It has, however, only three judges, who will now attend to their "official duties" until October 11, the report states. The "court" will have jurisdiction over the entire Western District, Chapei, Kiangwan, Woosung, Nanziang and Chengju, the Tsaokadoo District and the "outside roads" areas of Jessfield Road, Avenue Haig and Zikawei, the report concludes.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED housekeeper with knowledge of either German, French or English for big foreign residence. Lady preferred willing to live in the house. References and previous experience required. Address Box 2853, NCDN. -5047

PARTNER wanted, electro-technologist, for signalling installations. English essential. Box 2861, NCDN. -5058

EXPERIENCED foreign female steno-typist, required for temporary position with possible permanency. Address Box 2836, NCDN. -5014

WANTED, typewriting teacher about 30 years old. State experience, salary, nationality. Address Box 2834, NCDN. 11663

WANTED, European expert for manufacturing ceramics. Offers in any language. Box 2789, NCDN. -4927

OUR correspondence course of training in elementary practical bookkeeping is particularly suitable for beginners. All test papers are corrected and queries answered locally. Easy payments. Text book free. British School of Accountancy, 264, Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967. Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). -2893

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of five dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.80.

FOREIGNER aged 32, good personality, open for engagement as manager for cinema, night-club, restaurant. Box 2869, NCDN. -5073

BRITISH qualified nurse, available for part or whole time employment. Willing to travel. Box 2863, NCDN. -5060

INTELLIGENT young, man, 24, experienced in general office work, printing and advertising, seeks employment. Good references. Reply Box 2852, NCDN. -5039

EXPERIENCED lady-stenographer, German/English, seeks full/part-time position. Address Box 2851, NCDN. -5041

SYMPATHETIC, well-educated Viennese lady, seeks post as governess or companion; is also excellent cook and willing to help in the household. Apply to Absolutely Trustful, address Box 2865, NCDN. -5067

WANTED employment by American factory trained, all-round automobile and truck mechanic. Capable and reliable. Reply Box 2680, NCDN. -5032

EXPERIENCED young lady stenographer, with good knowledge of Japanese, seeks position. Box 2846, NCDN. -5031

FOREIGN radio engineer, first-class expert in building, testing and repairing all kinds of radio-sets, long years' experience, good testimonials, seeks position. Address Box 2840, NCDN. -5022

A RUSSIAN, 38, single, thorough knowledge of spoken, written English, seeks employment. Good references. Address Box 2406, NCDN. -5078

FOREIGNER, 32 years, experienced transportation, customs brokerage, bookkeeping, import, speaks English, Japanese, Mandarin, wants join any concern as beginner. Address Box 2741, NCDN. -4781

CHINESE girl, experienced, seeks immediate employment as a stenographer-typist. Address Box 2796, NCDN. -4905

EXPERIENCED representative to visit doctors, hospitals, recently with large foreign medical firm, desires position. Good connection with doctors, hospitals. Box 2786, NCDN. -4922

EXPERIENCED radio service engineer, can take charge of service department, excellent references, seeks immediate employment. Box 2783, NCDN. -4920

Business Opportunities

WANTED to buy, night-club, bar, restaurant, small place in good location. Box 2868, NCDN. -5073

FOREIGNER (French) has all possibilities to import large stock of lumber-timber. Samples viewed on appointment. Only serious capitalists (foreign, Chinese) need apply. Address Box 2801, NCDN. 11651

Lost

LOST, Sun Sing Mill No. 9 Godown Warrant No. 5006 covering 10 bales Double Horse 20's, has been lost and hereby declared null and void. Z. T. Tsang & Co., -5040

Agencies

YOUR apartment flat will be sold at the highest price without any remuneration. Apply Apartments Agency 217 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 11. 11638

Wanted to Purchase

GRAMOPHONE records; classical, general. Also sell or exchange reliable 16 mm. Cine camera. Address Box 2776, NCDN. -4898

CARGOES, sundries and households, pay fair prices, write 510 Peking Road, or telephone 96967 George Young. -4502

WANTED rickshaw, good condition; will give lady's bicycle in part payment. Telephone Gray 20043. -4923

WANTED to buy, complete outfit for full-circle tyre retreading. Address Box 2803, NCDN. -4951

REFRIGERATOR wanted. Must be modern and perfect. State brand, price, style. Address Box 2813, NCDN. -4966

Miscellaneous

DOLLS (broken), repairing, renovating perfectly done. Dollies' coats, dresses, hats, shoes, stockings and wigs. Doll's Hospital Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -4955

TYPEWRITERS, bought, sold, repaired, rented, rebuilt. Hermes-Baby Dealers, Bartlett Yung Co., 132 Kiangse, Telephone 11875. -5020

THE costs of magazines are very high! You need not buy them. We circulate British and American magazines at moderate fees. Ask for list The First Shanghai Reading Circle, Magazine-Library. Telephone 14640, 131 Museum Road, Room 423. -4985

REPAIRS of refrigerators (sealed units also), cooling installations, mechanical engines. Foreign Engineering Co., 19 Doumer, Telephone 78145. -4600

Educational

PIANO lessons by Mrs. L. A. Kirilloff-Kapustin, M. A. Apply from 10-12, 176 Route Dufour, Apartment 44, Telephone 75385. -5064

QUALIFIED private teacher, English, French, Latin, mathematics, general subjects, gives lessons. Best Shanghai references. Address Box 2859, NCDN. -5056

EXPERIENCED Peiping-born lady teacher, gives Mandarin lessons. Terms moderate. Address Box 2844, NCDN. -5026

QUALIFIED Chinese lady teacher, knows English well, gives Mandarin lessons to ladies at pupils' home. Box 2841, NCDN. -5023

WELL-educated, experienced young Russian lady teacher, speaking perfect English, wishes to give Russian lessons. Telephone 75611, Room 3, from 8.30-10 a.m., 5-6.30. -5030

JAPANESE lessons given at reasonable rates. Address Box 2848, NCDN. -5035

FRENCH and German lessons given by experienced gentleman teacher. Twice weekly, $15 per month. 2 Quinsan Gardens, Room 1. Apply from 8—9 a.m. or by letter. -4435

PIANO lessons, chord system, easy method for adults, A1 references. $20 monthly twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -3879

FRENCH lessons. Speedy and excellent results assured. Fully qualified gentleman teacher. Best references from Shanghai leading businessmen. Twice weekly at pupil's home, $35 monthly. Box 2735, NCDN. -4708

ENGLISH, German lessons by very experienced lady teacher, former London resident, speaks French, Italian. Best Shanghai references. Box 2740, NCDN. -4762

GERMAN lessons given by experienced gentleman teacher, University Vienna graduate, best references in Shanghai, moderate fee. Box 2773, NCDN. -4895

SINGING, Piano lessons by Mrs. F. Kann, graduate Petrograd Conservatory. 150 Route des Soeurs, Apartment 6, Telephone 73632. -4237

HANS Baer concert-pianist and pedagogue gives piano lessons. 153H/38 Route des Soeurs, 75880 (3-5 p.m.) -4189

GERMAN professional lady teacher conducts courses, grammar, conversation, literature. Address Box 2678, NCDN. -4679

PROFESSOR A. Wittenberg, violin lessons, teacher of Dept University. 394 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 76117. -4494

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Thoroughly dependable. Shorthand, typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 11626

PIANO lessons by Miss Wincia Tomaszewska. Apply 3-5 p.m. 818B Avenue Joffre, Telephone 71695. -4864

Personal

FOREIGNER would like to meet lady or gentleman for English conversation, in exchange for German. Address Box 2866, NCDN. -5068

FOREIGNER, good standing, wishes to meet attractive modest lady, 25-35, any nationality, for friendship, view matrimony. Address Box 1858, NCDN. -5055

YOUNG Chinese wishes to meet well-educated Viennese lady, for exchanging French for Chinese. Address Box 2843, NCDN. -5026

ENGLISHMAN, just taken up riding, would like companion for week-ends. Kindly communicate Box 2832, NCDN. -5008

Radios

W. KORBUT radio engineer, radios repaired on the spot promptly, efficiently. Telephone 36559. -5016

FOR latest world news, hire new 1939 RCA all-wave radio from Radio Corporation of Asia, 361-3 Avenue Foch, Telephone 87777. -4349

CROSLEY Corporation, radio service and repair department (formerly Philco and Lincoln Service and Repairs). All makes of radios repaired and serviced under supervision of foreign engineer. Telephone 11414, Gallop & Co., Fed. Inc. USA. 11653

RADIO O.K.? $2 for minor repairs including thorough cleaning balancing, inspecting. Telephone 43383 Chang's Radio Corporation. -4997

ZENITH all-wave Console model, used nine months only, will sacrifice for US$50. Reply Box 2799, NCDN. -4944

FOR expert radio service and efficient antennas, call The Radio Electrical Industries, 145 Route Sayzoong, Telephone 78644. -4454

Motor Cars and Cycles

BUICK, 1937, 2-door sedan, with radio and heater, left-hand drive. US$850. Telephone 19289, 10-12, 1-4. -5072

PLYMOUTH Six coupe, late 1933. Engine perfect. Owner driven. View any time. US$200 cash. Telephone 35229. -5053

NASH 1939, small six de luxe sedan, very little used. Owner leaving China. Reasonable offer accepted. Telephone 39387. -5045

WANTED to buy, small or medium-sized motor-car. Must be economical. Will pay good price. No brokers. Address Box 2849, NCDN. -5046

AUSTIN 12-6 saloon, excellent condition, just been through the shop. Owner-driven. Bargain. Address Box 2856, NCDN. 11669

USED car, small, economical, Citroen, for sale. $700. Good condition. Apply Garage Francais, 424 Avenue Joffre. -5027

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73165. -4325

1934 Ford V8 de luxe sedan, owner-driven, 14,100 miles; perfect condition, US$500. No brokers. Address Box 2708, NCDN. -4790

MORRIS Cowley, 4-cylinder, A1 condition, 4-door sedan. For quick sale, US$50. 339 Broadway East, Telephone 51663. -4990

1933 model, 8 h.p. Ford car, two doors, completely overhauled, repainted, A1 condition. Telephone 31030, office hours. -4984

1934 Austin 10, 4-door saloon. Perfect mechanical condition. US$270. British Repair Garage, Terrace 25 Tifeng Road, Telephone 20803. -4978

OPEL four-cylinder, two-door sedan. In excellent condition. Engine, paint, chromium, upholstery, tyres, etc. perfect. US$200 only. Box 2829, NCDN. -5001

For Sale—Miscellaneous

REFRIGERATOR for sale, 6½ cu. ft., in good order. One year guarantee. 998 Avenue Road, Telephone 31722. -5042

FRIGIDAIRE, 4 cu. ft. Bought new February 1939; guarantee until February 1944. US$115. Please address Box 2854, NCDN. -5050

STEEL writing-desk with revolving chair, 1939 make. US$45. Address Box 2855, NCDN. -5050

THREE attractive little carpets, Afschar, Schiras, Kabistan (Persia). Reasonable prices. 144 Wayside Road, House 4 (Hongkew), c/o Roth. 9-12 2-6. -5066

FIRST-grade American pig-iron for sale. Those who are interested, please state tons required and price willing to pay. Box 2860, NCDN. -5057

DENTAL adjustment, complete first-class instruments, for immediate sale. Address Box 2871, NCDN. -5077

WINTER pyjamas made to measure, from $8.90. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11665

EUROPEAN gentlemen's tailor, offers excellently made suits to measure of good material, at moderate prices. On receipt of post-card will display a well-assorted collection at client's home. Address Box 2845, NCDN. -5028

FIVE genuine Persian carpets (small), in perfect condition, beautiful Rosenthal dinner-set, $150, attractive crystal glassware, ivory miniatures. 421 Avenue du Roi Albert, Apartment 5. -5025

WOOLLEN dresses and suits for ladies, from Vienna. Latest designs and colours all sizes. Call Apartment E2, House 3, 1248 Lafayette, Telephone 76265. -5029

NICK'S second-hand furniture store, buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects. 146A Route des Sœurs (inside). Telephone 73937. -5071

LACES and linen embroideries, table sets, handkerchiefs, etc. retailing below wholesale price. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 11611

BRAND-new Zeiss binoculars 7 x 50, with centre-focusing model Binoctem leather case. Address Box 2798, NCDN. -4940

AMERICAN shoes for men, 6,000 pairs liquidation cargo, usually US$8.50 per pair, now $28. Do not miss this opportunity. Hunt & Co., 131 Museum Road, Room 228. -4971

BOSCH refrigerator, 120 liter volume; and saxophone; both not used, moderate price. Box 2825, NCDN. -4992

STUDIO couch, writing-desk, chairs; electric toaster, plate, iron, lamp. Telephone 39158, 1-2 p.m. -4956

FOR SALE, refrigerator 1937, Westinghouse, 7.2 cubic feet, like new, under guarantee. US$175. Address Box 2802, NCDN. -4950

BEAUTIFUL crystals, cut-glass, attractive porcelain, bronzes, occasionally, for presents. 150/15/2 Tifeng Road. -4683

SECONDHAND furniture store. Buying and selling, new and secondhand furniture and household effects, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -4740

Office Cars

LIFT in closed car available three/four times. Frelupt/Cohen to Bund/Edward VII. Box 2838, NCDN. -5018

OFFICE lift wanted thrice daily, Tifeng/Haig to Peking/Bund. Box 2827, NCDN. -4995

Boats

FOR SALE or hire, ferry boat, 200 passengers, marine engine, 46 h.p. consuming solar oil. Box 2850, NCDN. -5037

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before October 12, after which date they will be destroyed.

Nos. 1814, 2201, 2215, 2228, 2235, 2247, 2283, 2355, 2369, 2386, 2404, 2410, 2423, 2430, 2434, 2439, 2442, 2449, 2465, 2523, 2529, 2531, 2562, 2584, 2594, 2597, 2616, 2635, 2638, 2647, 2696, 2737, 2746.

Chinese Servants

YOUNG Chinese wants position as cook-boy, experienced, with good recommendations. Address Box 2862, NCDN. -5059

MISTRESS recommends excellent missy-amah. Capable, intelligent, speaks English. Telephone 35111 after 6 p.m. -5013

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). Only one with 3,000 satisfied customers. Cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen. -4640

FOR reliable and experienced cooks, boys, amahs, etc. consult the International Employment Bureau. 232A Hamilton House. Telephone 10817. -5005

WANTED house coolie-boy. Write Box 2800, NCDN. -4945

EXCELLENT cook-boy and wash-amah, honest and hardworking, recommended by English/American families. Address Box 2811, NCDN. -4964

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs. Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -4664

EXCELLENT cook-boy, clean, honest, knows English/American cooking, good references. Address Box 2670, NCDN. -4915

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives massage from 2 to 8; 1225 Bubbling Well Road, Room 231, Telephone 34200. -5011

FACIAL and body massage for ladies only, by experienced masseuse, visiting client's home. Telephone 76993, Room 8, from 10 a.m.-11 a.m. -5015

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. 11594

MASSEUR, V. E. Popoff, gives massage at client's home. Telephone 73861. -3975

LADY gives massage and pedicure from 2-8. 4 Chinhai Road corner Bubbling Well Road, 1st floor, Flat 4. -4980

Rooms Without Board

$50. October 15. Nicely furnished attic-room in villa, bath, verandah, garden, use kitchen. Only single person. Telephone 23588, 12 to 3 p.m. -5049

NICE, medium-sized room for single person only, in bungalow with garden. Good locality. Telephone 75525. -5061

TO let, large, separate room, furnished, with all conveniences. Single person only. Telephone 81879. from 9-10 a.m. and 4-7 p.m. -4686

TO LET, in apartment, French Concession, furnished room, bath, heating, hot water, privacy. Refugees welcome. Box 2847, NCDN. -5033

TO LET, equipped with real European furniture: one room with verandah, $80; one room, $70. Unrestricted outlook, 818 Tongshan Road, House 67/69; entrance also 281 Kwenming Road. -5034

TO LET in detached house, best part of French Concession, one unfurnished room to single person only. Please apply Box 2539, NCDN. -4334

TO LET, furnished room. Brenan Road, Lane 35G, House 4. -5010

Rooms with Board

75 Tunsin Road, near Great Western, bus 14 and 2 stops. Single and double rooms, private bathroom, modern conveniences, boxroom. Facing south and big garden. Also small room. Good food. Telephone 20544, Mrs. Harvey. -5054

BIG furnished room with private bathroom. Full board. 14 Kelmscott Gardens, Avenue Roi Albert, Telephone 72385. -5065

AMERICAN home, top floor, two rooms, bath, central heating. Good home food. No refugees. Telephone 72425. -4656

BRITISH family have double and single rooms, private baths, for quiet couple or bachelors. Full board, western district. Telephone 20025. -4935

Furnished Apartments

TWO-roomed flat. All conveniences. Best location. Garage. Furniture to be taken over. Reasonable price. Address Box 2867, NCDN. -5074

TO LET, rooms, flats, houses, furnished, unfurnished, shops. General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road, 2nd floor. -5044

Unfurnished Apartments

KRIVOSS Apartments, 1331 Avenue Joffre. Two-roomed, one-roomed modern apartments. Inclusive rentals $200—$180 respectively. Apply: Renting Office in building. 11668

TO LET, three-roomed apartment, bath, kitchen. Rent $200. Best location French Concession. Apply General Investment Co., 120 Jinkee Road. -5043

TO LET, two rooms, unfurnished, all conveniences. Concession. $300 monthly. Telephone 83245. -4941

TO LET, apartments, houses, shops, flats, rooms, furnished/unfurnished. Available now. 1272 Avenue Joffre. Commission Agency. -4665

Furnished Houses

BOARDING. Going concern, eleven large/small, fully-furnished rooms, frigidaire. French Concession, US$1,200. Box 2587, NCDN. -4519

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET, residence, seven large rooms, in western district, French Concession, US$60. Address Box 2872, NCDN. 11675

WARM, economically heated 6-roomed modern house, garden, garage. Inside Settlement. No refugees. 750/3 Hart Road. -4947

Houses and Land

FOR SALE, $85,000, property on Bubbling Well Road. Yearly income, $7,320. No brokers. Telephone 26121 between 11.30 to 12 noon or Box 2822, NCDN. -4988

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED, two or three rooms suitable for doctor. Dr. Breitkreuz, 941 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 34346. -5039

OFFICE-flat, two/four rooms, in distinguished building, best location. Address Box 2864, NCDN. -5063

WANTED, an office for two physicians, Nanking or Bubbling Well Roads or vicinity. Box 2839, NCDN. -5019

OFFICE space, approximately 2,000 sq. ft., in Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road. Available about October 15. Apply by letter to Property Department, I. C. I. (China) Ltd., Post Office Box 252. -4645

DOCTOR'S office to let for few consulting hours. 1167 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment 11, Telephone 36790. -4993

TO LET, two or four large, bright, airy rooms, Kiangse/Hongkong Roads. Apply Post Office Box 325. -4958

SHOW-room for motor-car and/or other firms, to rent in a new building under construction at Rue Cardinal Mercier, between Rue Bourgeat and Avenue Foch. Those interested apply to B. Zelikovsky & Co., 140 Canton Road. 11568

Dancing

MISS Lilian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -4663

WANTED, lessons in simple ballroom dancing, in exchange for motor-driving lessons, by Englishman. Please reply Box 2831, NCDN. -5008

Animals

LOST or stolen, small black dachshund dog from 17 Route Winling. Reward for return. Telephone 70569. -5049

LOSS by death, through accident or sickness is recoverable under special pony insurance cover. Apply Hugh Middleton & Co. (Insurance) Ltd. 45 Kiukiang Road. 11589

DOG wanted, Mongolian chow or Dane or big dog. Please address Box 2821, NCDN. or Telephone 22286. -4986

Wanted to Rent

TWO-roomed flat, furnished, use of kitchen, modern conveniences, central location. Telephone 75433, Room 16, 9-11 o'clock. -5073

WANTED residence with modern conveniences, garage, garden. Price must be cheap. No dealers. Address Box 2857, NCDN. 11670

ONE-roomed furnished apartment, private bath, steam-heated, separate entrance from the staircase, wanted for single gentleman. Box 2870, NCDN. -5076

WANTED, five-room apartment or house, preferably unfurnished, with garage. Address full particulars to Post Office Box 853, Shanghai. -5051

ROOM or rooms, central district or near Race Course. Modern sanitation. Willing pay good price. Address Box 2842, NCDN. -5024

WANTED October 15 or November 1, two/three-roomed furnished/unfurnished flat, with modern conveniences. French Concession/Settlement. Address Box 2837, NCDN. -5017

WANTED apartment or house by responsible party. Willing take furniture over and pay key-money. Telephone 74850. -4871

HOUSE or flat, furnished or unfurnished, from November 1, in pleasant surroundings and quiet locality, required. Please reply Post Office Box 1390. -4751

REQUIRED furnished apartment for bachelor, British. Two rooms, south aspect, kitchen, bathroom. French Concession, Lafayette, Roi Albert district preferred. Address Box 2826, NCDN. 11650

WANTED immediately, first-class, fully-furnished flat or small house, by foreign family. Please write Box 2824, NCDN. -4991

WANTED by English married couple before October 10 or latest 15, one or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with bathroom. Central or vicinity Race Course. Reply Telephone 46755, 12-2 or 5-7 p.m. -4943

URGENTLY required nice apartment or flat, furnished/unfurnished, Concession/Settlement Address Box 2784, NCDN. 11639

Medical

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
has returned and resumed practice
(Paris University)
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(Berlin and New York Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 217
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. I. M. STEINMANN, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Internal Diseases
Hours: 10-1 and 4-6 or by appointment
120 Nanking Road, 4th Floor
(corner Szechuen Road)
Tel. Office 14422; Residence 71133

REJUVENATION
A Study for Men over 45
by DR. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Obtainable at the Sexuological Clinic 226 Hamilton House. Telephone 14379
Price $2 per copy
11635

SPRING CLEANING
Floor Polishing and Disinfecting
FUMIGATING
Telephone 12156
FESCO
Far Eastern Sanitary Co.

Pure milk aids health and appetite
Try our Grade "A" Pasteurised Milk
Columbia Dairy Farm
120 Hungjao Road, Telephone 70335

SOOT SUITS US
CHIMNEY SWEEPS
G. H. PARKES & CO.
TELEPHONE 72245

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS
Strictly Prepaid

		Per insertion
One insertion	per word	9 cts.
Three insertions	" "	7 cts.
Seven or more	" "	6 cts.
Positions wanted, any number of insertions	" "	5 cts.
Front Page	" "	15 cts.

Minimum of 16 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News." 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.